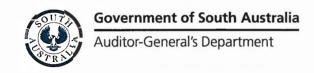
Department for Child Protection

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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To the Chief Executive Department for Child Protection

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of Department for Child Protection for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Department for Child Protection as at 30 June 2020, its financial performance and its cash flows for year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2020
- Notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Chief Executive and the Chief Financial Officer.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of Department for Child Protection. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including Independence Standards) have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive for the financial report

The Chief Executive is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, I have audited the financial report of Department for Child Protection for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department for Child Protection's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Andrew Richardson

Auditor-General 21 September 2020

Department for Child Protection

Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Department for Child Protection Certification of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

We certify that the attached general purpose financial statements for the Department for Child Protection:

- comply with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under section 41 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987, and relevant Australian Accounting Standards;
- · are in accordance with the accounts and records of the department; and
- present a true and fair view of the financial position of the Department for Child Protection as at 30 June 2020 and the results of its operation and cash flows for the financial year.

We certify that the internal controls employed by the Department for Child Protection for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of the general purpose financial statements have been effective throughout the reporting period.

Catherine Taylor
Chief Executive

September 2020

Gennifer Browne

Chief Financial Officer

17 September 2020

Department for Child Protection Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2020

	•		
		2020	2019
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Income			
Appropriation	2.1	567 638	532 207
Commonwealth-sourced grants	2.2	795	786
Fees and charges	2.3	3 007	3 253
Grants and contributions	2.4	-	364
Interest	2.5	1	. 2
Resources received free of charge	2.6	3 918	3 724
Other income	2.7	379	685
Total income		575 738	541 021
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	3.3	218 336	227 142
Supplies and services	4.1	53 671	54 766
Child protection services	4.2	286 054	267 715
Grants and subsidies	4.3	118	129
Depreciation and amortisation	4.4	3 404	1 980
Cash returned to the Department of Treasury and Finance		12 163	3 980
Borrowing costs	4.5	50	-
Other expenses	4.6	327	2 431
Total expenses		574 123	558 143
Net result		1 615	(17 122)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to net result	5.0	0.004	050
Changes in asset revaluation surplus	5.2	2 231	958
Total other comprehensive income		2 231	958
Total comprehensive result		3 846	(16 164)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Department for Child Protection Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	39 042	43 148
Receivables	6.2	3 911	4 148
Total current assets		42 953	47 296
Non-current assets			
Receivables	6.2	212	268
Property, plant and equipment	5.1	43 051	37 576
Intangible assets	5.4	. 40	232
Total non-current assets		43 303	38 076
Total assets		86 256	85 372
2	 -	,	
Current liabilities	7.4	22.000	25 240
Payables	7.1 7.2	23 980 2 029	25 240
Financial Liabilities		24 854	27 582
Employee benefits	3.4 7.3	4 254	3 849
Provisions Other guarant lightities	7.3 7.4	4 25 4 79	
Other current liabilities Total current liabilities	7.4	55 196	85 56 75 6
Total current habilities		55 196	36 736
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	7.1	3 346	3 299
Financial Liabilities	7.2	1 272	
Employee benefits	3.4	35 863	35 774
Provisions	7.3	10 717	13 454
Other non-current liabilities	7.4	550	623
Total non-current liabilities	-	51 748	53 150
Total liabilities		106 944	109 906
Net Assets		(20 688)	(24 534)
<u>Equity</u>			
	8.1	(26 412)	(28 027)
Retained earnings			
Retained earnings Asset revaluation surplus	8.1	5 724	3 493

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Department for Child Protection Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2020

		Asset revaluation surplus	Retained earnings	Total equity
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 30 June 2018		2 535	(10 905)	(8 370)
Net result for 2018-19		-	(17 122)	(17 122)
Gain/loss on revaluation of land during 2018-19	5.2	958		958
Total comprehensive result for 2018-19		958	(17 122)	(16 164)
Balance at 30 June 2019		3 493	(28 027)	(24 534)
Net result for 2019-20		-	1 615	1 615
Gain/loss on revaluation of leasehold improvements and				
land during 2019-20	5.2	2 231		2 231
Total comprehensive result for 2019-20		2 231	1 615	3 846
Balance at 30 June 2020		5 724	(26 412)	(20 688)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Department for Child Protection Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2020

Cash inflows 567 638 532 207 Appropriations 567 638 532 207 GST recovered from the Australian Taxation Office 26 801 25 072 Fees and charges 1 611 1 842 Receipts from Commonwealth-sourced grants 795 786 Grants and contributions received 1 2 Other receipts 2 386 2 771 Cash generated from operations 598 932 563 081 Cash provide be penefits payments (222 529) (210 259) Payments for child protection services (307 591) (287 451) Payments for supplies and services (54 516) (54 966) Payments of grants and subsidies (118) (185) Interest paid (50) - Cash returned to the Department of Treasury and Finance (2 153) (228) Cash returned to the Department of Treasury and Finance (37 28) (57 083) Other payments (2 253) (228) Cash growth of the services (3 728) (57 083) Net cash provided by / (used in)	Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2020 \$'000 (Outflows) Inflows	2019 \$'000 (Outflows) Inflows
Appropriation 567 638 532 207 GST recovered from the Australian Taxation Office 26 501 25 072 Fees and charges 1 611 1 842 Receipts from Commonwealth-sourced grants 795 786 Grants and contributions received 1 2 Interest received 1 2 Other receipts 2 386 2 771 Cash generated from operations 598 932 563 081 Cash quitflows 2 (210 259) Employee benefits payments (22 529) (210 259) Payments for child protection services (307 591) (287 451) Payments for supplies and services (54 516) (54 966) Payments for supplies and services (54 516) (54 966) Payments of grants and subsidies (118) (185) Interest paid (50) (557 Cash returned to the Department of Treasury and Finance (12 163) (3 980) Other payments (253) (228) Cash used in operations (597 220) (557 069) Net c				
ST recovered from the Australian Taxation Office			567 638	532 207
Fees and charges	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		7.7.	
Receipts from Commonwealth-sourced grants 795 786 Grants and contributions received - 401 Interest received 2 386 2.771 Cash generated from operations 598 932 563 081 Cash outflows - - Employee benefits payments (222 529) (210 259) Payments for child protection services (54 516) (54 966) Payments for supplies and services (54 516) (54 966) Payments of grants and subsidies (118) (185) Interest paid (50) - Cash returned to the Department of Treasury and Finance (12 163) (3 980) Other payments (253) (228) Cash used in operations (597 220) (557 069) Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities 3.2 1 712 6 012 Cash flows from investing activities (3 728) (803) Cash used in investing activities (3 728) (803) Cash flows from financing activities (2 090) - Cash flows from financing activities				
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Other receipts 2 386 2 771 Cash generated from operations 598 932 563 081 Cash outflows Employee benefits payments (222 529) (210 259) Payments for child protection services (307 591) (287 451) Payments for supplies and services (54 516) (54 966) Payments of grants and subsidies (118) (185) Interest paid (50) - Cash returned to the Department of Treasury and Finance (12 163) (3 980) Other payments (253) (228) Cash used in operations (597 220) (557 069) Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities 8.2 1 712 6 012 Cash flows from investing activities (3 728) (803) Cash used in investing activities (3 728) (803) Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities (3 728) (803) Cash flows from financing activities (2 090) - Cash flows from financing activities (2 090) - Cash used in financing activities (2 090) - <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>401</td>			_	401
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Cash used in investing activities (3 728) (803) Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities (3 728) (803) Cash flows from financing activities Cash outflows Repayment of leases (2 090) - Cash used in financing activities (2 090) - Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities (2 090) - Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (4 106) 5 209 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period 43 148 37 939				
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Cash flows from financing activities Cash outflows Repayment of leases Cash used in financing activities (2 090) - Cash used in financing activities (2 090) - Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities (2 090) - Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (4 106) 5 209 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period 43 148 37 939	Cash used in investing activities		(3 728)	(803)
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Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities (2 090) - Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (4 106) 5 209 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period 43 148 37 939	Repayment of leases		(2 090)	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (4 106) 5 209 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period 43 148 37 939	Cash used in financing activities	_	(2 090)	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period 43 148 37 939	Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities		(2 090)	-
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	(4 106)	5 209
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period 6.1 39 042 43 148	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		43 148	37 939
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	6.1	39 042	43 148

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Department for Child Protection

Notes to and forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

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for the year ended 30 June 2020

1. About the Department for Child Protection

The Department for Child Protection (the department) is a not-for-profit government department of the state of South Australia. The department is established pursuant to the *Public Sector Act 2009* as an administrative unit acting on behalf of the Crown.

The department does not control any other entity and has no interests in unconsolidated structured entities. The financial statements and accompanying notes include all the controlled activities of the department.

Transactions and balances relating to administered resources are not recognised as departmental income, expense, asset and liabilities. As administered items are insignificant in relation to the department's overall financial performance and position, they are disclosed separately in note 12.

1.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in compliance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987; and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards.

For the 2019-20 financial statements the department adopted AASB 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers, AASB 16 – Leases and AASB 1058 – Income of Not-for-Profit Entities. Further information is provided in note 9.

The financial statements are prepared based on a 12 month reporting period and presented in Australian currency. The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST) except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- · receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

Assets and liabilities that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle have been classified as current assets or current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

1.2. Objectives and programs

Objectives

The department's primary objective is to keep children and young people safe through the administration of the state's child protection statutory framework.

The department receives, assesses and investigates child protection notifications, and is required to make application to the court where the legal threshold of risk is assessed as having been met. Where a court determines that a child or young person cannot remain safely at home, the department is responsible to provide quality out of home care and case management, and support the reunification of children and young people with their families where it is safe to do so.

The department works closely with a range of government and non-government organisations so that children and young people identified by the department as being 'at risk' can be referred, together with their families, to appropriate supports within the broader child protection system (e.g. wellbeing, early intervention and intensive family supports).

Programs

The department undertakes the following activity:

Care and protection

The department is focused on the protection of children and young people who have been abused and/or are assessed as being at risk of harm within their families, or whose families do not have the capacity to protect them from harm.

These services include:

- Assessing and responding to reports of abuse and risk of harm to children and young people, including referral and/or investigation and assessment where appropriate;
- Applying for care and protection orders and placing children and young people in out of home care to ensure their safety when all other options to ensure a child or young person's safety have been explored and the child or young person remains at risk;
- Implementing the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Child Placement Principle;
- Working with families to address the safety concerns that led to a child or young person entering state care so reunification can take place when it is safe and in the best interests of the child;
- Planning for permanence and stability to support children and young people in out of home care to ensure they have attachment relationships which are critical to their health and wellbeing; and
- Providing assistance and support to young people to transition from care to independent adult life.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

1.3. Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the department

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted on the operations of the department and the impacts are included under the relevant disclosure notes. The financial impacts in 2019-20, which are not considered to be material, were:

- Additional carer payments to assist households with added costs for buying essential cleaning and hygiene products;
- Additional expenditure for IT equipment was brought forward to enable employees to work-from-home;
- · Reduction in sick leave taken; and
- Reduction in general office, staff training and travel expenditure.

The COVID-19 pandemic outlook for the department is explained in note 10.4.

1.4. Budget performance

The budget performance table compares the department's outcomes against budget information presented to Parliament (2019-20 Budget Paper 4). The budget amounts have not been adjusted to reflect revised budgets or administrative restructures. The budget process is not subject to audit.

Statement of Comprehensive Income	N. 4	Original budget 2020	Actual 2020	Variance 2020
Income	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Income Appropriation	2.1	568 780	567 638	(1 142)
Resources received free of charge	2.1	. 500 700	3 918	3 918
Other income		-	379	379
Fees and charges		1 800	3 007	1 207
Commonwealth-sourced grants		821	795	(26)
Interest		-	1	(20)
Total income	·	571 401	575 738	4 337
Expenses				
Employee benefits expenses		226 141	218 336	(7 805)
Supplies and services		56 270	53 671	(2 599)
Child protection services		287 716	286 054	(1 662)
Depreciation and amortisation		2 044	3 404	1 360
Grants and subsidies		_	118	118
Cash returned to the Department of Treasury and				
Finance		-	12 163	12 163
Borrowing costs		-	50	50
Other expenses		151	327	176
Total expenses		572 322	574 123	1 801
Net result		(921)	1 615	2 536
		, ,		
Other comprehensive income				
Changes in asset revaluation surplus		-	2 231	2 231
Total other comprehensive income			2 231	2 231
Total comprehensive result		(921)	3 846	4 767

for the year ended 30 June 2020

1.4.	Budget	performance	(continued)
------	--------	-------------	-------------

.4. Duaget performance (continued)				
		Original		
		budget	Actual	Variance
	Note	2020	2020	2020
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Investing expenditure summary				
Total existing projects		3 570	3 755	185
Total investing expenditure		3 570	3 755	185

1.5. Significant transactions with government related entities

Significant transactions with the SA Government are identifiable throughout this financial report.

The department had no significant transactions with government related entities except for the appropriation funding received from the Department of Treasury and Finance (note 2.1) and incurred expenditure with the Department of Planning, Transport and infrastructure of \$18.2 million (2019: \$17.7 million), (note 4.1).

2. Income

2.1. Appropriation

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Appropriations from the Consolidated Account pursuant to the Appropriation Act 2019	567 638	532 207
Total appropriations	567 638	532 207

Appropriations are recognised on receipt.

The original amount appropriated to the department under the annual *Appropriation Act 2019* was \$568.7 million and no additional funds were received from the Treasurer via the Governor's Appropriation Fund.

2.2. Commonwealth-sourced grants

Total Commonwealth-sourced grants	795	786
Family Law Information Sharing Project*	88	-
Unaccompanied Humanitarian Minors	102	171
Transition to Independent Living Allowance	155	192
Family allowances	450	423
	\$'000	\$'000
	2020	2019

^{*}Received from the Commonwealth indirectly through the Department of Treasury and Finance

Commonwealth-sourced grants are recognised as income on receipt.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

2.3. Fees and charges		
2.3. I ees and charges	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Recoveries	1 591	1 833
Intra Government fees and charges	1 037	1 013
Salary recharges	-	198
Child payment recoups	250	97
Other fees and charges	129	112
Total fees and charges	3 007	3 253
2.4. Grants and contributions		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Adolescent community care brokerage	-	361
Other		3
Total grants and contributions	_	364
2.5. Interest		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest from entities within the SA Government	1	2
Total interest	1	2
2.6. Resources received free of charge		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Services received free of charge - Shared Services SA	3 918	3 724
Total resources received free of charge	3 918	3 724

Shared Services SA is directly appropriation funded for the services provided to general government agencies.

Under AASB 1004, Contributions, the contribution of services provided by Shared Services SA to government agencies are disclosed in the financial statements as income because the fair value of the services can be reliably measured, and the services would have been purchased if they had not been donated.

2.7. Other income

•	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Transfers from contingencies	349	672
Donations	-	1
Other	30	12
Total other income	379	685

for the year ended 30 June 2020

3. Board, committees and employees

3.1. Key management personnel

Key management personnel of the department include the Minister, the Chief Executive and the other members of the Senior Executive Group who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the department.

The compensation disclosed in this note excludes salaries and other benefits the Minister for Child Protection receives. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990* and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via the Department of Treasury and Finance) under section 6 the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990*:

	2020	2019
Compensation	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	3 349	3 940
Post-employment benefits (employer contributed superannuation)	424	356
Other long-term employment benefits		261
Total compensation	3 773	4 557

Transactions with key management personnel and other related parties

There are no transactions to disclose for key management personnel and related parties.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

3.2. Board and committee members

Members during the 2020 financial year were:

Performance and Risk Committee

Dame Roma Mitchell Trust Funds Board of Advice

Mel Bradley*

Jenny Browne*

Michael Burton* (appointed November 2019)

Rosina Hislop

Gabby Ramsay* (retired November 2019)

Linda South

Onno Van Der Wel

Fiona Ward*

Timothy Burton*

Colleen Fitzpatrick (Chair)

Peter Giffard (appointed October 2019)

Chelsea Hall*

Megan Hender

Kayla Lisman (appointed October 2019)

Vicki Toovey (retired June 2020)

Board and committee remuneration

	2020	2019
The number of members whose remuneration received/receivable falls within the		
following bands:	Number of	Number of
	Members	Members
\$0	12	6
\$1 - \$19 999	2	-
\$20 000 - \$39 999	1	
Total number of members	15	6

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$38 000 (2019: \$0). Remuneration of members includes sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits, fringe benefits and related fringe benefits tax.

^{*}In accordance with the Premier and Cabinet Circular No. 016, government employees did not receive any remuneration for board/committee duties during the financial year.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

3.3.	Employee	benefits	expenses

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and wages (including annual leave)	182 430	175 232
Employment on-costs - superannuation	17 714	17 351
Employment on-costs - payroll tax	10 008	9 911
Workers compensation	3 463	9 100
Long service leave	2 368	8 986
Targeted voluntary separation packages	708	4 619
Skills and experience retention leave	566	648
Board and committee fees	38	-
Other employee related expenses	1 041	1 295
Total employee benefits expenses	218 336	227 142

Employment on-costs - superannuation

The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents the department's contributions to superannuation plans in respect of current services of current employees.

Executive remuneration

	2020	2019
The number of employees whose remuneration received or receivable falls within		
the following bands:	No	No
\$151 000 to \$154 000	N/A	4
\$154 001 to \$174 000	16	13
\$174 001 to \$194 000	4	2
\$194 001 to \$214 000	3	6
\$214 001 to \$234 000	-	1
\$234 001 to \$254 000	1	1
\$254 001 to \$274 000	1	1
\$274 001 to \$294 000	1	2
\$294 001 to \$314 000	1	
\$334 001 to \$354 000	1	1
\$374 001 to \$394 000	1	1
\$394 001 to \$414 000	1	_
\$434 001 to \$454 000	1_	
Total	31	32

The \$151 000 to \$154 000 band has been included for the purposes of reporting comparative figures based on the executive base level remuneration rate for 2018-19.

The table includes all employees who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of employees reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

The total remuneration received by these employees for the year was \$6.6 million (2019: \$6.4 million).

for the year ended 30 June 2020

3.3. Employee benefits expenses (continued)		
Targeted voluntary separation packages (TVSP)		
The number of employees who received/owed a TVSP during the reporting period		
was 7 (2019: 61).	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Amounts paid or payable to separated employees:		
TVSPs	708	4 619
Leave paid/payable to those employees	423	1 314
Total amount paid	1 131	5 933
Recovery from the Department of Treasury and Finance	1 638	222
Net cost to the department	(507)	5 711
3.4. Employee benefits liability		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Annual leave	16 854	15 157
Accrued salaries and wages	5 246	8 434
Long service leave	1 913	3 238
Skills and experience retention leave	841	753
Total current employee benefits	24 854	27 582
Non-current		
Long service leave	35 863	35 774
Total non-current employee benefits	35 863	35 774
Total employee benefits	60 717	63 356

Employee benefits accrue as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Long-term employee benefits are measured at present value and short-term employee benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

Salaries and wages, annual leave, skills and experience retention leave (SERL) and sick leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at the reporting date.

The annual leave liability and the SERL liability in full is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

No provision has been made for sick leave as all sick leave is non-vesting and the average sick leave taken in future years by employees is estimated to be less than the annual entitlement for sick leave.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Details about the measurement of long service leave liability is provided as note 11.1.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

4. Expenses

Employee benefits expenses are disclosed in note 3.3.

4.1. Supplies and services

	2020	2019
•	\$'000	\$'000
Accommodation	12 235	11 034
Information technology and communication charges	11 290	10 038
Minor works, maintenance and equipment	5 665	5 714
Vehicle and travelling expenses	4 128	6 641
Shared Services SA charges	3 957	3 782
Intra government charges	3 075	3 071
Office administration	2 657	2 233
Employee related costs	2 399	2 767
Contractors	2 373	2 309
Rentals and leases	1 477	1 585
Utilities	1 200	1 497
Cleaning	824	743
Insurance	772	847
Contractors – Agency staff	579	1 666
Legal costs	576	641
Security	265	161
Consultants	81	-
Advertising expenses	16	37
Other supplies and services	102	-
Total supplies and services	53 671	54 766

Accommodation

Most of the department's accommodation is provided by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure under Memoranda of Administrative Arrangement (MoAA) issued in accordance with Government-wide accommodation policies for the provision of office accommodation and facilities. MoAA do not meet the definition of lease set out in AASB 16.

In prior years expenses associated with MoAA have been classified as operating lease payments. Expenses associated with MoAA have been re-classified as accommodation expenses for both the current year and the comparative. Further details about this re-classification is set out in note 9.1.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

4.1. Supplies and services (continued)

Consultants

The number of consultancies and the dollar amount paid/payable (included in supplies and services expense) to consultants that fell within the following bands:

	No	2020	No	2019
		\$'000	.*	\$'000
\$10 000 or above	2	81	-	
Total	2	81	-	

4.2. Child protection services

· ·	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Contracted Out-of-Home care services 1	188 206	176 032
Carer payments and client related costs ²	89 097	80 895
Family support services	4 419	6 935
Advocacy and support services	4 332	3 853
Total child protection services	286 054	267 715

¹ incorporates residential based care, family based care, other supported placement services and immediate response services.

4.3. Grants and subsidies

Total grants and subsidies	118	129
Reach Your Potential		45
Child and Family Welfare	50	. 84
Documentary Grant	68	-
	\$'000	\$'000
i i	2020	2019

² incorporates all carer payments and other client related costs associated with having a child in a placement.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

Total depreciation and amortisation

4.4. Depreciation and amortisation		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Depreciation		
Right-of-use vehicles .	1 862	_
Residential accommodation housing	727	781
Right-of-use buildings	244	-
Computing, communications, furniture and equipment	7	48
Total depreciation	2 840	829
Amortisation		
Leasehold improvements	372	396
Computer software	192	755
Total amortisation	564	1 151

All non-current assets, with a limited useful life, are systematically depreciated/amortised over their useful lives in a manner that reflects the consumption of their service potential.

3 404

1 980

Lease incentives in the form of leasehold improvements are capitalised as an asset and depreciated over the remaining term of the lease or estimated useful life of the improvement, whichever is shorter.

Land is not depreciated.

Useful life

Depreciation/amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the following classes of assets as follows:

Class of asset	Useful life (years)
Residential accommodation housing	30-50
Leasehold improvements	Life of lease
Computing, communications, furniture and equipment	5-10
Computer Software	3-10
Right-of-use vehicles and buildings	Life of lease

Review of accounting estimates

Assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation/amortisation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate on an annual basis. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate.

Department for Child Protection Notes to and forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

Other expenses

Total other expenses

4.5. Borrowing costs			
		2020	2019
		\$'000	\$'000
1. d d			
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1	50	
Total borrowing costs	-	50	
The department does not capitalise borrowing costs.			
4.6. Other expenses			
	Note	2020	2019
		\$'000	\$'000
Revaluation decrements - Residential accommodation housing		-	2 058
Audit fees *		252	255
Impairment losses on receivables	6.2	36	59
Asset disposals/derecognised		25	55
Interest		. 3	4

11 327

2 431

Audit fees paid / payable to the Auditor-General's Department relate to work performed under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987. No other services were provided by Auditor-General's Department.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

5. Non-financial assets

5.1. Property, plant and equipment by asset class		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Land</u>		
Land at fair value	19 542	19 243
Total land	19 542	19 243
Residential accommodation housing		
Residential accommodation housing at fair value	30 747	30 442
Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period	(15 377)	(14 651)
Total residential accommodation housing	15 370	15 791
Construction work in progress		
Construction work in progress at cost	981	781
Total construction work in progress	981	781
Right-of-use buildings		
Right-of-use buildings at cost (deemed fair value)	893	-
Accumulated depreciation	(244)	
Total right-of-use buildings	649	· -
Right-of-use vehicles		
Right-of-use vehicles at cost (deemed fair value)	4 148	-
Accumulated depreciation	(1 511)	_
Total right-of-use vehicles	2 637	
Leasehold improvements		
Leasehold improvements at fair value	12 006	12 677
Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period	(8 271)	(10 969)
Total leasehold improvements	3 735	1 708
Computing, communications, furniture and equipment		
Computing, communications, furniture and equipment at cost (deemed fair		
value)	182	294
Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period	(45)	(241)
Total computing, communications, furniture and equipment	137	53
Total property, plant and equipment	43 051	37 576

Property, plant and equipment with a value equal to or in excess of \$15 000 is capitalised, otherwise it is expensed.

Property, plant and equipment is recorded at fair value. Detail about the department's approach to fair value is set out in note 11.2.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

5.1. Property, plant and equipment by asset class (continued)

Impairment

Property, plant and equipment have not been assessed for impairment as they are non-cash generating assets, that are specialised in nature and held for continual use of their service capacity and are subject to regular revaluation.

5.2. Property, plant and equipment

Reconciliation 2019-20

		Residential	
		accommodation	Construction
	Land	housing	work in progress
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2019	19 243	15 791	781
Additions	250	306	417
Assets derecognised		-	-
Transfers to/(from) work in progress	-	-	(217)
Asset revaluation increment/(decrement)	49	2	-
Depreciation and amortisation		(727)	-
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	19 542	15 370	981

		Computing,	
		communications,	
	Leasehold	furniture and	
	improvements	equipment	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2019	1 708	53	37 576
Additions	-	116	1 089
Assets derecognised	-	(25)	(25)
Transfers to/(from) work in progress	217	-	-
Asset revaluation increment/(decrement)	2 182	-	2 231
Depreciation and amortisation	(372)	(7)	(1 106)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	3 735	137	39 765

Department for Child Protection Notes to and forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

5.2 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Reconciliation 2018-19

,		Residential	
		accommodation	Construction
•	Land	housing	work in progress
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2018	18 285	18 630	477
Additions	-	0	304
Transfers (to)/from third parties	-	· -	-
Assets derecognised	•		-
Asset revaluation increment/(decrement)	958	(2 058)	-
Depreciation and amortisation		(781)	
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	19 243	15 791	781

	Computing, communications,		
	Leasehold	furniture and	
	improvements	equipment	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2018	937	128	38 457
Additions	471	28	803
Transfers (to)/from third parties	696	-	696
Assets derecognised	-	(55)	(55)
Asset revaluation increment/(decrement)	-	-	(1100)
Depreciation and amortisation	(396)	(48)	(1 225)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	1 708	53	37 576

for the year ended 30 June 2020

5.3. Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recorded at cost. Additions to right-of-use assets during 2019-20 were \$5.4 million.

The department has a limited number of leases:

- 658 motor vehicle leases with the South Australian Government Financing Authority (SAFA). Motor vehicle leases
 are non-cancellable, with rental payments monthly in arrears. Motor vehicle lease terms range from 3 years
 (60,000km) to 5 years (100,000km).
- 25 residential accommodation properties leased with private landlords that are non-cancellable. Residential accommodation lease terms range from 1 year to 3 years.

The lease liabilities related to the right-of-use assets are disclosed in note 7.2. The department's maturity analysis of its lease liabilities is disclosed in note 11.3. Expenses related to leases, including depreciation and interest expenses, are disclosed in note 4. Cash outflows related to leases are disclosed in note 8.2.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

5.4. Intangible assets		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Computer software		
Internally developed computer software	8 314	8 314

 Accumulated amortisation
 (8 274)
 (8 082)

 Total computer software
 40
 232

Total intangible assets 40 232

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost and are tested for indications of impairment at each reporting date. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The acquisition of computer software is capitalised only when the expenditure meets the definition criteria (identifiability, control and the existence of future economic benefits) and recognition criteria (probability of future economic benefits and cost can be reliably measured) and when the amount of expenditure is greater than or equal to \$15 000.

The computer software relates to the department's Connected Client and Case Management System (C3MS) for case management of children.

Reconciliation 2019-20

	Computer software
	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2019	232
Amortisation	(192)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	40

Reconciliation 2018-19

	Computer software
	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2018	987
Amortisation	(755)_
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	232

for the year ended 30 June 2020

6. Financial assets

6.1. Cash and cash equivalents

Total cash and cash equivalents	39 042	43 148
Total and and and and and	20.042	42 440
Imprest account/cash on hand	226	226
Deposits with the Treasurer (AAEFA)	3 437	4 032
Deposits with the Treasurer	35 379	38 890
	\$'000	\$'000
	2020	2019

Deposits with the Treasurer

Special deposit accounts are established under section 8 of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*. Special deposit accounts must be used in accordance with their approved purpose.

The department has two deposit accounts with the Treasurer:

- a general operating account; and
- an Accrual Appropriation Excess Funds Account (AAEFA).

Although the department controls the money in Accrual Appropriation Account, its use must be approved by the Treasurer. The department does not earn interest on its deposits with the Treasurer.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

6.2. Receivables		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Trade receivables		
From government entities	192	623
From non-government entities	223	207
Less impairment loss on receivables	(56)	(71)
Total trade receivables	359	759
GST input tax recoverable	2 185	2 326
Prepayments	1 293	771
Accrued revenues	52	261
Workers compensation recoveries	22	31
Total current receivables	3 911	4 148
Non-current		
Workers compensation recoveries	212	268
Total non-current receivables	212	268
Total receivables	4 123	4 416

Trade receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other government agencies and to the public. Trade receivables are normally settled within 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement. Trade receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing. Trade receivables are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and they are measured at amortised cost.

The net amount of GST payable to the Australian Taxation Office is included as part of receivables.

Other than as recognised in the impairment loss on receivables, it is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

Refer to note 11.3 for further information on risk management.

Impairment loss on receivables

2020	2019
\$'000	\$'000
(71)	(12)
15	(59)
(56)	(71)
	\$'000 (71) 15

Refer to note 11.3 for details regarding credit risk and the methodology for determining impairment.

for the year ended 30 June 2020.

7. Liabilities

Employee benefits liabilities are disclosed in note 3.4.

7.1. Payables

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Accrued expenses	17 607	20 733
Employment on-costs	4 542	4 203
Trade payables	1 758	213
Paid Parental Leave Scheme payable	73	91
Total current payables	23 980	25 240
Non-current		
Employment on-costs	3 346	3 299
Total non-current payables	3 346	3 299
Total payables	27 326	28 539

Trade payables and accrued expenses are raised for all amounts owing but unpaid. Trade payables are normally settled within 30 days from the date the invoice is first received. All payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of trade payables represents fair value due to their short-term nature.

Employment on-costs

Employment on-costs include payroll tax, WorkCover levies and superannuation contributions which are settled when the respective employee benefits that they relate to is discharged.

The department makes contributions to several state government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to the South Australian Superannuation Board and external schemes.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance, the proportion of long service leave taken as leave has changed from the 2019 rate (41%) to 42% and the average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation costs on-costs has remained unchanged 9.8%. These rates are used in the employment on-cost calculation. The net financial effect of the changes in the current financial year is a decrease in the employment on-cost of \$0.3 million and employee benefits expense of \$3.2 million.

Paid parental leave scheme

Paid Parental Leave Scheme payable represents amounts which the department has received from the Commonwealth Government to forward onto eligible employees via the department's standard payroll processes. That is, the department is acting as a conduit through which the payment to eligible employees is made on behalf of the Family Assistance office.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

7.2. Financial Liabilities		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Lease liabilities	2 029	
Total current financial liabilities	2 029	
Non-current		
Lease liabilities	1 272	
Total non-current financial liabilities	1 272	
Total financial liabilities	3 301	-
All material cash outflows are reflected in the lease liabilities disclosed above.		
.3. Provisions		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Provision for workers compensation	4 224	3 789
Provision for legal claims	30	50
Provision for additional compensation		10
Total current provisions	4 254	3 849
-,20		
Non-current		
Provision for workers compensation	10 210	12 775
Provision for legal claims	130	140
Provision for additional compensation	377	539
Total non-current provisions	10 717	13 454
Total provisions	14 971	17 303
#ovement in provisions for workers compensation		
novement in provisions for workers compensation	p. 50.	
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	16 564	12 847
Additional provision recognised	3 636	8 550
Reductions arising from payments/other sacrifice of future economic		
benefits	(5 766)	(4 833)

A provision has been reported to reflect unsettled workers compensation claims. The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2020 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for the Public Sector. The provision is for the estimated cost of ongoing payments to employees as required under current legislation.

14 434

16 564

The department is responsible for the payment of workers compensation claims.

Carrying amount at the end of period

for the year ended 30 June 2020

7.3 Provisions (continued)

Movement in provisions for legal claims

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	190	240
Reductions resulting from re-measurement or settlement without cost	(80)	(80)
Reductions arising from payments	(10)	(20)
Additional provision recognised	60	50
Carrying amount at the end of period	160	190
Reductions resulting from re-measurement or settlement without cost Reductions arising from payments Additional provision recognised	(80) (10) 60	(80 (20 50

A liability has been reported to reflect unsettled legal claims. The legal claims provision includes various claims relating to professional indemnity, public liability and property damage.

Movement in provision for additional compensation

2020	2019
\$'000	\$'000
549	_
(172)	· _
	549
377	549
	\$'000 549 (172)

The additional compensation provision provides continuing benefits to workers who have suffered eligible work-related injuries and whose entitlements have ceased under the statutory workers compensation scheme. Eligible injuries are non-serious injuries sustained in circumstances which involved, or appeared to involve, the commission of a criminal offence, or which arose from a dangerous situation.

There is a significant degree of uncertainty associated with this estimate. In addition to the general uncertainties associated with estimating future claim and expense payments, the additional compensation provision is impacted by the absence of claims history and the evolving nature of the interpretation of, and evidence required to meet, eligibility criteria.

Given these uncertainties, the actual cost of additional compensation claims may differ materially from the estimate.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

7.4. Other Liabilities

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Deposits held - purchased leave	4	10
Unclaimed monies	2	2
Accommodation incentive	73	73
Total current other liabilities	79	85
Non-current		
Accommodation incentive	550	623
Total non-current other liabilities	550	623
Total other liabilities	629	708

8. Other disclosures

8.1. Equity

The asset revaluation surplus is used to record increments and decrements in the fair value of land and buildings to the extent that they offset one another. Relevant amounts are transferred to retained earnings when an asset is derecognised.

8.2. Cash flow

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified as part of operating cash flows.

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Leases		
Buildings	244	-
Vehicles	1 862	
Total cash outflow for leases	2 106	-

Department for Child Protection Notes to and forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

8.2. Cash flow (continued)		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		
Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position	39 042	43 148
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	39 042	43 148
Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to net result		
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	1 712	6 012
Add/less non-cash items		
Net revaluation decrement recognised in profit and loss	_	(2 058)
Depreciation and amortisation expense of non-current assets	(3 404)	(1 980)
Transfer to/from third parties	-	696
Non-current assets written off	(25)	(55)
Movement in assets and liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	(293)	(603)
(Increase)/decrease in employee benefits	2 639	(11 300)
(Increase)/decrease in payables	1 958	(2 920)
(Increase)/decrease in provisions	2 332	(4 216)
(Increase)/decrease in financial liabilities	(3 383)	-
(Increase)/decrease in other liabilities	79	(698)
Net result	1 615	(17 122)

for the year ended 30 June 2020

9. Changes in accounting policy

9.1. AASB 16 Leases

AASB 16 sets out a comprehensive model for lessee accounting that addresses recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. Lessor accounting is largely unchanged. AASB 16 *Leases* replaces AASB 117 *Leases* and related interpretations.

The adoption of AASB 16 *Leases* from 1 July 2019 resulted adjustments to the amounts recognised from a lessee perspective in the financial statements:

- AASB 117 Leases only required the recognition of an asset and lease liability in relation to finance leases. AASB 16
 Leases applies a comprehensive model to all leases. Applying AASB 16 will result in leases previously classified as operating leases having right-of-use assets and related lease liabilities being recognised in the Statement of Financial Position
- AASB 117 Leases resulted in operating lease payments being recognised as an expense under Supplies and Services. AASB 16 Leases largely replaces this with depreciation expenses that represents the use of the right-ofuse asset and borrowing costs that represent the cost associated with financing the right-of-use asset.

Impact on retained earnings

The total impact on the department's retained earnings as at 1 July 2019 is as follows:

	\$'000
Closing retained earnings 30 June 2019 - AASB 117	28 027
<u>Assets</u>	
Property, plant and equipment	2 753
Liabilities	
Financial liabilities	(2 753)
Opening retained earnings 1 July 2019 - AASB 16	28 027

The department disclosed in its 2018-19 financial report total undiscounted operating lease commitments of \$33.5 million under AASB 117.

The department has accommodation services provided by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure under MoAA issued in accordance with Government-wide accommodation policies.

These MoAA do not meet the definition of lease set out either in AASB 16 or in the former standard AASB 117. Accordingly, the 2018-19 undiscounted operating lease commitments should have been disclosed as \$2.8 million under AASB 117. There is no material difference between the revised operating lease commitments when discounted and the financial liabilities recognised as at 1 July 2019.

Commitments related to accommodation services provided by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure are included in note 10.1.

The misclassification did not impact on the Statement of Comprehensive Income or the Statement of Financial Position in prior years. This misclassification impacted items within the supplies and services expenses line. Note 4.1 applies the correct classification for both the current and comparative years.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

9.1. AASB 16 Leases (continued)

Accounting policies on transition

AASB 16 sets out accounting policies on transition in its transitional provisions. The Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) requires certain choices in those transitional provisions to be taken. The department has adopted the following accounting policies:

- to apply AASB 16 retrospectively. The cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard was recognised at 1 July 2019. Comparatives have not been restated.
- at 1 July 2019 AASB 16 was applied only to contracts that were previously identified as containing a lease under AASB 117 and related interpretations.
- the initial measurement of lease liability was the present value of the remaining leases payments discounted using
 the relevant incremental borrowing published by the Department of Treasury and Finance rate as at 1 July 2019
 based on the SA Government's cost of borrowing. The average weighted incremental borrowing rate for this
 purpose was 0.59%.
- the initial measurement of right-of-use assets has been calculated as an amount equal to the lease liability on transition adjusted for prepaid or accrued lease payments and lease incentive liabilities.
- the initial measurement of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets excludes all leases that ended by 30 June 2020, except for vehicles leased from SAFA.

Ongoing accounting policies

The Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) specify required accounting policies for public authorities in applying AASB 16. These requirements are reflected in the department's accounting policies as follows:

- AASB 16 is not applied to leases of intangible assets.
- right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised for leases of low value assets, being assets which have a
 value of \$15 000 or less, nor short-term leases, being those with a lease term of 12 months or less.
- the department, in the capacity of a lessee, does not include non-lease components in lease amounts.
- right-of-use assets are subsequently measured applying a cost model.

Significant accounting policies relate to the application of AASB 16 are disclosed under relevant notes and are referenced at note 5.3.

9.2. Presentation of Financial Statements

Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) issued on 1 June 2020 removed the previous requirement for financial statements to be prepared using the net cost of services format. The net cost of services is the total cost of services less any revenue retained by public authorities involved in the provision of services but does not include items classified as revenues from and payments to the South Australian Government.

Presentation of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an 'income and expense' basis allows information to be presented in such a way that eliminates potential confusion as to the source of funding for the department. As well as changes to the format of the Statement of Comprehensive Income, there are presentational changes to remove the net cost of services format from the Statement of Cash Flows. These statements now show income before expenses, and cash receipts before cash payments. Related disclosures also reflect this changed format.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

9.3. AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

The adoption of AASB 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities from 1 July 2019 did not impact the financial statements.

10. Outlook

10.1. Unrecognised contractual commitments

Commitments include operating, capital and outsourcing arrangements arising from contractual or statutory sources and are disclosed at their nominal value.

Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial statements are payable as follows:

Total capital commitments	1 567	556
	4 507	
Later than one year but not later than five years	32	
Within one year	1 535	556
	\$'000	\$'000
	2020	2019

The department's capital commitments relate to construction of a residential care facility at Davoren Park and the fitout of the department's Playford office.

Contractual expenditure commitments

Commitments in relation to expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial statements are payable as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	190 130	124 252
Later than one year but not longer than five years	259 345	128 546
Later than five years	2 909	
Total contractual expenditure commitments	452 384	252 798

The department's expenditure commitments are for contracted service agreements for out of home care, family support services and the non-lease components of South Australian Government Financing Authority (SAFA) vehicle rentals.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

10.1. Unrecognised contractual commitments (continued)

Accommodation expenditure commitments

Commitments in relation to expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial statements are payable as follows:

Total accommodation expenditure commitments	30 955	30 682
Later than five years	6 933	4 475
Later than one year but not longer than five years	15 933	16 548
Within one year	8 089	9 659
	\$'000	\$'000
•	2020	2019

The department's expenditure commitments are for MoAAs with the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure for office accommodation and facilities.

Operating lease commitments

Commitments in relation to operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial statements are payable as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	-	1 638
Later than one year but not longer than five years		1 181
Total operating lease commitments		2 819

Operating lease commitments is provided for the comparative year only as AASB 16 Leases does not distinguish between operating and finance leases for the lessee. The comparative amount does not include commitments for MoAAs with the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure for accommodation. This has been reclassified and included under expenditure commitments. For more detail about the reclassification see 9.1.

10.2. Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed by way of a note and, if quantifiable, are measured at nominal value.

Claims for unspecified damages have been lodged against the department during the year. The department is negotiating with the claimants, on advice from the Crown Solicitor's Office. A reliable estimate of the expenditure required to settle these claims or whether they will be successful cannot be reasonably determined.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

10.3. Impact of standards and statements not yet effective

The department has assessed the impact of new and changed Australian Accounting Standards Board Standards and Interpretations not yet effective.

AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors

AASB 1059 prescribes the accounting for certain arrangements in which an operator provides public services on behalf of a public sector grantor involving a service concession arrangement. This standard applies to reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. The department has assessed its arrangements where operators provide services and has concluded that none of these will be within the scope of AASB 1059.

10.4. COVID-19 pandemic outlook for the department

The COVID-19 pandemic will continue to impact the operations of the department in 2020-21.

The key expected impacts to the department will depend on the relative risk within the South Australian community. The department is expected to continue to incur immaterial costs of personal protective equipment and supply of cleaning products into the future. Staffing costs are likely to increase if the number of cases in South Australia rises throughout 2020-21.

In addition, the department is monitoring the potential growth in demand in terms of both reports of abuse and risk of harm and placement numbers connected to increasing economic hardship and unemployment rates in South Australia.

10.5. Events after the reporting period

No events after reporting date to report.

11. Measurement and risk

11.1. Long service leave liability - measurement

AASB 119 Employee Benefits contains the calculation methodology for long service leave liability.

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance has provided a basis for the measurement of long service leave and is based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on employee data over SA Government entities.

AASB 119 Employee Benefits requires the use of the yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds as the discount rate in the measurement of the long service leave liability. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds has decreased to 0.75% (2019: 1.25%). The actuarial assessment performed by DTF decreased the salary inflation rate to 2.5% (2019: 4.0%) for long service leave liability. The net financial effect of the changes in the actuarial assumptions and methodology is a decrease in the long service leave liability of \$3.2 million.

The split for long service leave between current and non-current is based on the department's best estimate of the amount to be paid in the coming year.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.2. Fair value

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, in the principle or most advantageous market, at the measurement date.

Initial recognition

Non-current tangible assets are initially recorded at cost or at the value of any liabilities assumed, plus any incidental cost involved with the acquisition.

Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

Revaluation

Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation.

Non-current tangible assets are valued at fair value and revaluation of non-current assets or a group of assets is only performed when the fair value at the time of acquisition is greater than \$1.5 million and estimated useful life is greater than three years.

The department revalues its land annually. The department revalues its residential housing and leasehold improvements every six years via an independent certified practising valuer.

If at any time management considers that the carrying amount of an asset materially differs from its fair value, then the asset will be revalued regardless of when the last valuation took place.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amounts of the assets and the net amounts are restated to the revalued amounts of the asset.

Fair value hierarchy

The department classifies fair value measurement using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements, based on the data and assumptions used in the most recent valuation:

- Level 1: traded in active markets and is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the entity can access at measurement date.
- Level 2: not traded in an active market and are derived from inputs (input other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: not traded in an active market and are derived from unobservable inputs.

The department's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

During 2019 and 2020, the department had no valuations categorised into level 1; there were no transfers of assets between level 1 and 2 fair value hierarchy levels and there were no changes in valuation technique.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.2. Fair value (continued)

Fair value classification - non financial assets at 30 June 2020

	Note	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land	5.1	19 542	· -	19 542
Residential accommodation housing	5.1	600	14 770	15 370
Leasehold improvements	5.1	-	3 735	3 735
Computing, communications, furniture and equipment	5.1 _		137	137
Total recurring fair value measurements	_	20 142	18 642	38 784
Total fair value measurements	_	20 142	18 642	38 784

Fair value classification - non financial assets at 30 June 2019

	Note	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land	5.1	19 243	0	19 243
Residential accommodation housing	5.1	600	15 191	15 791
Leasehold improvements	5.1	-	1 708	1 708
Computing, communications, furniture and equip	ment 5.1		53	53
Total recurring fair value measurements		19 843	16 952	36 795
			(a) 1 (c)	
Total fair value measurements		19 843	16 952	36 795

Land

An independent valuation of land was performed by the Valuer-General as at 30 June 2020.

Fair value of land has been determined using the market approach. The valuation was based on recent market transactions for similar land in the area and includes adjustment for factors specific to the land such as size and location. For land classified as restricted in use, the valuation was determined using an adjustment were applied to reflect the restriction.

Residential accommodation housing

An independent valuation of residential accommodation housing was performed as at 30 June 2018 by Fred Taormina, B.App.Sc. (Val), A.A.P.I. Certified Practicing Valuer of Valcorp Australia Pty Ltd.

The valuation was performed by reference to a cost approach basis and utilising comparable sales evidence, zoning and permitted use.

The fair value of buildings was determined using current replacement cost, due to there not being an active market. The current replacement cost considered the need for ongoing provision of government services, specialised nature and restricted use of the assets, their size, condition and location.

The valuation used estimates about construction materials that would be required to replace the buildings, information about current construction costs were derived from building costs guides / internal records such as recent tender documents, construction invoices etc and the estimated useful life due to age and condition of the building.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.2. Fair value (continued)

Leasehold Improvements

The independent valuation of leasehold improvements was performed by Fred Taormina, B.App.Sc. (Val), A.A.P.I. Certified Practicing Valuer of Valcorp Australia Pty Ltd as at 30 June 2020. The valuer adopted depreciated replacement cost when valuing the assets as quoted prices in an active liquid market was not available.

Computing, communications, furniture and equipment

All items of computing, communications, furniture and equipment had a fair value at the time of acquisition less than \$1.5 million. Computing, communications, furniture and equipment has not been revalued in accordance with APS 116.D. The carrying value of these items are deemed to approximate fair value.

Reconciliation of level 3 recurring fair value measurements as at 30 June 2020

The following table is a reconciliation of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3):

	Residential accommodation housing	Leasehold improvements	Computing, communications, furniture and equipment
-	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	15 191	1 708	53
Additions	306	_	116
Assets derecognised	-	_	(25)
Transfers (to) / from work in progress	-	217	-
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net re	sult:	*	
Depreciation and amortisation	(727)	(372)	(7)
Total losses recognised in net result	(727)	(372)	(7)
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in			
other comprehensive income (OCI):			
Revaluation increments/(decrements)		2 182	-
Total gains/(losses) recognised in OCl	-	2 182	-
Carrying balance at the end of the period	14 770	3 735	137
=			

Reconciliation of level 3 recurring fair value measurements as at 30 June 2019

			Computing,
	Residential		communications,
	accommodation	Leasehold	furniture and
_	housing	improvements	equipment
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	18 630	937	128
Additions	-	471	28
Transfers to/from third parties	-	696	,
Transfer out of level 3*	(600)	-	
Assets derecognised	-	~	(55)
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net re	sult:		
Revaluation increment/(decrement)	(2 058)	-	=
Depreciation and amortisation	(781)	(396)	(48)
Total losses recognised in net result	(2 839)	(396)	(48)
Carrying balance at the end of the period	15 191	1 708	53
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

^{*} In 2019, residential accommodation for one site was transferred from level 3 to level 2 due to the asset being revalued to market value.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.3. Financial instruments

Financial risk management

Risk management is managed by the department's legal services directorate. Departmental risk management policies are in accordance with the *Risk Management Policy Statement* issued by the Premier and Treasurer and the principles established in the Australian Standard *Risk Management Principles and Guidelines*.

The department's exposure to financial risk (liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk) is low due to the nature of the financial instruments held.

Liquidity risk

The department is funded principally from appropriation by the SA Government. The department works with the Department of Treasury and Finance to determine the cash flows associated with its Government approved program of work and to ensure funding is provided through SA Government budgetary processes to meet the expected cash flows.

Refer to notes 7.1 and 7.2 for further information.

Credit risk

The department has policies and procedures in place to ensure that transactions occur with customers with appropriate credit history.

No collateral is held as security and no credit enhancements relate to financial assets held by the department.

Impairment of financial assets

Loss allowances for receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss using the simplified approach in AASB 9. The department uses an allowance matrix to measure the expected credit loss of receivables from non-government debtors which comprise a large number of small balances.

To measure the expected credit losses, receivables are grouped based on the days past due. When estimating expected credit loss, the department considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the department's historical experience and informed credit assessment, including forward-looking information.

The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the department is exposed to credit risk.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.3. Financial instruments (continued)

The expected credit loss of government debtors is considered to be nil based on the external credit ratings and nature of the counterparties.

Loss rates are calculated based on the probability of a receivable progressing through stages to write off based on the common risk characteristics of the transaction and debtor.

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and expected credit loss for non-government debtors.

	Debtor gross carrying amount	Loss %	Lifetime expected
	\$'000		Losses \$'000
Current (not past due)	7	0%	-
1 – 30 days past due	59	0%	-
31 - 60 days past due	13	0%	-
61 - 90 days past due	1	0%	
More than 90 days past due	143	39%	56
Loss allowance	223		56

Loss rates are based on actual history of credit loss, these rates have been adjusted to reflect differences between previous economic conditions, current conditions and the department's view of the forecast economic conditions over the expected life of the receivables.

Impairment losses are presented as net impairment losses within net result, subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Trade receivable are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the failure of a debtor to enter into a payment plan with the department and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 90 days past due.

The department considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties and therefore the expected credit loss is nil.

The allowance for impairment was recognised in other expenses for specific debtors and debtors assessed on a collective basis for which such evidence existed.

No impairment losses on the department's receivables arose from the department's contracts with customers. No impairment losses were recognised in relation to contract assets during the year.

Market risk

The department does not trade in foreign currency, nor enter into transactions for speculative purposes, nor for hedging.

There is no exposure to foreign currency or other price risks.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.3. Financial instruments (continued)

Categorisation of financial instruments

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in the respective financial asset/financial liability note.

The following tables disclose the carrying amounts of each of the following categories of financial assets and liabilities:

		2020 Carrying	2020 Contractua	ıl maturities
Category of financial asset and financial		amount / fair value	Within 1 year	1-5 years
liability	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	39 042	39 042	-
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Receivables	6.2	411	411	-
Total financial assets		39 453	39 453	-
		0		
Financial liabilities			- "	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Payables	7.1	19 113	19 113	-
Lease liabilities	7.2	3 301	2 029	1 272
Other liabilities	7.4	629	79	550
Total financial liabilities		23 043	21 221	1 822

		2019	2019 Contractual maturities	
Category of financial asset and financial liability	Note	Carrying amount / fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000	1-5 years \$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	43 148	43 148	-
Loans and receivables				
Receivables	6.2	1 020	1 020	-
Total financial assets		44 168	44 168	-
<u>Financial liabilities</u> Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Payables	7.1	20 691	20 691	<u>-</u>
Other liabilities	7.4	708	85	623
Total financial liabilities		21 399	20 776	623

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.3. Financial instruments (continued)

Receivables and payables

The receivable and payable amounts disclosed here exclude amounts relating to statutory receivables and payables (e.g. Commonwealth, State and Local Government taxes, fees and charges; Auditor-General's Department audit fees). In government, certain rights to receive or pay cash may not be contractual and therefore, in these situations, the requirements will not apply. Where rights or obligations have their source in legislation such as levies, tax and equivalents, they would be excluded from the disclosure. The standard defines contract as enforceable by law. All amounts recorded are carried at cost (not materially different from amortised cost).

The receivables amount disclosed here excludes prepayments as they are not financial assets. Prepayments are presented in note 6.2.

12. Administered items

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Administered Expenses		
Employee benefits	371	366_
Total administered expenses	371	366
Administered Income		
Appropriation	371	331_
Total administered income	371	331
Net result	#	(35)

Minister's salary and allowances

Administered items are for the minister's salary and allowances pursuant to Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990.

At 30 June 2020, there are no assets and liabilities for this administered item.