# Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2020



Auditor-General's Department

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# To the Board Chair Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated

# Opinion

I have audited the financial report of Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated and the consolidated entity comprising the Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities as at 30 June 2020, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2020
- notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Board Chair, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Finance Officer.

## **Basis for opinion**

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including Independence Standards) have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and the Board for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, I have audited the financial report of Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated's and its controlled entities' internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive Officer

• evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive Officer about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Andrew Richardson Auditor-General 24 September 2020

# Certification of the financial statements

We certify that the:

- financial statements of the Limestone Coast Local Health Network Inc.:
  - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the authority; and
  - comply with relevant Treasurer's instructions; and
  - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
  - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the authority at the end of the financial year and the result of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- Internal controls employed by the Limestone Coast Local Health Network Inc. over its financial reporting and its preparation of the financial statements have been effective throughout the financial year.

Grant Kirlg Ngaire Buchanan Board Chair Chief Executive Officer

Kristen Capewell Chief Finance Officer

Date 15/09/2020

## LIMESTONE COAST LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 30 June 2020

		Consolidated	Parent
	Note	2020 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Income			
Revenues from SA Government	12	123,702	123,702
Fees and charges	. 7	17,788	17,788
Grants and contributions	8	20,684	20,814
Interest		375	352
Resources received free of charge	9	1,427	1,427
Other revenues/income	11	246	127
Total income		164,222	164,210
Expenses			
Staff benefits expenses	2	96,493	96,493
Supplies and services	3	57,972	57,972
Depreciation and amortisation	17,18	6,136	4,755
Grants and subsidies	4	1,310	1,310
Borrowing costs	5	863	863
Net loss from disposal of non-current and other assets	10	29	29
Impairment loss on receivables	14	373	373
Other expenses	6	340	355
Total expenses		163,516	162,150
Net result		706	2,060
Total comprehensive result		706	2,060

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

## LIMESTONE COAST LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2020

		Consolidated	Parent
	Note	2020	2020
		\$'000	\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	13	5,431	4,533
Receivables	14	3,468	3,460
Other financial assets	15	19,354	18,164
Inventories	16	688	688
Total current assets		28,941	26,851
Non-current assets			
Receivables	14	402	402
Property, plant and equipment	18	128,025	98,671
Total non-current assets	_	128,427	99,073
Total assets	_	157,368	125,924
10141 455015	—	157,508	125,924
Current liabilities			
Payables	20	4,696	4,69
Financial liabilities	21	3,137	3,13
Staff benefits	22	13,136	13,13
Provisions Contract liabilities and other liabilities	23 24	708	70
Total current liabilities		<u>14,897</u> <b>36,574</b>	14,89 <sup>°</sup> 36,57 <sup>4</sup>
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	20	636	630
Financial liabilities	21	42,280	42,280
Staff benefits Provisions	22	16,513	16,51
Total non-current liabilities	23	943	943
i otar non-current nadimnes		60,372	60,372
Total liabilities		96,946	96,946
Net assets	_	60,422	28,978
Equity			
Retained earnings		52,492	28,97
Asset revaluation surplus		7,930	20,970
Total equity		60,422	28,978

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

## LIMESTONE COAST LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 June 2020

## CONSOLIDATED

	Note	Asset revaluation surplus \$ '000	Retained earnings \$ '000	Total equity \$ '000
Balance at 30 June 2019		-	-	-
Net assets received from an administrative restructure	1.6	-	54,058	54,058
Net assets received on first time consolidation	1.6	7,930	24,868	32,798
Adjustments on initial adoption of Accounting Standards	1.8	-	(27,140)	(27,140)
Adjusted balance at 1 July 2019		7,930	51,786	59,716
Net result for 2019-20		-	706	706
Total comprehensive result for 2019-20		-	706	706
Balance at 30 June 2020		7,930	52,492	60,422

## PARENT

	Note	Asset revaluation surplus \$ '000	Retained earnings \$ '000	Total equity \$ '000
Balance at 30 June 2019		-	-	-
Net assets received from an administrative restructure	1.6	-	54,058	54,058
Adjustments on initial adoption of Accounting Standards	1.8	-	(27,140)	(27,140)
Adjusted balance at 1 July 2019		-	26,918	26,918
Net result for 2019-20		-	2,060	2,060
Total comprehensive result for 2019-20		-	2,060	2,060
Balance at 30 June 2020		_	28,978	28,978

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

## LIMESTONE COAST LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Consolida	ted Parent
	Note 2	020 2020
	\$*	000 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash inflows		
Fees and charges		752 16,752
Grants and contributions		146 20,274
Interest received		232 232
Residential aged care bonds received GST recovered from ATO		245     4,245       562     3,562
Other receipts		562 3,562 022 903
Receipts from SA Government	120,	
Cash generated from operations	166,	
Cash outflows		
Staff benefits payments	(94,4	
Payments for supplies and services	(58,7	
Payments of grants and subsidies	(1,4	
Interest paid Residential aged care bonds refunded		(863) (863)
Other payments	(3,0	098) (3,098) 02) (402)
Cash used in operations	(158,9	
		(150,705)
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,	715 7,724
Cash flows from investing activities		
Cash inflows		
Proceeds from sale/maturities of investments		32 -
Cash generated from investing activities		32 -
Cash outflows		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(1,9	(1,957)
Purchase of investments		(50) (50)
Cash used in investing activities	(2,0	(2,007) (2,007)
Not each most in formation a strategy	(1.0	
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,9	(2,007)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Cash inflows		
Cash received from restructuring activities	2.	961 2,086
Cash generated from financing activities		961 2,086
Cash outflows		
Repayment of lease liability	(3,1	
Repayment of borrowings		24) (124)
Cash used in financing activities	(3,2	(3,270) (3,270)
Net cash provided used in financing activities	(3	(1,184)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,	431 4,533
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	135,	431 4,533
cash and show equivalence at the end of the period	155;	101 1,000
Non-cash transactions	25	

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

## 1. About Limestone Coast Local Health Network

Limestone Coast Local Health Network Incorporated (the Hospital) is a not-for-profit incorporated health service established under the *Health Care (Local Health Networks) Proclamation 2019* which was an amendment to the *Health Care Act 2008* (the Act). The Hospital commenced service delivery on 1 July 2019 following the dissolution of Country Health SA Local Health Network (CHSALHN). Relevant assets, rights and liabilities were transferred from CHSALHN to the Hospital. The financial statements and accompanying notes include all controlled activities of the Hospital

## Parent Entity

The Parent Entity consists of the following:

- Bordertown Memorial Hospital
- Bordertown Charla Lodge
- Integrated Mental Health Inpatient Units
- Kingston Soldiers Memorial Hospital Multi-Purpose Service
- Limestone Coast Country Health Connect
- Mental Health Intensive Community Program
- Millicent and Districts Hospital and Health Service
- Millicent Sheoak Lodge
- Mount Gambier and Districts Health Service
- Naracoorte Health Service
- Naracoorte Moreton Bay House
- Penola War Memorial Hospital Multi-Purpose Service

#### Consolidated Entity

The Consolidated entity includes the Parent entity, the Incorporated Health Advisory Councils (HACs) and the Incorporated HAC Gift Fund Trusts (GFTs) as listed in note 33.

The HACs were established under the Act to provide a more coordinated, strategic and integrated health care system to meet the health needs of South Australians. HACs are consultative bodies that advise and make recommendations to the Chief Executive of the Department for Health and Wellbeing (the Department) and the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital on issues related to specific groups or regions. HACs hold assets, manage bequests and provide advice on local health service needs and priorities.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*. Consistent accounting policies have been applied and all inter-entity balances and transactions arising within the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full. Information on the consolidated entity's interests in other entities is at note 33.

#### 1.1 Objectives and activities

The Hospital is committed to a health system that produces positive health outcomes by focusing on health promotion, illness prevention, early intervention and achieving equitable health outcomes for the Limestone Coast region.

The Hospital is part of the SA Health portfolio providing health services for the Limestone Coast region. The Hospital is structured to contribute to the outcomes for which the portfolio is responsible by providing health and related services across the Limestone Coast region.

The Hospital is governed by a Board which is responsible for providing strategic oversight and monitoring the Hospital's financial and operational performance. The Board must comply with any direction of the Minister for Health and Wellbeing (the Minister) or Chief Executive of the Department.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the operations and affairs of the Hospital and is accountable to, and subject to the direction of, the Board in undertaking that function.

#### 1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurer's Instructions and accounting policy statements issued by the Treasurer under the *Public Finance and Audit Act* 1987; and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared based on a 12 month period and presented in Australian currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000). Any transactions in foreign currency are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rates at the date the transaction occurs. The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

Assets and liabilities that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle have been classified as current assets or current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Significant accounting policies are set out throughout the notes.

## 1.3 Taxation

The Hospital is not subject to income tax. The Hospital is liable for fringe benefits tax (FBT) and goods and services tax (GST).

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows.

#### 1.4 Continuity of operations

As at 30 June 2020, the Hospital had working capital deficiency of \$7.633 million. The SA Government is committed to continuing the delivery of hospital services to country and regional SA and accordingly it has demonstrated a commitment to the ongoing funding of the hospital.

#### 1.5 Equity

The asset revaluation surplus is used to record increments and decrements in the fair value of land, buildings and plant and equipment to the extent that they offset one another. Relevant amounts are transferred to retained earnings when an asset is derecognised.

#### 1.6 Changes to reporting entity

CHSALHN was dissolved on 1 July 2019. Six new entities were established to provide hospital, health and aged care services to country and regional SA. As per the *Health Care (Local Health Networks) Proclamation 2019* contained in the South Australian Government Gazette No 30, dated 27th June 2019, assets, rights and liabilities were transferred to the relevant entity, effective 1 July 2019. This resulted in the transfer of 1,530 employees and net assets of \$86.856 million to the Hospital as detailed below:

	Consolidated	Parent
Assets and liabilities transferred in were:	2020	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash	2,961	2,086
Receivables	3,994	3,989
Property, plant and equipment	112,375	81,657
Other assets	19,862	18,662
Total assets	139,192	106,394
Payables	4,553	4,553
Staff benefits	28,164	28,164
Provisions	1,390	1,390
Other liabilities	18,229	18,229
Total liabilities	52,336	52,336
Total net assets transferred in	86,856	54,058

## 1.7 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on SA Health

COVID-19 has been classified as a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation. SA Health is the Control Agency in SA for human disease pursuant to the *State Emergency Management Plan*. As at 30 June 2020, SA has had a total of 444 confirmed COVID cases. Noteworthy, between April 22 and 30 June, SA had only five new cases. Accordingly SA has minimised transmission of the virus and maintained containment of COVID-19 infection.

As the lead agency, SA Health has:

activated COVID-19 clinics in metro and regional SA

- increased hospital capacity through commissioning of temporary hospital capacity and diversion of activity to the private hospital system
- secured medical supplies and personal protective equipment to deliver COVID-19 services in a very high demand environment
- maximised community engagement
- managed workforce surge planning and up-skill training.

The material impacts on the Hospital's financial performance and financial position are outlined below:

- Additional financial assistance of \$0.317 million was received from the Commonwealth Government to assist the Hospital with its COVID-19 response for Residential Aged Care and Multi-Purpose sites. This funding was for all residential aged care providers to support the additional costs of caring for the health and wellbeing of residents.
- Hospital staff accessing special leave with pay for up to 15 days for absences related to COVID-19 situations \$0.067 million.
- Additional costs associated with public health activities (eg preparation of hospitals to respond and establishing testing clinics), purchases of personal protective equipment for staff, and non-clinical costs (eg additional hospital cleaning costs) were \$0.754 million.

Business continuity information is at note 1.4, impairment information is at note 14.1, estimates and judgements are at note 14.1, 20, 22.2 and 23.

#### 1.8 Change in accounting policy

#### AASB 16 Leases

AASB 16 *Leases* sets out a comprehensive model for lessee accounting that addresses recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. Lessor accounting is largely unchanged. AASB 16 replaces AASB 117 *Leases* and related interpretations.

The adoption of AASB 16 from 1 July 2019 resulted in adjustments to the amounts recognised from a lessee perspective in the financial statements and changes to accounting policies:

- AASB 117 required the recognition of an asset and liability in relation to only finance leases (not operating leases). AASB 16 will result in leases previously classified as an operating lease having right-of-use assets and lease liability being recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.
- AASB 117 required lessors to classify sublease arrangements on the basis of whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset had been transferred to the sublessee. Under AASB 16 classification is made on the basis of whether substantially all the risks and rewards associated with the right of use asset arising from the head lease have been transferred to the lessee. AASB 16 has resulted in the Hospital continuing to classify sub leases arrangements as operating leases.
- AASB 117 resulted in operating lease payments being recognises as an expense under Supplies and Services. AASB 16 largely replaces this with depreciation expense that represents the right-of-use asset and borrowing costs that represent the cost associated with financing the right-of-use asset.

AASB offers additional guidance on the definition of a lease term, along with the requirement to revalue an asset when the lease liability is revalued, which has required the hospital to reassess the lease liability transferred from the dissolved CHSALHN.

The impact on the Hospital was as below:

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
AASB 117	\$'000	\$'000
Buildings Under Finance Lease	31,736	31,736
Current Finance Lease Liability	(1,723)	(1,723)
Non Current Finance Lease Liability	(3,332)	(3,332)
GST relating to finance lease	459	459
Impact on Equity	27,140	27,140
AASB 16 Right of Use Building Current Lease Liability Non Current Lease Liability Impact on Equity	46,840 (2,541) (44,299)	46,840 (2,541) (44,299)
Net Impact on Equity	27,140	27,140

#### 1.9 Changes in presentation of financial statements

Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) issued 1 June 2020 removed the previous requirement for financial statements to be prepared using the net cost of services format. The Statement of Comprehensive Income and Statement of Cash Flows now show income before expenses, and cash receipts before cash payments. Related disclosures also reflect this changed format.

#### 2. Staff benefits expenses

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and wages	78,117	78,117
Targeted voluntary separation packages (refer 2.5)	49	49
Long service leave	1,624	1,624
Annual leave	7,139	7,139
Skills and experience retention leave	360	360
Staff on-costs - superannuation*	8,174	8,174
Workers compensation	787	787
Board and committee fees	171	171
Other staff related expenses	72	72
Total staff benefits expenses	96,493	96,493

\* The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents the Hospital's contribution to superannuation plans in respect of current services of staff. The Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) centrally recognises the superannuation liability in the whole-of-government financial statements.

#### 2.1 Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel (KMP) of the consolidated and parent entity includes the Minister, the governing board chair, the six members of the governing board, the Chief Executive of the Department, the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital and the ten members of the Executive Management Group who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the Hospital.

The compensation detailed below excludes salaries and other benefits received by:

- The Minister. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990* and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via the DTF) under section 6 of the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990*; and
- The Chief Executive of the Department. The Chief Executive is compensated by the Department and there is no requirement for the Hospital to reimburse those expenses.

2020

#### Compensation

	\$'000
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	1,508
Post-employment benefits	251
Total	1,759

The Hospital did not enter into any transactions with key management personnel or their close family during the reporting period that were not consistent with normal procurement arrangements.

#### 2.2 Remuneration of Boards and Committees

The number of board or committee members whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands is:

	2020 No. of Members
\$0	1
\$20,001 - \$40,000	5
\$40,001 - \$60,000	1
Total	7

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$0.186 million. Remuneration of members reflects all costs of performing board/committee member duties including sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits. In accordance with the Premier and Cabinet Circular No. 016, government employees did not receive any remuneration for board/committee duties during the financial year unless so exempted by the Minister.

Unless otherwise disclosed, transactions between members are on conditions no more favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the entity would have adopted if dealing with the related party at arm's length in the same circumstances.

Refer to note 34 for members of boards/committees that served for all or part of the financial year and were entitled to receive income from membership in accordance with APS 124.B.

2.3 Remuneration of staff
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\$275,000 - \$294,999 \$295,000 - \$314,999 \$335,000 - \$354,999 \$395,000 - \$414,999 \$415,000 - \$434,999 \$455,000 - \$474,999 \$475,000 - \$494,999	3 1 2 1 2 1 1	3 1 2 1 2 1 1 1
\$535,000 - \$554,999	1	1
\$615,000 - \$634,999	1	1
\$635,000 - \$654,999	2	2
Total number of staff	31	31

The table includes all staff who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of staff reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

## 2.4 Remuneration of staff by classification

The total remuneration received by staff included above:

		olidated 020		rent 020
	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000
Medical (excluding Nursing)	21	7,625	21	7,625
Executive	1	235	1	235
Nursing	9	1,565	9	1,565
Total	31	9,425	31	9,425

#### 2.5 Targeted voluntary separation packages

Consolidated	Parent
2020	2020
\$'000	\$'000
49	49
57	57
106	106
-	\$'000 49 57

The number of staff who received a TVSP during the reporting period	2	2

## 3. Supplies and services

ConsolidatedParent $2020$ $2020$ $3'000$ $3'000$ Administration9696Advertising2020Communication411411Computing1,9561,956Constaltants5555Contract of services173173Contractors - agency staff2,4192,449Drug supplies2,3122,312Electricity, gas and fuel1,6931,693Fee for service*15,32515,325Food supplies1,2741,274Internal SA Health SLA payments6,5446,544Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies367367Occurpancy rent and rates281281Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Stervices from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expenses8282Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expenses360360Other supplies and services360360Other supplies and services57,97257,972	3. Supplies and services		
Administration   96   96     Advertising   20   20     Communication   411   411     Computing   1,956   1,956     Consultants   55   55     Contract of services   173   173     Contractors - agency staff   2,449   2,449     Drug supplies   2,312   2,312     Electricity, gas and fuel   1,693   1,693     Fee for service*   15,325   15,325     Food supplies   1,770   1,770     Housekeeping   1,310   1,310     Insurace   1,274   1,274     Insurace   1,274   1,274     Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies   11,11   11,171     Minor equipment   569   569     Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies   1,304   1,304     Patient transport   1,304   1,304     Printing and stationery   489   489     Repairs and maintenance   4382   4,382     Services from Shared Services SA   1,273   1,273     Short term lease expense <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>			
Advertising2020Communication411411Computing1,9561,956Consultants5555Contract of services173173Contractors - agency staff2,4492,449Drug supplies2,3122,312Electricity, gas and fuel1,6931,693Fee for service*15,32515,325Food supplies1,7701,770Housekeeping1,3101,310Insurance1,2741,274Internal SA Health SLA payments6,5446,544Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Printing and stationery8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Cartard expenses360360Other supplies and services SA1,464446Cartard expenses360360Chartard Services SA1,2731,273Costage8282Cartard Services SA1,2731,273Costage8989Cartard Services SA360360Cother supplies and services360360Cother supplies and services360360Cother supplies and services360360Cother supplies and services360360Cother supplies and se		\$'000	\$'000
Communication   411   411     Computing   1,956   1,956     Consultants   55   55     Contractor of services   173   173     Contractors   45   45     Contractors - agency staff   2,449   2,449     Drug supplies   2,312   2,312     Electricity, gas and fuel   1,693   1,693     Fee for service*   15,325   15,325     Food supplies   1,770   1,770     Housekceping   1,310   1,310     Internal SA Health SLA payments   6,544   6,544     Legal   48   48     Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies   11,171   11,171     Minor equipment   569   569     Motor vehicle expenses   367   367     Occupancy rent and rates   281   281     Patient transport   1,804   1,304     Postage   188   188     Printing and stationery   489   489     Repairs and maintenance   432   432     Security   89   89  <	Administration	96	96
Computing     1,956     1,956       Consultants     55     55       Contract of services     173     173       Contractors     45     45       Contractors - agency staff     2,449     2,449       Drug supplies     2,312     2,312       Electricity, gas and fuel     1,693     1,693       Fee for service*     15,325     15,325       Food supplies     1,770     1,770       Huttenal SA Health SLA payments     6,544     6,544       Legal     48     48       Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies     11,171     11,171       Minor equipment     569     569       Motor vehicle expenses     367     367       Occupancy rent and rates     281     281       Patient transport     1,304     1,304       Postage     188     188       Printing and stationery     489     489       Repairs and maintenance     482     432       Security     89     89       Services from Shared Services SA     1	Advertising	20	20
Consultants     55     55       Contract of services     173     173       Contractors     45     45       Contractors - agency staff     2,449     2,449       Drug supplies     2,312     2,312       Electricity, gas and fuel     1,693     1,693       Fee for service*     15,325     15,325       Food supplies     1,770     1,770       Housekeeping     1,310     1,310       Insurance     1,274     1,274       Internal SA Health SLA payments     6,544     6,544       Legal     48     48       Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies     11,171     11,171       Minor equipment     569     569       Motor vehicle expenses     367     367       Occupancy rent and rates     281     281       Patient transport     1,304     1,304       Postage     188     188       Printing and stationery     499     489       Security     89     89       Sereurices from Shared Services SA     1,273<	Communication	411	411
Consultants     55     55       Contract of services     173     173       Contractors     45     45       Contractors - agency staff     2,449     2,449       Drug supplies     2,312     2,312       Electricity, gas and fuel     1,693     1,693       Fee for service*     15,325     15,325       Food supplies     1,770     1,770       Housekceping     1,310     1,310       Insurance     1,274     1,274       Internal SA Health SLA payments     6,544     6,544       Legal     48     48       Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies     11,171     11,171       Minor equipment     569     569       Motor vehicle expenses     367     367       Occupancy rent and rates     281     281       Patient transport     1,304     1,304       Postage     188     188       Printing and stationery     499     489       Security     89     89       Sereurity     89     89	Computing	1,956	1.956
Contractors $45$ $45$ Contractors - agency staff $2,449$ $2,449$ Drug supplies $2,312$ $2,312$ Electricity, gas and fuel $1,693$ $1,693$ Fee for service* $15,325$ $15,325$ Food supplies $1,770$ $1,770$ Housekeeping $1,310$ $1,310$ Insurance $1,274$ $1,274$ Internal SA Health SLA payments $6,544$ $6,544$ Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies $11,171$ $11,171$ Minor equipment $569$ $569$ Motor vehicle expenses $367$ $367$ Occupancy rent and rates $281$ $281$ Patient transport $1,304$ $1,304$ Postage $188$ $188$ Printing and stationery $489$ $489$ Repairs and maintenance $4,382$ $4,382$ Security $89$ $89$ Services from Shared Services SA $1,273$ $1,273$ Traviel expenses $360$ $360$ Other supplies and development $472$ $472$ Traviel expenses $360$ $360$ Other supplies and services $360$ $360$	Consultants		
Contractors - agency staff     2,449     2,449       Drug supplies     2,312     2,312       Electricity, gas and fuel     1,693     1,693       Fee for service*     15,325     15,325       Food supplies     1,770     1,770       Housekeeping     1,310     1,310       Insurance     1,274     1,274       Internal SA Health SLA payments     6,544     6,544       Legal     48     48       Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies     11,171     11,171       Minor equipment     569     569       Motor vehicle expenses     367     367       Occupancy rent and rates     281     281       Patient transport     1,304     1,304       Postage     188     188       Printing and stationery     489     489       Security     89     89       Services from Shared Services SA     1,273     1,273       Short term lease expense     82     82       Training and development     472     472       Traviel expens	Contract of services	173	173
Drug supplies   2,312   2,312     Electricity, gas and fuel   1,693   1,693     Fee for service*   15,325   15,325     Food supplies   1,770   1,770     Housekeeping   1,310   1,310     Insurance   1,274   1,274     Internal SA Health SLA payments   6,544   6,544     Legal   48   48     Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies   11,171   11,171     Minor equipment   569   569     Motor vehicle expenses   367   367     Occupancy rent and rates   281   281     Patient transport   1,304   1,304     Printing and stationery   489   489     Repairs and maintenance   4382   4,382     Security   89   89     Services from Shared Services SA   1,273   1,273     Short term lease expense   82   82     Training and development   472   472     Training and development   472   472     Training and development   472   472     Training and dev	Contractors	45	45
Drug supplies   2,312   2,312     Electricity, gas and fuel   1,693   1,693     Fee for service*   15,325   15,325     Food supplies   1,770   1,770     Housekeeping   1,310   1,310     Insurance   1,274   1,274     Internal SA Health SLA payments   6,544   6,544     Legal   48   48     Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies   11,171   11,171     Minor equipment   569   569     Motor vehicle expenses   367   367     Occupancy rent and rates   281   281     Patient transport   1,304   1,304     Printing and stationery   489   489     Repairs and maintenance   4382   4,382     Security   89   89     Services from Shared Services SA   1,273   1,273     Short term lease expense   82   82     Training and development   472   472     Training and development   472   472     Training and development   472   472     Training and dev	Contractors - agency staff	2,449	2,449
Electricity, gas and fuel   1,693   1,693     Fee for service*   15,325   15,325     Food supplies   1,770   1,770     Housekeeping   1,310   1,310     Insurance   1,274   1,274     Internal SA Health SLA payments   6,544   6,544     Legal   48   48     Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies   11,171   11,171     Minor equipment   569   569     Motor vehicle expenses   367   367     Occupancy rent and rates   281   281     Patient transport   1,304   1,304     Postage   188   188     Printing and stationery   89   89     Security   89   89     Services from Shared Services SA   1,273   1,273     Short term lease expense   82   82     Training and development   472   472     Travel expenses   360   360     Other supplies and services   360   360	Drug supplies	2,312	
Food supplies1,7701,770Housekeeping1,3101,310Insurance1,2741,274Internal SA Health SLA payments6,5446,544Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies11,17111,171Minor equipment569569Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Electricity, gas and fuel		
Housekeeping1,3101,310Insurance1,2741,274Internal SA Health SLA payments6,5446,544Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies11,17111,171Minor equipment569569Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Fee for service*	15,325	15,325
Insurance1,2741,274Internal SA Health SLA payments6,5446,544Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies11,17111,171Minor equipment569569Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Food supplies	1,770	1,770
Insurance1,2741,274Internal SA Health SLA payments6,5446,544Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies11,17111,171Minor equipment569569Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Housekeeping	1,310	1,310
Legal4848Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies11,17111,171Minor equipment569569Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Insurance	1,274	
Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies11,17111,171Minor equipment569569Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Internal SA Health SLA payments	6,544	6,544
Minor equipment569569Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464		48	48
Motor vehicle expenses367367Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies	11,171	11,171
Occupancy rent and rates281281Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Minor equipment	569	569
Patient transport1,3041,304Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Motor vehicle expenses	367	367
Postage188188Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Occupancy rent and rates	281	281
Printing and stationery489489Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Patient transport	1,304	1,304
Repairs and maintenance4,3824,382Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Postage	188	188
Security8989Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464			
Services from Shared Services SA1,2731,273Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Repairs and maintenance	4,382	4,382
Short term lease expense8282Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464			
Training and development472472Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Services from Shared Services SA	1,273	1,273
Travel expenses360360Other supplies and services1,4641,464	Short term lease expense	82	82
Other supplies and services 1,464 1,464			=
		360	360
Total supplies and services57,97257,972			
	Total supplies and services	57,972	57,972

\* Fee for Service primarily relates to medical services provided by doctors not employed by the Hospital.

The Hospital recognises lease payments associated with short term leases (12 months or less) as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease commitments for short term leases is similar to short term lease expenses disclosed.

#### Consultants

The number of consultancies and dollar amount paid/payable (included in supplies and service expense) to consultants that fell within the following bands

		nsolidated 020	20	Parent 20
	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000
Above \$10,000	2	55	2	55
Total	2	55	2	55

## 4. Grants and subsidies

The Hospital provided \$1.310 million in funding to non-government organisations to assist in maintaining vital health services in the Limestone coast region.

## 5. Borrowing costs

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Lease costs	858	858
Interest paid/payable	5	5
Total borrowing cost	863	863

The Hospital does not capitalise borrowing costs. The total borrowing costs from financial liabilities not at fair value through the profit and loss was \$0.866 million.

#### 6. Other expenses

	Consolidated	Parent	
	2020	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Debts written off	124	124	
Bank fees and charges	3	3	
Donated assets expense	-	15	
Other*	213	213	
Total other expenses	340	355	

Donated assets expense includes transfer of buildings and improvements and is recorded as expenditure at their fair value.

\* Includes Audit fees paid or payable to the Auditor-General's Department relating to work performed under the *Public Finance and Audit Act* of \$0.148 million. No other services were provided by the Auditor-General's Department. Payments to Galpins Accountants Auditors and Business Consultants were \$0.031 million for HAC and aged care audit services.

## 7. Fees and charges

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Insurance recoveries	16	16
Patient and client fees	6,051	6,051
Private practice fees	556	556
Recoveries	6,264	6,264
Residential and other aged care charges	4,104	4,104
Sale of goods - medical supplies	584	584
Other user charges and fees	213	213
Total fees and charges	17,788	17,788

The Hospital measures revenue based on the consideration specified in a major contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Hospital satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

The Hospital recognises contract liabilities for consideration received in respect of unsatisfied performance obligations and reports these amounts as other liabilities (refer to note 24).

The Hospital recognises revenue (contract from customers) at a point in time primarily from external customers including from the following major sources:

#### Patient and Client Fees

Public health care is free for medicare eligible customers. Non-medicare eligible customers pay in arrears to stay overnight in a public hospital and to receive medical assessment, advice, treatment and care from a health professional. These charges may include doctors, surgeons, anesthetist, pathology, radiology services etc. Revenue from these services is recognised on a time-and-material basis as services are provided. Any amounts remaining unpaid at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable.

#### Residential and other aged care charges

Long stay nursing home fees include daily care fee and daily accommodation fees. Residents pay fortnightly in arrears for services rendered and accommodation supplied. Any amounts remaining unpaid or unbilled at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable.

#### Recoveries

Where the Hospital has incurred an expense on behalf of another entity, payment is recovered from the other entity by way of a recharge of the cost incurred. Recoveries can relate to the recharge of salaries and wages or various goods and services. Revenue from these services are recognised on a time-and-material basis as services are provided.

## 8. Grants and contributions

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Commonwealth grants	12,085	12,085
Commonwealth aged care subsidies	7,796	7,796
SA Government capital contributions	-	16
Other SA Government grants and contributions	705	819
Private sector grants and contributions	98	98
Total grants and contributions	20,684	20,814

The grants received are usually subject to terms and conditions set out in the contract, correspondence, or by legislation.

The \$20.684 million received during the reporting period was provided for specific purposes such as aged care, community health services and other related health services.

## 9. Resources received free of charge

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Plant and equipment	166	166
Services	1,261	1,261
Total resources received free of charge	1,427	1,427

Resources received free of charge include plant and equipment and are recorded at their fair value.

Contribution of services are recognised only when a fair value can be determined reliably and the services would be purchased if they had not been donated. The Hospital receives Financial Accounting, Taxation, Payroll, Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable services from Shared Services SA free of charge, following Cabinet's approval to cease intra-government charging.

In addition, although not recognised, the Hospital receives volunteer services from around 350 volunteers whom provide patient and staff support services to individuals using the Hospitals services. The services include but are not limited to: social support groups, Meals on Wheels, administrative assistance and patient visitations.

## 10. Net gain/(loss) from disposal of non-current and other assets

The hospital disposed of assets with a value of \$0.029 million for nil consideration.

## 11. Other revenues/income

	Consolidated	Parent
	2020	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Donations	182	66
Other	64	61
Total other revenues/income	246	127

## 12. Revenues from SA Government

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Capital funding	4,831	4,831
Recurrent funding	118,871	118,871
Total revenues from SA Government	123,702	123,702

The Department provides recurrent and capital funding under a service level agreement to the Hospital for the provision of general health services. Contributions from the Department are recognised as revenue when the Hospital obtains control over the funding. Control over the funding is normally obtained upon receipt.

#### **13.** Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolidated 2020 \$'000	Parent 2020
		\$'000
Cash at bank or on hand	2,613	1,715
Deposits with Treasurer: general operating	2,477	2,477
Deposits with Treasurer: special purpose funds	341	341
Total cash	5,431	4,533

Cash is measured at nominal amounts. The Hospital operates through the Department's general operating account held with the Treasurer and does not earn interest on this account. Interest is earned on HAC and GFT bank accounts and accounts holding aged care funds, including refundable deposits. Of the \$5.431 million held, \$1.591 million relates to aged care refundable deposits

## 14. Receivables

	Consolidated	Parent
Current	2020 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Patient/client fees: compensable	902	902
Patient/client fees: aged care	273	273
Patient/client fees: other	891	891
Debtors	887	887
Less: allowance for impairment loss on receivables	(480)	(480)
Prepayments	6	6
Interest	34	32
Workers compensation provision recoverable	234	234
Sundry receivables and accrued revenue	622	622
GST input tax recoverable	99	99
Total current receivables	3,468	3,466
Non-current		
Debtors	11	11
Workers compensation provision recoverable	391	391

Workers compensation provision recoverable     Total non-current receivables	402	<u> </u>
Total receivables	3,870	3,868

Receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other agencies and to the public. The Hospitals trading terms for receivables are generally 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement. Receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing. Receivables are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and they are measured at amortised cost.

Other than as recognised in the allowance for impairment loss on receivables, it is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

#### 14.1 Impairment loss on receivables

The Hospital has adopted the simplified impairment approach under AASB 9 and measured lifetime expected credit losses on all trade receivables using a provision matrix as a practical expedient to measure the impairment provision.

Movement in the allowance for impairment loss on receivables:

	Consolidated	Parent	
	2020	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Transfer from administrative restructure	107	107	
Increase in allowance recognised in profit or loss	373	373	
Carrying amount at the end of the period	480	480	

Impairment losses related to receivables arising from contracts with customers that are external to the SA Government Refer to note 31 for details regarding credit risk and the methodology for determining impairment.

## 15. Other financial assets

The consolidated entity holds term deposits of \$19.354 million (\$18.164 million parent) of which \$11.549 million relates to aged care refundable deposits, with the remaining funds primarily relating to aged care. These deposits are measured at amortised cost. There is no impairment on term deposits.

## 16. Inventories

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Drug supplies	152	152
Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies	411	411
Food and hotel supplies	87	87
Engineering supplies	11	11
Other	27	27
Total current inventories - held for distribution	688	688

All inventories are held for distribution at no or nominal consideration and are measured at the lower of average weighted cost and replacement cost. The amount of any inventory write-down to net realisable value/replacement cost or inventory losses are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurred. Any write-down reversals are also recognised as an expense reduction.

## 17. Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets

## 17.1 Acquisition and recognition

Property, plant and equipment owned by the hospital are initially recorded on a cost basis and subsequently measured at fair value. Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at their fair value in the Statement of Financial Position. Where assets are acquired at no or nominal value as part of a restructure of administrative arrangements, the assets are recorded at the value held by the transferor public authority prior to the restructure.

The Hospital capitalises owned property, plant and equipment with a value equal to or in excess of \$10,000. Assets recorded as works in progress represent projects physically incomplete as at the reporting date. Componentisation of complex assets is generally performed when the complex asset's fair value at the time of acquisition is equal to or greater than \$5 million for infrastructure assets and \$1 million for other assets.

#### 17.2 Depreciation and amortisation

The residual values, useful lives, depreciation and amortisation methods of all major assets held by the Hospital are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate on an annual basis. Changes in expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate.

Depreciation and amortisation is calculated on a straight line basis. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets depreciation and amortisation are calculated over the estimated useful life as follows:

Class of asset	<u>Useful life (years)</u>
Buildings and improvements Right of use buildings Leasehold improvements Plant and equipment:	10 - 80 Lease term Lease term
• Medical, surgical, dental and biomedical equipment and furniture	2 - 20
Computing equipment	3 - 5
• Vehicles	2 - 20
• Other plant and equipment Right of use plant and equipment	3 - 30 Lease term

#### **17.3 Revaluation**

All non-current tangible assets owned by the hospital are subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation (written down current cost).

Revaluation of non-current assets or a group of assets is only performed when the asset's fair value at the time of acquisition is greater than \$1 million and the estimated useful life exceeds three years. If at any time management considers that the carrying amount of an asset greater than \$1 million materially differs from its fair value, then the asset will be revalued regardless of when the last revaluation took place.

Non-current tangible assets that are acquired between revaluations are held at cost until the next valuation, where they are revalued to fair-value.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amounts of the assets and the net amounts are restated to the revalued amounts of the asset. Upon disposal or derecognition, any asset revaluation surplus relating to that asset is transferred to retained earnings.

#### **17.4 Impairment**

The Hospital holds its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets for their service potential (value in use). Specialised assets would rarely be sold and typically any costs of disposal would be negligible, accordingly the recoverable amount will be closer to or greater than fair value. Where there is an indication of impairment, the recoverable amount is estimated. Fair value is assessed each year. There were no indications of impairment of property, plant and equipment or intangibles as at 30 June 2020.

#### 17.5 Land and buildings

Fair value of unrestricted land was determined using the market approach. The valuation was based on recent market transactions for similar land and buildings (non-specialised) in the area and includes adjustment for factors specific to the land and buildings being valued such as size, location and current use.

For land classified as restricted in use, fair value was determined using and adjustment to factors to reflect the restriction.

Fair value of specific land and buildings was determined using depreciated replacement cost, due to there not being an active market for such land and buildings. The depreciated replacement cost considered the need for ongoing provision of government services; specialised nature of the assets, including the restricted use of the assets; their size, condition and location. The valuation was based on a combination of internal records, specialised knowledge and acquisitions/transfer costs.

#### 17.6 Plant and equipment

Value of plant and equipment is deemed to approximate fair value.

#### 17.7 Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recorded at cost and there were no indications of impairment. Additions to right-of-use assets during 2019-20 were \$0.877 million.

## 18. Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment

## The following table shows the movement: Consolidated

2019-20	Land and b	uildings:				Plant and eq	uipment:			
	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	Capital works in progress land and buildings \$'000	Accommodation and Leasehold improve-ments \$'000	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	Other plant and equipment \$'000	Right-of- use plant and equipment \$'000	Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Acquisitions through administrative	4,154	56,679	47,200	926	16,277	1,592	1,013	430	-	128,271
restructuring							10	50.4	16	
Additions	-	207	373	4,371	23	236	47	504	16	5,777
Assets received free of charge	-	-	-	-	-	76	90	-	-	166
Disposals	-		-	-	-	-	(29)	(24)	-	(53)
Subtotal:	4,154	56,886	47,573	5,297	16,300	1,904	1,121	910	16	134,161
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net										
result:										
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(2,837)	(1,910)	-	(420)	(501)	(147)	(321)	-	(6,136)
Subtotal:	-	(2,837)	(1,910)	-	(420)	(501)	(147)	(321)	-	(6,136)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	4,154	54,049	45,663	5,297	15,880	1,403	974	589	16	128,025
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	4,154	58,374	47,492	5,297	16,300	2,285	1,121	839	16	135,878
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	-	(4, 325)	(1,829)	-	(420)	(882)	(147)	(250)	-	(7,853)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	4,154	54,049	45,663	5,297	15,880	1,403	974	589	16	128,025

All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 21 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

## Parent

2019-20	Land and b	uildings:		Conital		Plant and eq	uipment:		Conital	
	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	Capital works in progress land and buildings \$'000	Accommodation and Leasehold improve-ments \$'000	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	Other plant and equipment \$'000	Right-of- use plant and equipment \$'000	Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Acquisitions through administrative	2,517	27,596	47,200	926	16,277	1,592	1,013	430	-	97,551
restructuring Additions	_	207	373	4,371	23	236	47	504	16	5,777
Assets received free of charge		207	515	4,571	25	76	90	- 504	10	166
Disposals	_	-	_	_	-		(29)	(24)	_	(53)
Donated assets disposal	-	(15)	-	-	-	_	(25)	()	-	(15)
Subtotal:	2,517	27,788	47,573	5,297	16,300	1,904	1,121	910	16	103,426
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net										
result:										
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(1,456)	(1,910)	-	(420)	(501)	(147)	(321)	-	(4,755)
Subtotal:	-	(1,456)	(1,910)	-	(420)	(501)	(147)	(321)	-	(4,755)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	2,517	26,332	45,663	5,297	15,880	1,403	974	589	16	98,671
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	2,517	27,788	47,492	5,297	16,300	2,285	1,121	839	16	103,655
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	-	(1,456)	(1,829)	-	(420)	(882)	(147)	(250)	-	(4,984)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	2,517	26,332	45,663	5,297	15,880	1,403	974	589	16	98,671

All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 21 for details about the lease liability for right-ofuse assets.

#### 19. Fair value measurement

The Hospital classifies fair value measurement using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements, based on the data and assumptions used in the most recent revaluation:

- Level 1 traded in active markets, and is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at measurement date.
- Level 2 not traded in an active market, and are derived from inputs (inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 not traded in an active market, and are derived from unobservable inputs.

The Hospital's current use is the highest and best use of the asset unless other factors suggest an alternative use. As the Hospital did not identify any factors to suggest an alternative use, fair value measurement was based on current use. The carrying amount of non-financial assets with a fair value at the time of acquisition that was less than \$1 million or an estimated useful life that was less than three years are deemed to approximate fair value.

Refer to notes 17 and 19.2 and for disclosure regarding fair value measurement techniques and inputs used to develop fair value measurements for non-financial assets.

#### 19.1 Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of non-financial assets must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The Hospital categorises non-financial assets measured at fair value at level 3 which are all recurring. There are no non-recurring fair value measurements.

The Hospital's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. During 2020, the Hospital had no valuations categorised into level 1 or level 2.

#### 19.2 Valuation techniques and inputs

Due to the predominantly specialised nature of health service assets, the majority of land and buildings have been undertaken using a cost approach (depreciated replacement cost), an accepted valuation methodology under AASB 13. The extent of unobservable inputs and professional judgement required in valuing these assets is significant, and as such they are deemed to have been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs.

Unobservable inputs used to arrive at final valuation figures included:

- Estimated remaining useful life, which is an economic estimate and by definition, is subject to economic influences;
- Cost rate, which is the estimated cost to replace an asset with the same service potential as the asset undergoing valuation (allowing for over-capacity), and based on a combination of internal records including: refurbishment and upgrade costs, historical construction costs, functional utility users, industry construction guides, specialised knowledge and estimated acquisition/transfer costs;
- Characteristics of the asset, including condition, location, any restrictions on sale or use and the need for ongoing provision of Government services;
- Effective life, being the expected life of the asset assuming general maintenance is undertaken to enable functionality but no upgrades are incorporated which extend the technical life or functional capacity of the asset; and
- Depreciation methodology, noting that AASB 13 dictates that regardless of the depreciation methodology adopted, the exit price should remain unchanged.

## 20. Payables

	Consolidated	Parent	
	2020	2020	
Current	\$'000	\$'000	
Creditors and accrued expenses	3,379	3,379	
Paid Parental Leave Scheme	38	38	
Staff on-costs*	1,205	1,205	
Other payables	74	74	
Total current payables	4,696	4,696	
Non-current			
Staff on-costs*	636	636	
Total non-current payables	636	636	
Total payables	5,332	5,332	

Payables are measured at nominal amounts. Creditors and accruals are raised for all amounts owed and unpaid. Sundry creditors are normally settled within 30 days from the date the invoice is first received. Staff on-costs are settled when the respective staff benefits that they relate to are discharged. All payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of payables approximates net fair value due to their short term nature.

\*Staff on-costs include Return to Work SA levies and superannuation contributions. The Hospital makes contributions to several State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to the South Australian Superannuation Board and externally managed superannuation schemes.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by DTF, the portion of long service leave taken as leave is 38%, and the average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation on-costs is 9.8%. These rates are used in the employment on-cost calculation.

The Paid Parental Leave Scheme payable represents amounts which the Hospital has received from the Commonwealth Government to forward onto eligible staff via the Hospital's standard payroll processes. That is, the Hospital is acting as a conduit through which the payment to eligible staff is made on behalf of the Family Assistance Office.

Refer to note 31 for information on risk management.

## 21. Financial liabilities

	Consolidated	Parent
	2020	2020
Current	\$'000	\$'000
Borrowings from SA Government	81	81
Lease liabilities	3,056	3,056
Total current financial liabilities	3,137	3,056 3,137
Non-current	\$'000	\$'000
Lease liabilities	42,280	42,280
Total non-current financial liabilities	42,280	42,280
Total financial link little	45.415	AP 449
Total financial liabilities	45,417	45,417

The Hospital measures financial liabilities including borrowings at amortised cost. Lease Liabilities have been measured via discounting lease payments using either the interest rate implicit in the lease (where it is readily determined) or Treasury's incremental borrowing rate. There were no defaults or breaches on any of the above liabilities throughout the year.

Refer to note 31 for information on risk management.

#### 21.1 Leasing activities

The Hospital has a number of lease agreements. Lease terms vary in length from 1 to 35 years. Major lease activities include the use of:

- Properties buildings are mainly leased from the private sector for office space or accommodation for clients, locums and students. Generally property leases are non-cancellable with many having the right of renewal. Rent is payable in arrears, with increases generally linked to CPI increases. Prior to renewal, most lease arrangements undergo a formal rent review linked to market appraisals or independent valuers.
- Health Facilities Mt Gambier Hospital lease commenced in June 1997 and is for 25 years with an option to renew for 10 years. After 35 years the land and buildings revert to the Hospital. The base rental for the 25 year term increases according to CPI each quarter. For the 10 year renewal, the rental is set out as part of the new lease agreement, .
- Motor vehicles leased from the South Australian Government Financing Authority (SAFA) through their agent LeasePlan Australia. The leases are non-cancellable and the vehicles are leased for a specified time period (usually 3 years) or a specified number of kilometres, whichever occurs first.

The Hospital has not committed to any lease arrangements that have not commenced. The Hospital has entered into two sub-lease arrangements outside of SA Health, which have continued to be recognised as operating leases.

Refer note 17 and 18 for details about the right of use assets (including depreciation) and note 5 for financing costs associated with these leasing activities.

# 21.2 Concessional lease arrangements

The Hospital has no concessional lease arrangements.

#### 21.3 Maturity analysis

A maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on undiscounted gross cash flows is reported in the table below:

	Consolidated	Parent	
	2020	2020	
Lease Liabilities	\$'000	\$'000	
1 to 3 years	7,577	7,577	
3 to 5 years	7,877	7,877	
5 to 10 years	22,007	22,007	
More than 10 years	9,919	9,919	
Total lease liabilities (undiscounted)	47,380	47,380	

## 22. Staff benefits

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
Current	\$'000	\$'000
Accrued salaries and wages	2,977	2,977
Annual leave	8,100	8,100
Long service leave	1,495	1,495
Skills and experience retention leave	564	564
Total current staff benefits	13,136	13,136
Non-current		
Long service leave	16,513	16,513
Total non-current staff benefits	16,513	16,513
Total staff benefits	29,649	29,649

Staff benefits accrue as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Long-term staff benefits are measured at present value and short-term staff benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

#### 22.1 Salaries and wages, annual leave, skills and experience retention leave and sick leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at the reporting date.

The annual leave liability and the skills and experience retention leave liability is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

No provision has been made for sick leave, as all sick leave is non-vesting, and the average sick leave taken in future years by employees is estimated to be less than the annual entitlement for sick leave.

#### 22.2 Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by staff up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

AASB 119 *Employee Benefits* contains the calculation methodology for long service leave liability. The actuarial assessment performed by DTF has provided a basis for the measurement of long service leave and is based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of staff departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on staff data over SA Government entities and the health sector across government.

AASB 119 requires the use of the yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds as the discount rate in the measurement of the long service leave liability. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds is 0.75%, which is used as the rate to discount future long service leave cash flows. The actuarial assessment performed by DTF determined the salary inflation rate to be 2.5% for long service leave liability and 2.0% for annual leave and skills, experience and retention leave liability.

#### 23. Provisions

Provisions represent workers compensation

Reconciliation of workers compensation (statutory and non-statutory)

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Transfer through administrative restructuring	1,390	1,390
Increase in provisions recognised (per calculation)	400	400
Reductions arising from payments/other sacrifices of future economic benefits	(139)	(139)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	1,651	1,651

#### Workers compensation statutory provision

The Hospital is an exempt employer under the *Return to Work Act 2014*. Under a scheme arrangement, the Hospital is responsible for the management of workers rehabilitation and compensation, and is directly responsible for meeting the cost of workers' compensation claims and the implementation and funding of preventive programs.

Although the Department provides funds to the Hospital for the settlement of lump sum and redemption payments, the cost of these claims, together with other claim costs, are met directly by the Hospital, and are thus reflected as an expense from ordinary activities in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The workers compensation provision is an actuarial estimate of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2020 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment. The provision is for the estimated cost of ongoing payments to staff as required under current legislation. The liability covers claims incurred but not yet paid, incurred but not reported and the anticipated direct and indirect costs of settling these claims. There is a high level of uncertainty as to the valuation of the liability (including future claim costs). The liability for outstanding claims is measured as the present value of the expected future payments reflecting the fact that all claims do not have to be paid in the immediate future.

## Workers compensation non-statutory provision

Additional insurance/compensation for certain work related injuries has been introduced for most public sector employees through various enterprise bargaining agreements and industrial awards. This insurance/compensation is intended to provide continuing benefits to non-seriously injured workers who have suffered eligible work-related injuries and whose entitlements have ceased under the statutory workers compensation scheme.

The workers compensation non-statutory provision is an actuarial assessment of the outstanding claims liability, provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment. There is a high level of uncertainty as to the valuation of the liability (including future claim costs), this is largely due to the enterprise bargaining agreements and industrial awards being in place for a short period of time and the emerging experience is unstable. The average claim size has been estimated based on applications to date and this may change as more applications are made. As at 30 June 2020 the Hospital recognised a workers compensation non-statutory provision of \$0.076 million.

#### 24. Contract liabilities and other liabilities

	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
Current	\$'000	\$'000
Contract liabilities	1,751	1,751
Residential aged care bonds	13,137	13,137
Other	9	9
Total contract liabilities and other liabilities	14,897	14,897

Residential aged care bonds are accommodation bonds, refundable accommodation contributions and refundable accommodation deposits. These are non-interest bearing deposits made by aged care facility residents to the Hospital upon their admission to residential accommodation. The liability for accommodation is carried at the amount that would be payable on exit of the resident. This is the amount received on entry of the resident less applicable deductions for fees and retentions pursuant to the *Aged Care Act* 1997. Residential aged care bonds are classified as current liabilities as the Hospital does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. The obligation to settle could occur at any time. Once a refunding event occurs the other liability becomes interest bearing. The interest rate applied is the prevailing interest rate at the time as prescribed by the Commonwealth Department of Health.

## 25. Cash flow reconciliation

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position	5,431	4,533
Cash as per Statement of Financial Position	5,431	4,533
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	5,431	4,533
Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to net result:		
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,715	7,724
Add/less non-cash items		
Asset donated free of charge	-	(15)
Capital revenues	3,043	3,043
Depreciation and amortisation expense of non-current assets	(6,136)	(4,755)
Gain/(loss) on sale or disposal of non-current assets	(29)	(29)
Resources received free of charge	166	166
Interest credited directly to investments	179	161
Movement in assets/liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in inventories	(17)	(17)
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	(125)	(128)
(Increase)/decrease in other liabilities	(1,928)	(1,928)
(Increase)/decrease in payables and provisions	(677)	(677)
(Increase)/decrease in staff benefits	(1,485)	(1,485)
Net result	706	2,060

Total cash outflows for leases is \$4.006 million.

## 26. Unrecognised contractual commitments

#### 26.1 Expenditure commitments

Expenditure commitments	Consolidated 2020	Parent 2020
Within one year	<b>\$'000</b> 2,057	<b>\$'000</b> 2,057
Later than one year but not longer than five years	1,124	1,124
Total other expenditure commitments	3,181	3,181

The Hospital expenditure commitments are for agreements for goods and services ordered but not received. The Hospital also has commitments to provide funding to various non-government organisations in accordance with negotiated service agreements in regards to the maintenance of the Mt Gambier Hospital. The value of these commitments as at 30 June 2020 has not been quantified.

## 27. Trust funds

The Hospital holds money in trust on behalf of consumers that reside in LHN facilities whilst the consumer is receiving residential aged care services. As the Hospital only performs a custodial role in respect of trust monies, they are excluded from the financial statements as the Hospital cannot use these funds to achieve its objectives.

	2020
	\$'000
Transfers in from administrative restructure	3
Client trust receipts	4
Client trust payments	(1)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	6

## 28. Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed within this note and, if quantifiable are measured at nominal value.

#### 28.1 Contingent Assets

The Hospital is not aware of any contingent assets.

#### 28.2 Contingent Liabilities

Under the Act, all real property except for property associated with Crown Land of the former Hospitals and Health Centre entities was to be transferred to the associated HAC. To date a limited number of real properties have not transferred to the HACs as the vesting instruments have not been finalised or there is a requirement to seek clarification from Crown Law regarding encumbrances on some properties and whether a HAC can hold property that is encumbered. Given the uncertainty of the outcome of the advice sought from Crown Law it is not possible to reliably measure the value of the real property that could transfer to the HACs in the future. Similarly, it is not possible to determine when the vesting instruments will be finalised or to reliably measure the value of the real property that will transfer to the HACs at that time.

#### 28.3 Guarantees

The Hospital has made no guarantees.

## 29. Events after balance date

Adjustments are made to amounts recognised in the financial statements, where an event occurs after 30 June and before the date the financial statements are authorised for issue, where those events provide information about conditions that existed at 30 June.

Prior to 30 June, members of the Australian Nurses and Midwifery Federation supported a new public sector Nursing and Midwifery (SA Public Sector) Enterprise Agreement (EA), and accordingly an application for a new EA was submitted to the South Australian Employment Tribunal (SAET) (also prior to 30 June). The SAET approved the application on 16 July 2020. Amongst other matters, the new EA provides for a 2% increase in salary and wages (and certain allowances) from 1 January 2020. The financial statements have been adjusted for this event as the condition that triggered the liability existed at or before 30 June.

## 30. Impact of Standards not yet implemented

The Hospital has assessed the impact of the new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet implemented and changes to the Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer. There are no Accounting Policy Statements that are not yet in effect.

- AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors applies from 1 July 2020 The Hospital has assessed the Mount Gambier public private partnership arrangements under the new standard and formed the view that these arrangements are not service concession arrangements as the Hospital (the Grantor) provides the public service and not the operator. Accordingly this standard will not have an impact on the Hospitals financial statements.
- Amending Standards AASB 2018-6 and AASB 2018-7 will apply from 1 July 2020 and AASB 2014-10, AASB 2015-10, AASB 2017-5 will apply from 1 July 2022. Although applicable to the Hospital, these amending standards are not expected to have an impact on the Hospital's financial statements. SA Health will update its policies, procedures and work instructions, where required, to reflect changes to the definition of a business, definition of materiality, and the additional clarification of requirements for a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.

## 31. Financial instruments/financial risk management

#### 31. 1 Financial risk management

The Hospital's exposure to financial risk (liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk) is low due to the nature of the financial instruments held.

#### Liquidity Risk

The Hospital is funded principally from appropriation by the SA Government. The Hospital works with DTF to determine the cash flows associated with the SA Government approved program of work and to ensure funding is provided through SA Government budgetary processes to meet the expected cash flows. Refer to note 1.4, 20 and 21 for further information.

#### Credit risk

The Hospital has policies and procedures in place to ensure that transactions occur with customers with appropriate credit history. The Hospital has minimal concentration of credit risk. No collateral is held as security and no credit enhancements relate to financial assets held by the Hospital. Refer to notes 14 and 15 for further information.

#### Market risk

The Hospital does not engage in high risk hedging for its financial assets. Exposure to interest rate risk may arise through interest bearing liabilities, including borrowings. The Hospital's residential aged care refundable deposits become interest bearing once a refunding event occurs as per Note 24. There is no exposure to foreign currency or other price risks.

#### **31.2 Categorisation of financial instruments**

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in the respective financial asset / financial liability note.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost. Amounts relating to statutory receivables and payables (e.g. Commonwealth taxes; Auditor-General's Department audit fees etc.) and prepayments are excluded as they are not financial assets or liabilities. Receivables and Payables at amortised cost are \$3.140 million and \$3.323 million respectively.

#### 31.3 Credit risk exposure and impairment of financial assets

Loss allowances for receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss using the simplified approach in AASB 9.

A provision matrix is used to measure the ECL of receivables from non-government debtors. The ECL of government debtors is considered to be nil based on the external credit ratings and nature of the counterparties. Impairment losses are presented as net impairment losses within net result.

The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. Receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery and not subject to enforcement activity. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the failure of a debtor to enter into a payment plan with the Department.

To measure the ECL, receivables are grouped based on days past due and debtor types that have similar risk characteristics and loss patterns (i.e. by patient and sundry, compensable and aged care), including any changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The Hospital considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort; about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Hospital's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customers' actual default in the future.

Loss rates are calculated based on the probability of a receivable progressing through stages to write off based on the common risk characteristics of the transaction and debtor. The following table provides information about the credit risk exposure and ECL for non-government debtors:

	30 June 2020 Gross		
	Expected credit loss rate(s) %	carrying	Expected credit losses \$'000
Days past due			
Current	0.2-3.5%	1,025	23
<30 days	0.4-5%	283	9
31-60 days	2.2-11.1%	201	12
61-90 days	3.8-13.1%	149	11
91-120 days	4.4-17.3%	178	26
121-180 days	6-22.4%	229	43
181-360 days	6.6-39.1%	379	120
361-540 days	27.4-70.6%	183	84
>540 days	33-80.9%	241	152
Total	1	2,868	480

## 32. Significant transactions with government related entities

The Hospital is controlled by the SA Government.

Related parties of the Hospital include all key management personnel, and their close family members; all Cabinet Ministers and their close family members; and all public authorities that are controlled and consolidated into the whole of government financial statements and other interests of the Government.

Significant transactions with the SA Government are identifiable throughout this financial report.

The Hospital received funding from the SA Government via the Department (note 12), and incurred significant expenditure via the Department for medical, surgical and laboratory supplies, computing and insurance (note 3). The Department transferred capital works in progress of \$3.043 million to the Hospital. The Hospital incurred significant expenditure with the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI) for property repairs and maintenance of \$2.048 million (note 3). As at 30 June the outstanding balance payable to DPTI was \$0.584 million (note 20).

## 33. Interests in other entities

The Hospital has interests in a number of other entities as detailed below.

#### **Controlled Entities**

The Hospital has effective control over, and a 100% interest in, the net assets of the associated HACs. The HACs were established as a consequence of the Act being enacted and certain assets, rights and liabilities of the former Hospitals and Incorporated Health Centres were vested in them with the remainder being vested in the Hospital.

By proclamation dated 26 June 2008, the following assets, rights and liabilities were vested in the Incorporated HACs:

- all real property, including any estate, interest or right in, over or in respect of such property except for all assets, rights and liabilities associated with any land
- all real property, including any estate, interest or right in, over or in respect of such property except for all assets, rights and liabilities associated with any land dedicated under any legislation dealing with Crown land; and
- all funds and personal property held on trust and bank accounts and investments that are solely constituted by the proceeds of fundraising except for all gift funds, and other funds or personal property constituting gifts or deductible contributions under the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (Commonwealth).

The HAC have no powers to direct or make decisions with respect to the management and administration of Limestone Coast Local Health Network.

The Hospital also has effective control over, and a 100% interest in, the net assets of the associated GFTs. The GFT's were established by virtue of a deed executed between the Department for Health and Wellbeing and the individual HAC.

Health Advisory Council			
<b>Incorporated HACs and GFTs</b>			
Bordertown and District Health Advisory	Kingston/Robe Health Advisory	Millicent and Districts Health Advisory	
Council Inc	Council Inc	Council Inc	
Mount Gambier and Districts Health	Naracoorte Area Health Advisory	Penola and Districts Health Advisory	
Advisory Council Inc	Council Inc	Council Inc	
Bordertown and District Health Advisory	Kingston/Robe Health Advisory	Millicent and Districts Health Advisory	
Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	
Mount Gambier and Districts Health	Naracoorte Area Health Advisory	Penola and Districts Health Advisory	
Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	

## 34. Board and committee members

Members of boards/committees that served for all or part of the financial year and were entitled to receive income from membership in accordance with APS124.B were:

	Government		
	employee		
Board/Committee name:	members	Other members	
Limestone Coast Local Health Network Governing Board	2	King G (Chair), Brown, G, Cook L, Irving J, Johnson A	

Refer to note 2.2 for remuneration of board and committee members