Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2020



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To the Presiding Officer South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Board

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission and the consolidated entity comprising the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission and the emergency services sector for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission as at 30 June 2020, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2020
- notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Statement of Administered Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Administered Financial Position as at 30 June 2020
- a Statement of Administered Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2020
- notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for administered items
- a Certificate from the Presiding Officer, the Chief Executive and the Manager Financial Services.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including Independence Standards) have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive and the Board for the financial report

The Chief Executive is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Board is responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* section 21(2) of the *Fire and Emergency Services Act 2005*, I have audited the financial report of South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

• identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my

opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive and Board about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Andrew Richardson Auditor-General 24 September 2020

Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

We certify that the attached general-purpose financial statements for the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission:

- comply with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under section 41 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987, and relevant Australian Accounting Standards
- are in accordance with the accounts and records of the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission
- present a true and fair view of the financial position of the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission as at 30 June 2020 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.

We certify that the internal controls employed by the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of the general purpose financial statements have been effective throughout the reporting period.

Dominic Lane Presiding Officer South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Board / \$ September 2020

Dominic Lane Chief Executive /f^{*}September 2020

Iolanda Calabrese Manager Financial Services V & September 2020

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2020

		Consolidated		Consolidated SAFECOM I	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Income					
Contribution from the Community					
Emergency Services Fund	2.1	302 970	280 394	14 403	17 811
Fees and charges	2.2	9 667	8 870	666	650
Grants and contributions	2.3	7 914	6 347	1 670	2 488
Intra-government transfers	2.4	21 451	6 552	2 101	2 918
Interest	2.5	89	213	20	54
Donated assets	2.6	42	99	-	
Net gain from disposal of non-current					
assets	4.4	_	30	-	
Other	2.7	3 526	1 222	131	8
Total income	_	345 659	303 727	18 991	23 929
Expenses					
Employee benefits	3.3	154 728	205 590	8 534	8 364
Supplies and services	4.1	109 295	91 565	8 420	6 926
Depreciation and amortisation	4.2	24 964	21 505	637	234
Grants and subsidies	4.3	3 798	5 225	2 331	4 798
Borrowing costs	4.5	114	-	1	
Net loss from disposal of non-current					
assets	4.4	242	-	-	
Other	4.6	1 662	-	1 269	
Total expenses	_	294 803	323 885	21 192	20 322
Net result	_	50 856	(20 158)	(2 201)	3 607
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified to net result					
Changes in asset revaluation surplus Gains or losses recognised directly in	5.1	71 484	-	161	
equity	_	(14)	6	-	
Total other comprehensive income	_	71 470	6	161	

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements. The net result and comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Statement of Financial Position

for the year ended 30 June 2020

		Consolid	ated	SAFECOM	Entity
		2020	2019	2020	2019
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	37 185	34 591	3 074	7 599
Receivables	6.2	13 816	7 766	2 962	665
Other financial assets	6.3	2 246	2 461	-	-
Non-current assets classified as held					
for sale	6.4	742	742	-	-
Total current assets	_	53 989	45 560	6 036	8 264
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	5.1	445 030	363 026	940	1 968
Intangible assets	5.4	3 371	2 632	2 880	2 414
Total non-current assets	_	448 401	365 658	3 820	4 382
Total assets	_	502 390	411 218	9 856	12 646
Current liabilities					
Payables	7.1	15 699	22 377	1 975	2 661
Employee benefits	3.4	25 608	22 957	1 279	1 133
Financial liabilities	7.2	1 640	-	18	1 100
Provisions	7.3	7 719	13 921	57	54
Total current liabilities	_	50 666	59 255	3 329	3 848
Non-current liabilities					
Payables	7.1	5 300	5 806	196	217
Employee benefits	3.4	33 744	36 904	2 113	2 370
Provisions	7.3	65 180	88 189	304	265
Financial liabilities	7.2	4 110	-	8	
Total non-current liabilities	_	108 334	130 899	2 621	2 852
Total liabilities		159 000	190 154	5 950	6 700
Net assets	_	343 390	221 064	3 906	5 946
Equity				0	
Retained earnings		207 068	156 212	3 745	5 946
Asset revaluation surplus		136 330	64 846	161	
Investment market value reserve		(8)	6	-	
Total equity	_	343 390	221 064	3 906	5 946

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements. Total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2020

	Consolidated Investments Asset			
	market value	Revaluation	Retained	Total
	reserve	surplus	earnings	equity
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2018	-	64 846	176 286	241 132
Changes in accounting policy on adoption of AASB 9			84	84
Restated balance at 1 July 2018	-	64 846	176 370	241 216
Net result for 2018-19	-	-	(20 158)	(20 158)
Changes in fair value of investments classified as fair	0			0
value through other comprehensive income	6		-	6
Total comprehensive result for 2018-19	6	-	(20 158)	(20 152)
Balance at 30 June 2019	6	64 846	156 212	221 064
Net result for 2019-20 Gain on revaluation of land and buildings during 2019-	-	-	50 856	50 856
20	-	35 677	-	35 677
Gain on revaluation of vehicles during 2019-20	-	30 256	-	30 256
Gain on revaluation of plant and equipment during				
2019-20	-	5 551	-	5 551
Gains or losses recognised directly in equity	(14)	-	-	(14)
Total comprehensive result for 2019-20	(14)	71 484	50 856	122 326
Balance at 30 June 2020	(8)	136 330	207 068	343 390

	SAFECOM Entity				
	Investments	Asset			
	market value	Revaluation	Retained	Total	
	reserve	surplus	earnings	equity	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Balance at 1 July 2018	-	-	2 339	2 339	
Net result for 2018-19		-	3 607	3 607	
Total comprehensive result for 2018-19	-		3 607	3 607	
Balance at 30 June 2019	-	•	5 946	5 946	
Gain on revaluation of land and buildings during 2019- 20	-	4	-	4	
Gain on revaluation of plant and equipment during					
2019-20	-	157	-	157	
Total comprehensive result for 2019-20	-	161	(2 201)	(2 040)	
Balance at 30 June 2020		161	3 745	3 906	

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2020

		Consolid 2020	2019	SAFECON 2020	2019
		(Outflows) Inflows	(Outflows) Inflows	(Outflows) Inflows	(Outflows) Inflows
Cash flows from operating activities Cash inflows	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Contributions from CESF		302 970	280 394	14 403	17 811
Intra-government charges		21 451	10 048	2 101	5 287
Receipts from fees and charges		4 164	8 410	50	539
Receipts from grants and contributions Interest received		7 914	2 827	-	119
GST recovered from the ATO		89 13 003	213 9 817	20 2 578	54 3 050
Receipts for paid parental leave scheme		13 003	64	2 578	3 0 5 0
Other receipts		3 484	1 406	117	7
Cash generated from operations	_	353 270	313 179	19 296	26 874
Cash outflows					
Employee benefit payments		(185 266)	(168 896)	(8 597)	(8 066)
Payments for supplies and services		(129 172)	(101 348)	(11 708)	(9 870)
Payments of grants and subsidies		(3 798)	(5 201)	(2 331)	(4 798)
Payments for paid parental leave scheme Interest paid		(186) (114)	(61)	(27) (1)	(4)
Cash used in operations	_	(318 536)	(275 506)	(22 664)	(22 738)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	8.2	34 734	37 673	(3 368)	4 136
Cash flows from investing activities Cash inflows					
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and					
equipment	4.4	605	428	-	
Cash generated from investing activities	_	605	428	-	<u> </u>
Cash outflows					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(31 193)	(27 268)	(1 136)	(2 903)
Purchase of investments	_	201	449	-	-
Cash used in investing activities		(30 992)	(26 819)	(1 136)	(2 903)
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing	_				
activities	_	(30 387)	(26 391)	(1 136)	(2 903)
Cash flows from financing activities Cash outflows					
Repayment of leases		(1 753)	-	(21)	-
Cash used in financing activities	_	(1 753)	-	(21)	-
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing					
activities	_	(1 753)	-	(21)	-
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	2 594	11 282	(4 525)	1 233
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		34 591	23 309	7 599	6 366
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	6.1	37 185	34 591	3 074	7 599

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

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1. About the South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission

The South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission (SAFECOM) is established under the *Fire and Emergency Services Act 2005* (the Act). SAFECOM is a body corporate and agency of the Crown, established under the Act.

The Act also defines the Emergency Services Sector as consisting of the:

- South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission
- South Australian State Emergency Service (SASES)
- South Australian Country Fire Service (SACFS)
- South Australian Metropolitan Fire Service (SAMFS).

SAFECOM does not control any other entity and has no interest in unconsolidated structured entities.

Transactions and balances relating to administered resources are not recognised as SAFECOM income, expenses, assets and liabilities. As administered, the activities of the Community Emergency Services Fund (the fund) items are significant in relation to SAFECOM's overall financial performance and position and therefore are disclosed in the administered financial statements (schedule of administered items) at the back of the controlled general purpose financial statements. Except as otherwise disclosed, administered items are accounted for on the same basis and using the same accounting policies as for SAFECOM items.

The SASES administers, but does not control, certain activities on behalf of the Australian Council of State and Territory Emergency Services. It is accountable for the transactions relating to those trust activities but does not have the discretion, for example, to deploy the resources for the achievement of the SASES's own objectives.

Transactions and balances relating to the trust assets are not recognised as SASES's income, expenses, assets and liabilities, but are disclosed in note 10.4 as 'Trust Funds'.

The accrual basis of accounting and applicable accounting standards has been adopted.

The financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all entities comprising the Emergency Services Sector as at 30 June 2020 and the results of these entities for the year then ended. The effects of all transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated in full.

1.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in compliance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987 (PFAA).
- Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements promulgated under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*.
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards

For the 2019-20 financial statements SAFECOM adopted AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, AASB 16 Leases and AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities .Further information is provided in note 9.

The financial statements have been prepared based on a 12-month period and presented in Australian currency. The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured on a different basis.

All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

1.1. Basis of preparation (continued)

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in which case GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable.
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows.

GST receivables/payables associated with administered items transactions are included in SAFECOM statements.

SAFECOM is not subject to Income Tax. SAFECOM is liable for Payroll Tax, Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and Goods and Services Tax (GST).

1.2. Principles of consolidation

Section 21 of the Act requires the Commission to have consolidated statements of account for the Emergency Services Sector to be prepared in respect of each financial year.

The financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all entities comprising the Emergency Services Sector as at 30 June 2020 and the results of these entities for the year then ended. The effects of all transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated in full.

1.3. Objectives and Programs

Objectives

SAFECOM has the following objectives:

- to develop and maintain a strategic and policy framework as well as sound corporate governance across the Emergency Services Sector
- to provide adequate support services to the emergency services organisations and to ensure the effective allocation of resources within the Emergency Services Sector
- to ensure relevant statutory compliance by the emergency services organisations
- · to build a safer community through integrated emergency service delivery
- · to undertake a leadership role in the emergency management
- to report regularly to the Minister about relevant issues.

Programs

In achieving its objectives, SAFECOM provides strategic and corporate support services to the SACFS, SAMFS and SASES. These services are classified under one program titled "Fire and Emergency Services Strategic Services and Business Support".

1.4. Budget performance

The budget performance table compares SAFECOM's outcomes against budget information presented to Parliament (2019-20 Budget Paper 4). The budget amounts have not been adjusted to reflect revised budgets or administrative restructures. The budget process is not subject to audit.

		Original budget 2020	SAFECOM Actual 2020	Variance
Statement of Comprehensive Income	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Income	-			
Contribution from the Community Emergency Services Fund	а	12 489	14 403	1 914
Fees and charges		666	666	-
Grants and contributions		-	1 670	1 670
Interest		24	20	(4)
Donated assets			-	-
Intra-government transfers	b	110	2 101	1 991
Other	-	151	131	(20)
Total income	_	13 440	18 991	5 551
Expenses				
Employee benefits		8 078	8 534	456
Supplies and services	С	3 748	8 420	4 672
Depreciation and amortisation		867	637	(230)
Grants and subsidies	d	5 780	2 331	(3 449)
Borrowing costs		-	1	1
Other	е	-	1 269	1 269
Total expenses		18 473	21 192	2 719
Net result	=	(5 033)	(2 201)	2 832
Other comprehensive income				
Changes in asset revaluation surplus	f	-	161	161
Total comprehensive result	=	(5 033)	(2 040)	2 993

The following are brief explanations of variances between original budget and actual amounts. Explanations are provided for variances where the variance exceeds the greater of 10% of the original budgeted amount and 5% of original budgeted total expenses.

- a Primarily relates to receipt of funding during the year for the sector's Emerald system, legal costs and Independent Review into the 2019-20 South Australian Bushfire Season.
- b Actual revenue was higher as a result of the matching state funding received for the Commonwealth National Partnership on Disaster Risk Reduction grant and recovery of funds for the State Emergency Information Call Centre Capability (SEICCC) COVID-19 costs.
- Supplies and Services actuals were higher as a result of additional costs for the Emerald system, legal costs, Independent Review into the 2019/20 South Australian Bushfire Season, SEICCC activation for COVID-19 and Emergency Alert.
- d Grants expenditure was under-budget due to unspent grant programs for which carryovers will be sought.

1.4. Budget performance (continued)

- e The cost in actual relates to the part write-off of Alert SA.
- f The movement is the result of an independent asset revaluation undertaken in 2019-20.

	Note _	Original budget 2020 \$'000	Actual 2020 \$'000	Variance \$'000
Investing Expenditure Summary				
Total existing projects	g	144	1 094	950
Total annual programs	_	-	41	41
Total investing expenditure		144	1 135	991

g Actual is higher due to Alert SA investment expenditure for which a budget carryover was sought and approved in 2019-20.

1.5. Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the Emergency Services Sector

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted on the operations of the Emergency Services Sector and the impacts are included under the relevant disclosure notes. The key impacts in 2019-20 were:

- Additional expenditure to keep personnel safe while maintaining service delivery to the community.
- Additional expenditure to support the South Australian response to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Increased leave liabilities as a result of cancellation of leave (SA Metropolitan Fire Service).
- Reduced capital expenditure due to supplier business restrictions.
- Increased expected credit losses on fees and charges resulting from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on businesses.

The Emergency Services Sector has considered the possible impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on property, plant and equipment valuations and has concluded that there is no observable evidence of what that impact would be at this stage.

1.6. Significant transactions with government entities

Significant transactions with the SA Government are identifiable throughout this financial report.

The following transactions were significant for SAFECOM consolidated entities:

- Contributions from the Community Emergency Services Fund (refer note 2.1).
- Payments of \$18.315 million to the Attorney-General's Department for the Government Radio Network.

The following transactions were significant for SAFECOM:

• Contributions from the Community Emergency Services Fund (refer note 2.1).

2. Income

2.1. Contributions from the Community Emergency Services Fund

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Community Emergency Services Fund	302 970	280 394	14 403	17 811
Total Contributions from the Community Emergency				
Services Fund	302 970	280 394	14 403	17 811

Contributions from Community Emergency Services Fund are recognised as revenues when SAFECOM obtains control over the funding. Control over contributions is normally obtained upon receipt.

For details on the expenditure associated with the operational funding and capital funding refer notes 1.4, 4.1, 4.3, and 5.1.

2.2. Revenues from fees and charges

	Consolidated		SAFECOM	Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Fire alarm attendance fees	2 798	2 489	-	-
Fire alarm monitoring fees	2 701	2 530	-	-
Incident cost recoveries	2 404	1 911	-	-
Rent of premises	569	695	-	-
Salary recovery	666	650	666	650
Fire safety fees	475	558	-	-
Other recoveries	54	37	-	-
Total revenues from fees and charges	9 667	8 870	666	650

Income from fees and charges is derived from the provision of goods and services to other SA Government agencies and to the public. This revenue is recognised upon delivery of the service to the client or by reference to the stage of completion.

2.3. Grants and contributions

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Commonwealth Government	3 075	3 913	1 670	2 488
Private industry and local government	4 839	2 434	-	-
Total grants and contributions	7 914	6 347	1 670	2 488

Contributions are recognised as an asset and income when the Sector obtains control of the contributions or obtains the right to receive the contributions and the income recognition criteria are met.

Commonwealth Government grant funding for SAFECOM relates to the Natural Partnership Agreement on Disaster Risk Reduction. Commonwealth Government grant funding for Consolidated relates to the Natural Partnership Agreement on Disaster Risk Reduction and contributions towards the provision of fire and emergency services to Commonwealth properties. Private industry funding for Consolidated mainly relates to contributions towards aerial firefighting costs.

South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

2.4. Intra-government transfers

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
State government	21 451	6,552	2 101	2 918
Total Intra-government transfers	21 451	6 552	2 101	2 918

Intra-government transfers are recognised as income on receipt.

2.5. Interest

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Dividend Income	5	6	-	-
Interest on deposit accounts	84	207	20	54
Total interest revenues	89	213	20	54

2.6. Donated assets

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Donated assets	42	99	-	-
Total Donated assets	42	99	-	-

In 2018-19 the SES received donated shares. These shares are not held for trading.

CFS received an appliance that was donated and is fully operational within Region 1.

SES and CFS volunteer members give a significant number of hours to providing front line emergency response services to the community and in other support roles. A value for volunteers is not recognised in the financial statements as the recognition criteria of AASB 1058 *Income of Not-For-Profit Entities* has not been met.

2.7. Other income

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Sundry revenues	1 421	817	106	8
Salary recoveries	63	15	6	-
Rent received	36	46	-	-
Insurance recoveries	15	68	-	-
Donations	27	26	-	-
Groups/Brigades/Units fundraising	1 868	26	-	-
Other	96	224	19	-
Total other income	3 526	1 222	131	8

3. Board, committees and employees

3.1. Key Management Personnel

The Consolidated key management personnel includes the Minister, the Chief Executive of SAFECOM, the Chief Officers of MFS, CFS and SES, and four members of the Executive Teams, who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the agencies.

Key management personnel of SAFECOM include the Minister, the members of the SAFECOM Board and the Chief Executive, who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the agency.

The compensation detailed below for Consolidated includes salaries and other benefits for all key management personnel paid by SAFECOM, MFS, CFS and SES. The compensation detailed below for SAFECOM includes salaries and other benefits for the Chief Executive of SAFECOM and non-government Board members paid by SAFECOM.

Total compensation for consolidated key management personnel was \$2.3 million in 2019-20 and \$2.26 million in 2018-19.

The compensation disclosed in this note excludes salaries and other benefits the Minister for Emergency Services receives. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990* and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via the DTF) under section 6 of the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990*.

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Compensation	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	2 100	2 052	471	418
Post-employment benefits	210	208	44	37
Total compensation	2 310	2 260	515	455

Transactions with key management personnel and other related parties

There are no material transactions or balances to disclose with key management personnel or related parties.

3.2. Board and committee members

Members of boards and committees during 2019-20 were:

South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Board	State Bushfire Coordination Committee A Allen*
D Lane*	
	N G Bamford*
C J Adlam (Max) C J Beattie*	G P Benham*
	F Crisci*
S J Caracoussis	J S Crocker*
C A King (retired 30 October 2019)	C B Daniels
M J Morgan*	A De Piaz*
P J Decure (appointed 31 October 2019)	C Gibson*
M S Jones* (appointed 01 October 2019)	F J Gill*
S St Alban	W R McIntosh
J Tucker	M S Jones (appointed 08 October 2019)*
D F Barry*	J Nairn*
A De Piaz*	G H Nettleton (ceased 14 June 2019)*
P M Fletcher*	E Petrenas*
W A Hicks ESM	J Psyridis*
J D Lindner	N Rea
C Thomas*	S A Reardon
G H Nettleton* (term expired 05 July 2019)	M C Roche
	W B Thorley
	P R White
South Australian Fire and Emergency Services	S Barone*
Commission Audit and Risk Committee	D Colliar*
A Chia	J Crampton*
C A King (term expired 30 October 2019)	J B Drew*
J Tucker	F Dunstan*
P J Decure (appointed 01 April 2020)	K M Egan*
	J Frizenschaf*
South Australian Metropolitan Fire Service	D S Gilbertson
Disciplinary Committee	H L Greaves
L D P Holland	M M Healy
P L Kilsby* (term expired 26 March 2020)	T M W Kelly
R Thompson (appointed 26 March 2020)	D Leblond*
S J Smithson*	J D Lindner
J L Virgo* (term expired 31 January 2020)	C W Patterson*
B Robertson (appointed 01 February 2020)	J Slocombe*
	E M Sommerville
	M R Sutton*
	I Tanner*

* In accordance with the Premier and Cabinet's Circular Number 016, government employees did not receive any remuneration for board/committee duties during the financial year.

3.2. Board and committee members (continued)

The number of members whose remuneration received/receivable falls within the following bands:

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
\$nil	45	44	11	12
\$1 - \$19 999	9	8	2	1
\$20 000 - \$39 999	5	5	5	5
Total	59	57	18	18

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was Consolidated \$161 000 (2019: \$164 000) and SAFECOM \$147 000 (2019: \$153 000). Remuneration of members includes sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits, fringe benefits and related fringe benefits tax.

For the purposes of this table, travel allowances and other expenses paid to members have not been included as remuneration as it is considered to be reimbursement of direct out-of-pocket expenses incurred by relevant members.

3.3. Employee benefits expenses

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and wages	132 908	121 021	6 652	5 885
Workers compensation	(23 606)	34 285	79	30
Employment on-costs - superannuation	17 213	17 111	747	766
Additional compensation	2 052	(1 329)	20	(70)
Annual leave	15 462	15 068	550	640
Payroll tax	8 262	8 053	370	368
Long service leave	658	9 335	(71)	535
Skills and experience retention leave	1 209	1 429	45	53
Board fees	148	150	134	139
Other employment related expenses	422	467	8	18
Total employee benefits expenses	154 728	205 590	8 534	8 364

Employment on costs - superannuation

The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents SAFECOM's contributions to superannuation plans in respect of current services of current employees.

South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

3.3. Employee benefits expenses (continued)

Executive remuneration

The number of employees whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands:

	Consolidated		Consolidated SAFECOM E	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Number	Number	Number	Number
\$151 000 to \$154 000*	N/A	22	N/A	-
\$154 001 to \$174 000	137	110	1	-
\$174 001 to \$194 000	50	27	-	-
\$194 001 to \$214 000	17	3	-	-
\$214 001 to \$234 000	7	2	-	-
\$234 001 to \$254 000	3	2	-	-
\$254 001 to \$274 000	1	-	-	-
\$274 001 to \$294 000	2	1	-	-
\$294 001 to \$314 000	1	3	-	1
\$374 001 to \$394 000	1	-	1	-
Total number of executives / employees	219	170	2	1

* This band has been included for the purposes of reporting comparative figures based on the executive base level remuneration 2018-19.

The total remuneration received by these employees for the year was SAFECOM entity \$0.532 million (2019: \$0.3 million) and consolidated \$38.73 million (2019: \$28.85 million). The table includes all employees who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of employees reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any FBT paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

3.4. Employee benefits liability

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
Accrued salaries and wages	4 234	3 2 4 9	219	136
Annual leave	15 811	14 451	798	723
Skills and experience retention leave	2 093	1 860	76	82
Long service leave	3 470	3 397	186	192
Total current employee benefits	25 608	22 957	1 279	1 133
Non-current				
Long service leave	33 744	36 904	2 113	2 370
Total non-current employee benefits	33 744	36 904	2 113	2 370
Total employee benefits	59 352	59 861	3 392	3 503

Employee benefits accrue as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Long-term employee benefits are measured at present value and short-term employee benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

Salaries and wages, annual leave, skills and experience retention leave and sick leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at reporting date.

The annual leave liability and the skills and experience retention leave liability is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid. In the unusual event where salary and wages, annual leave and skills and experience retention liability are payable later than 12 months, the liability will be measured at present value.

No provision has been made for sick leave as all sick leave is non-vesting and the average sick leave taken in future years by employees is estimated to be less than the annual entitlement of sick leave.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the project unit credit method. Details about the measurement of long service leave liability is provided in note 11.1.

4. Expenses

Employee benefits expenses are disclosed in note 3.3

4.1. Supplies and services

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Government radio network	18 315	16 681	-	-
Aerial support costs	19 795	13 536	-	-
Vehicles	14 541	9 553	22	-
Operational costs	11 644	5 551	174	26
Consultancy, contractor and legal fees	7 294	5 607	1 647	1 189
Property Costs	6 831	6 535	152	9
Travel and training	5 237	4 398	89	128
Computing costs	5 366	4 283	1 240	555
Communications	4 917	5 275	1 751	2 305
Uniforms and protective clothing	3 363	6 227	1	1
Accommodation	2 817	2 0 2 5	993	438
Shared Services SA fees	1 937	1 799	1 910	1 791
Repairs and maintenance	1 010	1 161	23	37
Insurance premiums	764	574	9	9
Short term leases	190	-	-	-
Low-value leases	129	-	12	-
Operating lease payments	-	2 725	-	130
Other expenses	5 145	5 635	397	308
Total supplies and services	109 295	91 565	8 420	6 926

Accommodation

Most of the Emergency Services Sector's accommodation is provided by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI) under Memoranda of Administrative Arrangement (MoAA) issued in accordance with Government-wide accommodation policies. MoAA do not meet the definition of lease set out in AASB 16.

In prior years expenses associated with MoAA have been classified as operating lease payments. Expenses associated with MoAA have been re-classified as accommodation expenses for both the current year and the comparative. Further details about this re-classification is set out in note 9.1.

Other

Audit fees paid/payable to the Auditor-General's Department (AGD) relating to work performed under the *Public Finance* and Audit Act were \$204 000 (2019: \$201 000) for the sector and \$113 000 (2019: \$113 000) for SAFECOM. These costs are recognised in 'other expenses' above. No other services were provided by the Auditor-General's Department.

4.1 Supplies and services (continued)

Operating Leases

Operating lease payments (less any lease incentives) are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Operating lease payments do not include payments associated with accommodation MoAA. This information is provided for 2018-19 only, as AASB 16 Leases does not distinguish between operating and finance leases for lessees.

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Operating lease minimum payments	-	2 725		130
Total operating lease payments		2 725	-	130

Consultants

The number of consultancies and dollar amount paid/payable (included in supplies and services expense) to consultants that fell within the following bands:

		Consolidated				SAFECOM Entity			
	2020	2020	2019	2019	2020	2020	2019	2019	
	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	
Below \$10 000	17	57	8	27	3	5	1	3	
\$10 000 or above	12	754	7	1 217	2	49	1	10	
Total	29	811	15	1 244	5	54	2	13	

4.2. Depreciation and amortisation expense

	Consolio	Consolidated		Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Depreciation				
Vehicles	12 460	11 949	-	-
Buildings	6 178	5 436	4	3
Communications	2 381	2 380	15	25
Plant and equipment	1 119	1 110	20	20
Computers	313	475	73	112
Right-of-use land	1	-	-	-
Right-of-use buildings	931	-	-	-
Right-of-use vehicles	895	-	21	-
Total depreciation	24 278	21 350	133	160
Amortisation				
Computer software	686	155	504	74
Total amortisation	686	155	504	74
Total depreciation and amortisation	24 964	21 505	637	234

All non-current assets, having a limited useful life, are systematically depreciated/amortised over their useful lives in a manner that reflects the consumption of their service potential.

Useful life

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated on a straight-line basis. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets depreciation and amortisation are calculated over the estimated useful life as follows:

	Consolidated	SAFECOM Entity
Class of asset	Useful life (years)	Useful life (years)
Buildings	40-50	40
Vehicles	15-20	15
Communications equipment	10	N/A
Plant and equipment	10	10
Computer equipment	5	5
Intangibles	5	5
ROU assets	Remaining term of lease	Remaining term of lease

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets is reviewed on an annual basis.

Review of accounting estimates

Assets' residual values, useful lives and amortisation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, on an annual basis. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate, which is a change in accounting estimate.

SAFECOM revalued its vehicles and buildings as at 1 November 2019.

South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

4.3. Grants and subsidies

	Consolid	Consolidated		Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Recurrent grants	3 798	5 225	2 331	4 798
Total grants and subsidies	3 798	5 225	2 331	4 798

4.4. Net gain / loss from disposal of non-current assets

	Consolidated		SAFECOM	Entity
	2020	2020 2019		2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land and buildings				
Proceeds from disposal	-	-	-	-
Less net book value of assets disposed	(220)	-	-	-
Net gain / (loss) from disposal of land and buildings	(220)	-	-	-
Vehicles				
Proceeds from disposal	601	417	-	-
Less net book value of assets disposed	(627)	(388)	-	-
Net gain / (loss) from disposal of vehicles	(26)	29	-	-
Plant and equipment				
Proceeds from disposal	4	11		-
Less net book value of assets disposed	-	(10)	-	-
Net gain / (loss) from disposal of plant and				
equipment	4	1	-	-
Total assets				
Total proceeds from disposal	605	428	-	
Less net book value of assets disposed	(847)	(398)	-	-
Total net gain / (loss) from disposal of non-current		()		
assets	(242)	30		-

Gains/losses on disposal are recognised at the date at which control of the asset is passed to the buyer and are determined after deducting the cost of the asset from the proceeds at that time. When revalued assets are sold, the revaluation surplus is transferred to retained earnings.

4.5. Borrowing costs

	2020	2019	2020	2019
			SAFECOM	SAFECOM
	Consolidated	Consolidated	Entity	Entity
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Interest expense on lease liabilities	114	-	1	-
Total borrowing costs	114	-	1	-

4.6. Other expenses

	Consolid	Consolidated		Entity
	2020	2020 2019		2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
CWIP partial write off	1 662	-	1 269	-
Total other expenses	1 662	-	1 269	-

5. Non-financial assets

5.1. Property, plant and equipment by asset class

Property, plant and equipment comprises owned and right-of-use (leased) tangible assets that do not meet the definition of investment property.

	Consoli	Consolidated		Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
1	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land				
Land at fair value	82 059	65 891		-
Total land	82 059	65 891		-
Buildings				
Buildings at fair value	135 540	141 192	14	30
Accumulated depreciation	(4 394)	(29 615)	(2)	(18)
Total buildings	131 146	111 577	12	. 12
Vehicles				
Vehicles at fair value	168 180	192 847	-	4
Accumulated depreciation	(8 486)	(64 004)	-	-
Total vehicles	159 694	128 843	-	-
Communication (Comms.) equipment				
Communication equipment at fair value	15 113	21 838	122	148
Accumulated depreciation	(1 623)	(9 106)	(10)	(25)
Total communication equipment	13 490	12 732	112	123
Computer equipment	4 740	0.540	400	070
Computer equipment at fair value Accumulated depreciation	1 712	2 542	469	673
	(163)	(1 800)	(39)	(348)
Total computer equipment	1 549	742	430	325
Plant and equipment				
Plant and equipment at fair value	11 303	11 766	54	228
Accumulated depreciation	(746)	(4 784)	(13)	(189)
Total plant and equipment	10 557	6 982	41	39
Capital work in progress				
Capital work in progress at cost	40 858	36 259	319	1 469
Total capital work in progress	40 858	36 259	319	1 469
Right-of-use buildings				
Right-of-use buildings at cost	5 162	-	-	
Accumulated depreciation	(931)	-	-	-
Total right-of-use buildings	4 231		•	-
Right-of-use vehicles				
Right-of-use vehicles at cost	2 201	_	46	
Accumulated depreciation	(821)	-	(20)	-
Total right-of-use vehicles	1 380		26	
Total light-of-use venicles	1 300		20	-
Right-of-use land				
Right-of-use land at cost	67	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	(1)	-	-	-
Total right-of-use land	66	-	-	-
Total property, plant and equipment	445 030	363 026	940	1 968
to the property, prome and equipment		000 020	5-10	1 300

5.1. Property, plant and equipment by asset class (continued)

Property, plant and equipment with a value equal to or in excess of \$10 000 is capitalised, otherwise it is expensed.

Property, plant and equipment is recorded at fair value. Detail about the Emergency Services Sector's approach to fair value is set out in note 11.2.

Impairment

Property, plant and equipment owned by the Emergency Services Sector has not been assessed for impairment as they are non-cash generating assets, that are specialised in nature and held for continual use of their service capacity and are subject to regular revaluation.

5.2. Property, plant and equipment owned by the Emergency Services Sector

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment during 2019-20

							Capital	
				Comms.	Computer	Plant &	work in	
_	Land	Buildings	Vehicles	equipment	equipment	equipment	progress	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Consolidated								
Carrying amount at 1 July 2019	65 891	111 577	128 843	12 732	742	6 982	36 259	363 026
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-	31 193	31 193
Disposals	(1)	(219)	(627)	-	-	-	(1 662)	(2 509)
Transfers from capital WIP	6	6 746	13 648	524	129	2 722	(24 932)	(1 157)
Donated asset	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	34
Depreciation	-	(6 178)	(12 460)	(2 381)	(313)	(1 119)	-	(22 451)
Revaluation increment	16 163	19 514	30 256	2 615	991	1 945	-	71 484
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers between asset classes	-	(294)	-	-	-	27	-	(267)
_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Carrying amount at 30 June								
2020	82 059	131 146	159 694	13 490	1 549	10 557	40 858	439 353
-								

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment during 2018-19

Total
\$'000
359 899
27 267
(398)
(2 401)
-
(21 350)
9
-
363 026

5.2. Property, plant and equipment owned by the Emergency Services Sector (continued)

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment during 2019-20

						Capital	
			Comms.	Computer	Plant &	work in	
	Buildings	Vehicles	equipment	equipment e	quipment	progress	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
SAFECOM							
Carrying amount at 1 July 2019	12	-	123	325	39	1 469	1 968
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	1 1 36	1 1 36
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(1 269)	(1 269)
Transfers from capital WIP	-	-	-	47	-	(1 017)	(970)
Revaluation increment	4	-	4	131	22	-	161
Depreciation	(4)	-	(15)	(73)	(20)	-	(112)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	12	-	112	430	41	319	914

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment during 2018-19

						Capital	
			Comms.	Computer	Plant &	work in	
	Buildings	Vehicles	equipment	equipment of	equipment	progress	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
SAFECOM							
Carrying amount at 1 July 2018	15	-	-	358	59	1 172	1 604
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	2 903	2 903
Transfers from capital WIP	-	-	148	79	-	(2 606)	(2 379)
Depreciation	(3)	-	(25)	(112)	(20)	-	(160)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	12	-	123	325	39	1 469	1 968

5.3. Property, plant and equipment leased by the Emergency Services Sector

Property, plant and equipment leased by the Emergency Services Sector is recorded at cost. Additions to leased property, plant and equipment during 2019-20 were \$2.080 million

Short-term leases of 12 months or less and low value leases where the underlying asset value is less than \$10,000 are not recognised as right-of-use assets. The associated lease payments are recognised as an expense and are disclosed in note 4.1.

The Emergency Services Sector has a limited number of leases:

- 200 motor vehicle leases with the South Australian Government Financing Authority (SAFA). Motor vehicle leases
 are non-cancellable, with rental payments monthly in arrears. Motor vehicle lease terms can range from 3 years
 (60,000km) up to 5 years (100,000km). No contingent rental provisions exist within the lease agreements and no
 options exist to renew the leases at the end of their term.
- 16 Commercial leases for land and buildings used for the purpose of operational and administrative activities

The lease liabilities related to the right-of-use assets are disclosed in note 7.2. Emergency Services Sector's maturity analysis of its lease liabilities is disclosed in note 11.3. Expenses related to leases, including depreciation and interest expenses, are disclosed in note 4. Cash outflows related to leases are disclosed in note 8.2.

Impairment

Property, plant and equipment leased by Emergency Services Sector has been assessed for impairment. There was no indication of impairment. No impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss was recognised.

South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

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5.4. Intangible assets

	Consoli	Consolidated		I Entity
	2020	2019	19 2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Computer software				
Computer software at cost	6 356	4 932	5 421	4 451
Accumulated amortisation	(2 985)	(2 300)	(2 541)	(2 037)
Total computer software	3 371	2 632	2 880	2 414
Total intangible assets	3 371	2 632	2 880	2 414

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost and are tested for indications of impairment at each reporting period. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The acquisition of or internal development of software is capitalised only when the expenditure meets the definition and recognition criteria and when the amount of expenditure is greater than or equal to \$10 000.

Reconciliation 2019-20

Computer	SAFECOM Entity
software	Computer software
\$'000	\$'000
2 632	2 414
267	-
-	-
1 158	970
(686)	(504)
3 371	2 880
	software \$'000 2 632 267 - 1 158 (686)

Reconciliation 2018-19

	Consolidated	SAFECOM Entity
	Computer	
	software	Computer software
	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2018	385	109
Additions	-	-
Write off	-	-
Transfers from capital WIP	2 402	2 379
Amortisation	(155)	(74)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	2 632	2 414

6. Financial assets

6.1. Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash on hand	11	12	-	-
Deposits with the Treasurer	29 969	29 434	3 074	7 599
Cash at bank	7	36	-	-
Cash at bank - Groups/Brigades/Units	6 305	4 283	-	-
Short-term deposits - Groups/Brigades/Units	801	754	-	-
Short-term deposits	92	72		-
Total cash and cash equivalents	37 185	34 591	3 074	7 599

Cash is measured at nominal amounts.

Deposits with the Treasurer

One operating account is held with the Treasurer. This account is interest bearing.

Short term deposits

Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months. The deposits are lodged with various financial institutions at their respective short-term deposit rates.

6.2. Receivables

Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
2020	2019	2020	2019
\$'000 .	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
7 070	3 124	741	54
(3)	(15)	-	-
494	434	3	4
4 268	1 400	1 673	5
1 987	2 823	545	602
13 816	7 766	2 962	665
13 816	7 766	2 962	665
	2020 \$'000 (3) 494 4 268 1 987 13 816	2020 2019 \$'000 \$'000 7 070 3 124 (3) (15) 494 434 4 268 1 400 1 987 2 823 13 816 7 766	2020 2019 2020 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 7 070 3 124 741 (3) (15) - 494 434 3 4 268 1 400 1 673 1 987 2 823 545 13 816 7 766 2 962

Receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other government agencies and to the public. Receivables are normally settled within 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement. Receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing. Receivables are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and they are measured at amortised cost.

Other than as recognised in the allowance for doubtful debts, it is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

Refer to note 11.3 for further information on risk management.

Receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing. Receivables are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and they are measured at amortised cost.

The net amount of GST payable to the ATO is included as part of receivables.

6.2 Receivables (continued)

Allowance for impairment loss on receivables

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of the period	15	15	-	-
Amounts written off	(16)	(2)	-	-
Increase in the allowance recognised in profit or loss	4	2	-	-
Carrying amount at the end of the period	3	15	-	-

Refer to note 11.3 for details regarding credit risk and the methodology for determining impairment.

6.3. Other financial assets

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
Medium Term Deposits - Groups/Brigades/Units	2 155	2 356	-	-
Investments				
Listed equity instruments	91	105	-	-
Total current other financial assets	2 246	2 461	-	-
Total other financial assets	2 246	2 461		-

Medium-term deposits are made for varying periods of between three months and twelve months. The deposits are lodged with various financial institutions at their respective medium-term deposit rates.

The equity instruments are carried at fair value.

During the current year, the investments were designated at fair value through other comprehensive income with all changes in fair value being taken to the investment reserve. These investments are not subject to impairment testing.

On disposal of these equity investments, any related balance within the investment reserve will be reclassified to retained earnings. Dividends arising from these investments will be recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

For further information on risk management refer to note 11.3.

Total non-current assets classified as held for sale	742	742	-	-
Land _	742	742		
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	

6.4. Non-current assets classified as held for sale

A tender to sell surplus SACFS land at Port Lincoln during 2011 failed to be realised, and as at 30 June 2020 the property continues to remain on the market for sale.

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale and stated at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable, and the asset's sale is expected to be completed one year from the date of classification.

The Sector has measured the land and buildings held for sale at fair value less costs to sell because the assets' fair value less costs to sell is lower than its carrying amount.

An independent site valuation was provided by a Certified Practising Valuer for the property upon its classification as held for sale. The valuation was based on recent market transactions for similar unrestricted land and buildings in the area and includes adjustment for factors specific to the land and building such as size and location. This valuation was in accordance with the valuation principles and technique outlined in note 11.2 (i.e. there was no change to valuation technique).

7. Liabilities

Employee benefits liabilities are disclosed in note 3.4

7.1. Payables

	Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
Creditors	825	1 792	2	274
Accrued expenses	9 675	15 985	1 756	2 195
Paid parental leave scheme payable	12	3	3	3
Employment on-costs	5 187	4 597	214	189
Total current payables	15 699	22 377	1 975	2 661
Non-current				
Creditors	9	8	-	-
Employment on-costs	5 291	5 798	196	217
Total non-current payables	5 300	5 806	196	217
Total payables	20 999	28 183	2 171	2 878

Payables and accruals are raised for all amounts owing but unpaid. Sundry payables are normally settled within 30 days from the date the invoice is first received. All payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of payables represents fair value due to their short-term nature.

The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included as part of payables.

Employment on-costs

Employment on-costs include payroll tax, WorkCover levies and superannuation contributions and are settled when the respective employee benefits that they relate to is discharged.

SAFECOM contributes to several State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation scheme. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes.

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF), has resulted in the percentage, the proportion of long service leave taken as leave has changed from the 2019 rate (41%) to 42%. The average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation on-costs has remained the same as the 2019 rate (9.8%). These rates are used in the employment on-cost calculation.

The net financial effect of the changes in the current financial year is not material. The estimated impact on future periods is not expected to be materially different to the effect on the current period as shown above.

Paid Parental Leave Scheme

Paid Parental Leave Scheme payable represents amounts which SAFECOM has received from the Commonwealth Government to forward onto eligible employees via SAFECOM's standard payroll processes. That is, SAFECOM is acting as a conduit through which the payment to eligible employees is made on behalf of the Family Assistance Office.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

7.2. Financial liabilities

Consolidated		SAFECOM Entity	
2020	2019	2020	2019
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
1 640	-	18	
1 640	-	18	
4 110	-	8	-
4 110	-	8	-
5 750		26	
	2020 \$'000 1 640 1 640 4 110 4 110	2020 2019 \$'000 \$'000 1 640 - 1 640 - 4 110 - 4 110 -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The Emergency Services Sector measures financial liabilities including borrowings/debt at amortised cost.

All material cash outflows are reflected in the lease liabilities disclosed above.

South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

7.3. Provisions

	Consolidated		SAFECOM	Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
Provision for workers' compensation	7 109	13 410	54	50
Additional compensation	610	511	3	4
Total current provisions	7 719	13 921	57	54
Non-current				
Provision for workers' compensation	47 685	72 190	71	53
Additional compensation	17 495	15 999	233	212
Total non-current provisions	65 180	88 189	304	265
Total provisions	72 899	102 110	361	319
Movement in provisions	Consoli	dated	SAFECOM Entity	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Workers' compensation				
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	85 600	57 079	103	103
Additional provision recognised	-	34 285	-	30
Reductions resulting from re-measurement	(23 606)	-	79	-
Reductions arising from payments	(7 201)	(5 764)	(57)	(30)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	54 793	85 600	125	103
Additional compensation				
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	16 510	18 365	216	286
Additional provision recognised	2 051	-	20	-
Reductions resulting from re-measurement	-	(1 330)	-	(70)
Reductions arising from payments	(457)	(525)		-
Carrying amount at the end of the period	18 104	16 510	236	216

Workers Compensation

A provision has been reported to reflect unsettled workers compensation claims. The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2020 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for the Public Sector. The provision is for the estimated cost of ongoing payments to workers as required under current legislation.

The Emergency Services Sector is responsible for the payment of workers' compensation claims.

Presumptive workers compensation coverage for firefighters for a range of cancers came into effect in 2013. The workers compensation provision includes an actuarial assessment of firefighter cancer claims. However, the actuarial assessment is sensitive to changes in assumptions and there is a significant degree of uncertainty associated with estimating future claim and expense payments.

The provision increased significantly in 2019 based observed increases in cancer claims and that those claims tended to receive the maximum benefit payable. Claims experience during 2020 has seen a large reduction in the average outstanding claim size and this has resulted in a significantly lower provision for 2020.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

7.2. Provisions (continued)

Additional Compensation for Certain Work-Related Injuries or Illnesses (Additional Compensation provision)

Additional compensation was introduced in 2018 and provides continuing benefits to workers who have suffered eligible work-related injuries and whose entitlements have ceased under the statutory workers compensation scheme.

The additional compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2020 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for the Public Sector. The provision is for the estimated cost of ongoing payments to workers as required under current arrangements.

The Emergency Services Sector is responsible for the payment of additional compensation claims.

There is a degree of uncertainty associated with this estimate. In addition to the general uncertainties associated with estimating future claim and expense payments, the additional compensation provision is impacted by a short claim's history and the evolving nature of the interpretation of, and evidence required to meet, eligibility criteria.

8. Other disclosures

8.1. Equity

Asset revaluation surplus

The asset revaluation surplus is used to record increments and decrements in the fair value of property and plant and equipment to the extent that they offset one another. Relevant amounts are transferred to retained earnings when an asset is derecognised.

Investment reserve

The reserve is used to record all changes in fair value of investments classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

8.2. Cash flow

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows.

	Consoli	idated	SAFECON	I Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Leases				
Buildings	869	-	-	-
Vehicles	799	-	20	-
Total cash outflow for leases	1 668	-	20	-
	Consol	idated	SAFECON	I Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period				
Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the Statement of				
Financial Position	37 185	34 591	3 074	7 599
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	37 185	34 591	3 074	7 599
Reconciliation of net cash provided by / (used in)				
operating activities to net cost of providing services				
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	34 734	37 673	(3 368)	4 136
Add / (less) non-cash items				
Depreciation and amortisation	(24 964)	(21 505)	(637)	(234)
Donated assets	42	99	-	-
Intangible write off	(1 662)	÷	(1 269)	-
Net gain/(loss) from disposal of non-current assets	(242)	30	-	-
Movement in assets and liabilities				
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	6 050	2 086	2 297	106
(Increase)/decrease in payables	7 178	(4 045)	707	(129)
(Increase)/decrease in employee benefits	509	(7 830)	111	(342)
(Increase)/decrease in provisions	29 211	(26 666)	(42)	70
Net result	(50 856)	20 158	2 201	(3 607)

9. Changes in accounting policy

9.1. AASB 16 Leases

AASB 16 sets out a comprehensive model for lessee accounting that addresses recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. Lessor accounting is largely unchanged. AASB 16 *Leases* replaces AASB 117 *Leases* and related interpretations.

The adoption of AASB 16 *Leases* from 1 July 2019 resulted in adjustments to the amounts recognised from a lessee perspective in the financial statements:

- AASB 117 Leases only required the recognition of an asset and lease liability in relation to finance leases. AASB 16 Leases applies a comprehensive model to all leases. Applying AASB 16 will result in leases previously classified as operating leases having right-of-use assets and related lease liabilities being recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.
- AASB 117 Leases resulted in operating lease payments being recognised as an expense under Supplies and Services. AASB 16 Leases largely replaces this with depreciation expenses that represents the use of the right-ofuse asset and borrowing costs that represent the cost associated with financing the right-of-use asset.

Impact on retained earnings

The total impact on SAFECOM's retained earnings as at 1 July 2019 is as follows:

	Consolidated	SAFECOM Entity
	as at 1 July 2019 \$'000	as at 1 July 2019 \$'000
Closing retained earnings 30 June 2019 – AASB 117 <u>Assets</u>	156 212	5 946
Property, plant and equipment Liabilities	5 404	28
Lease liabilities	5 404	28
Opening retained earnings 1 July 2019 - AASB 16	156 212	5 946

SAFECOM disclosed in its 2018-19 financial report total undiscounted operating lease commitments of \$11.3 million under AASB 117.

SAFECOM has accommodation services provided by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure (DPTI) under Memoranda of Administrative Arrangement (MoAA) issued in accordance with Government-wide accommodation policies.

These MoAA do not meet the definition of lease set out either in AASB 16 or in the former standard AASB 117. Accordingly, the 2018-19 undiscounted operating lease commitments should have been disclosed as \$8.0 million under AASB 117. There is no material difference between the revised operating lease commitments when discounted and the financial liabilities recognised as at 1 July 2019.

Commitments related to accommodation services provided by DPTI are included in Note 10.1.

The misclassification did not impact on the Statement of Comprehensive Income or the Statement of Financial Position in prior years. This misclassification impacted items within the supplies and services expenses line. Note 4.1 applies the correct classification for both the current and comparative years.

9.1 AASB 16 Leases (continued)

Accounting policies on transition

AASB 16 sets out accounting policies on transition in its transitional provisions. The Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) requires certain choices in those transitional provisions to be taken. SAFECOM has adopted the following accounting policies:

- to apply AASB 16 retrospectively. The cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard was recognised at 1 July 2019. Comparatives have not been restated.
- at 1 July 2019 AASB 16 was applied only to contracts that were previously identified as containing a lease under AASB 117 and related interpretations.
- the initial measurement of lease liability was the present value of the remaining leases payments discounted using the relevant incremental borrowing published by the Department of Treasury and Finance rate as at 1 July 2019 based on the SA Government's cost of borrowing. The average weighted incremental borrowing rate for this purpose was 1.5%.
- the initial measurement of right-of-use assets has been calculated as an amount equal to the lease liability on transition adjusted for prepaid or accrued lease payments and lease incentive liabilities.
- the initial measurement of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets excludes all leases that ended by 30 June 2020, except for vehicles leased from SAFA.

Ongoing accounting policies

The Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) specify required accounting policies for public authorities in applying AASB 16. These requirements are reflected in Emergency Services Sector's accounting policies as follows:

- AASB 16 is not applied to leases of intangible assets.
- right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised for leases of low value assets, being assets, which have
 a value of \$15 000 or less, nor short-term leases, being those with a lease term of 12 months or less.
- the Emergency Services Sector, in the capacity of a lessee, does not include non-lease components in lease amounts.
- right-of-use assets are not measured at fair value on initial recognition for leases that have significantly belowmarket terms and conditions principally to enable the public authority to further its objectives.
- right-of-use assets are subsequently measured applying a cost model.

Significant accounting policies relate to the application of AASB 16 are disclosed under relevant notes and are referenced at note 5.3

9.2. AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* establishes a revenue recognition model for revenue arising from contracts with customers. It requires that revenue be recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. AASB 15 supersedes AASB 111 *Construction contracts, AASB 118 Revenue* and related Interpretations and applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers.

Impact on retained earnings

On transition, there was no impact on retained earnings.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

9.3. AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities establishes new income recognition requirements for not-for-profit entities. Its requirements apply where the consideration to acquire an asset, including cash, is significantly less than fair value principally to the entity to further its objectives. AASB 1058 also contains requirements for the receipt of volunteer services. AASB 1058 supersedes income recognition requirements in AASB 1004 *Contributions*, AASB 118 *Revenue* and AASB 111 *Construction Contracts*. However, elements of AASB 1004 remain in place, primarily in relation to restructures of administrative arrangements and other contributions and distributions by owners.

Accounting policies on transition

On transition, there was no impact on retained earnings.

9.4. Presentation of Financial Statements

Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) issued on 01 June 2020 removed the previous requirement for financial statements to be prepared using the net cost of services format. The net cost of services is the total cost of services less any revenue retained by public authorities involved in the provision of services but does not include items classified as revenues from and payments to the South Australian Government.

Presentation of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an 'income and expense' basis allows information to be presented in such a way that eliminates potential confusion as to the source of funding for Emergency Services Sector. As well as changes to the format of the Statement of Comprehensive Income, there are presentational changes to remove the net cost of services format from the Statement of Cash Flows. These statements now show income before expenses, and cash receipts before cash payments. Related disclosures also reflect this changed format.

10. Outlook

10.1. Unrecognised contractual commitments

Commitments include operating, capital and outsourcing arrangements arising from contractual or statutory sources and are disclosed at their nominal value.

Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial report, are payable as follows:

	Consoli	Consolidated		Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	9 184	12 606	-	-
Total capital commitments	9 184	12 606	-	-

These capital commitments are for property and vehicles and PABX system.

Expenditure commitments

Expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities in the financial report, are payable as follows:

	Consolidated		SAFECOM	Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	17 984	8 713	5 715	1 413
Later than one year but not later than five years	9 621	6 461	4 493	407
Total expenditure commitments	27 605	15 174	10 208	1 820

Consolidated expenditure commitments relate primarily to accommodation, aerial firefighting (SACFS), fire appliance modifications (SAMFS) and Emergency Alert national emergency warning system (SAFECOM).

Operating lease commitments

Commitments in relation to operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are payable as follows:

	Consolidated		SAFECOM	Entity			
	2020	2020	2020	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000			
Within one year	-	2 237	-	126			
Later than one year but not later than five years	-	3 805	-	81			
Later than five years	-	1 904	-	-			
Total operating lease commitments		7 946	-	207			

Operating lease commitments is provided for the comparative year only as AASB 16 Leases does not distinguish between operating and finance leases for the lessee. The comparative amount does not include commitments for memoranda of administrative arrangements with the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure for accommodation. This has been reclassified and included under expenditure commitments. For more detail about the reclassification see 9.1.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

10.2. Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed by way of a note and, if quantifiable, are measured at nominal value.

Unrecognised contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO. If GST is not payable to, or recoverable from, the ATO, the commitments and contingencies are disclosed on a gross basis.

Contingent assets

SAFECOM Entity

SAFECOM entity has sought damages from a supplier for an alleged breach of contract. The outcome of the claim cannot be reliably determined at this stage.

Contingent liabilities

SAFECOM Entity

A supplier has taken legal action against SAFECOM entity for an intellectual property claim. The outcome of the claim cannot be reliably determined at this stage.

SAFECOM Consolidated

CFS is aware of a contingent liability of \$0.117 million in relation to two transactions that are possible obligations but the obligation to pay is uncertain.

A supplier has taken legal action against SAFECOM entity for an intellectual property claim. The outcome of the claim cannot be reliably determined at this stage.

10.3. Impact of Standards and Statements not yet implemented

SAFECOM entity has assessed the impact of new and changed Australian Accounting Standards Board Standards and Interpretations not yet effective.

AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors

AASB 1059 prescribes the accounting for certain arrangements in which an operator provides public services on behalf of a public sector grantor involving a service concession arrangement. This standard applies to reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. SAFECOM entity has assessed its arrangements where operators provide services and has concluded that none of these will be within the scope of AASB 1059.

10.4. Trust funds

	Consolid	Consolidated		Entity
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank	158	189	-	-
Total trust funds	158	189	-	-

The trust funds represent funds held by the Australian Council of State Emergency Services. The funds will be utilised to meet expenses incurred by each of the State Emergency Services Headquarters in Australia. SASES will administer these funds until they are fully expended. In 2019-20, total income earned by the Council was \$39 000 (2019: \$42 000) and expenses incurred totalled \$76 000 (2019: \$1 000).

10.5. COVID-19 pandemic outlook for the Emergency Services Sector

The COVID-19 pandemic will continue to impact the operations of Emergency Services Sector in 2020-21. The key expected impacts are:

- Further significant outbreaks of the COVID-19 pandemic in South Australia would see greater response measures with associated additional expenses.
- Additional employee expenses are likely to be incurred in addressing cancelled leave (SA Metropolitan Fire Service).
- · Additional expenditure may be incurred due to supplier business restrictions.
- · Expected credit losses may continue at elevated levels until economic conditions improve.

10.6. Events after the reporting period

There were no events after the reporting period affecting the financial statements.

11. Measurement and risk

11.1. Long service leave

AASB 119 Employee Benefits contains the calculation methodology for long service leave liability.

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance has provided a basis for the measurement of long service leave and is based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on employee data over the police and Emergency Services Sector.

AASB 119 Employee Benefits requires the use of the yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds as the discount rate in the measurement of the long service leave liability. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds has decreased from 2019 (1.25%) to 2020 (1.00%).

This decrease in the bond yield, which is used as the rate to discount future long service leave cash flows, results in an increase in the reported long service leave liability.

The net financial effect of the changes to actuarial assumptions in the current financial year is a decrease in the long service leave liability of \$2.3 million and employee benefits expense of \$2.6 million The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of assumptions - a key assumption is the long-term discount rate.

The actuarial assessment performed by DTF left the salary inflation rate at 2.50% for long service leave liability. As a result, there is no net financial effect resulting from changes in the salary inflation rate.

11.2. Fair value

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, in the principal or most advantageous market, at the measurement date.

Initial recognition

Non-current tangible assets are initially recorded at cost or at the value of any liabilities assumed, plus any incidental cost involved with the acquisition.

Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

Revaluation

Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation.

The revaluation process is reviewed by SAFECOM each year.

Non-current tangible assets are valued at fair value, and revaluation of non-current assets or a group of assets is only performed when the fair value at the time of acquisition is greater than \$1.5 million and estimated useful life is greater than three years.

Revaluation is undertaken on a regular cycle as detailed below. If at any time management considers that the carrying amount of an asset materially differs from its fair value, then the asset will be revalued regardless of when the last valuation took place.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amounts of the assets and the net amounts are restated to the revalued amounts of the asset.

The valuation highlighted a possibility of the COVID-19 pandemic impacting the determined fair values. However there is no observable evidence that can reliably quantify the impact at the reporting date.

11.2. Fair Value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

SAFECOM classifies fair value measurement using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements, based on the data and assumptions used in the most recent revaluation:

- Level 1: traded in active markets and is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at measurement date.
- Level 2: not traded in active market and are derived from inputs (inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: not traded in active market and are derived from unobservable inputs.

During 2020 and 2019, SAFECOM had no valuations categorised into level 1; there were no transfers of assets between level 1 and 2 fair value hierarchy levels and there were no changes in valuation technique.

Fair value classification - non-financial assets at 30 June 2020

		Consolidated			SAFECOM Entit	
	Note	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land	5.1	1 202	80 857	82 059	-	-
Buildings	5.1	-	131 146	131 146	12	12
Vehicles	5.1	-	159 694	159 694	-	-
Communication (Comms.) equipment	5.1	_	13 490	13 490	112	112
Computer equipment	5.1	-	1 549	1 549	430	430
Plant and equipment	5.1	-	10 557	10 557	41	41
Total recurring fair value						
measurements		1 202	397 293	398 495	595	595
Non-recurring fair value measurements						
Land held for sale	6.4		742	742	-	
Total non-recurring fair value						
measurements			742	742	-	<u> </u>
Total fair value measurements		1 202	398 035	399 237	595	595

11.2. Fair value (continued)

Fair value classification - non-financial assets at 30 June 2019

		Co	onsolidated		SAFECOM	Entity
	Note	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land	5.1	14 046	51 845	65 891	-	-
Buildings	5.1	22 728	88 849	111 577	12	12
Vehicles	5.1	-	128 843	128 843	-	-
Communication (Comms.) equipment	5.1	-	12 732	12 732	123	123
Computer equipment	5.1	-	742	742	325	325
Plant and equipment	5.1	-	6 982	6 982	39	39
Total recurring fair value						
measurements		36 774	289 993	326 767	499	499
Non-recurring fair value measurements						
Land held for sale	6.4	742	-	742	•	-
Total non-recurring fair value						
measurements		742		742	-	-
Total fair value measurements		37 516	289 993	327 509	499	499

Land and Buildings

An independent valuation of land and buildings was performed by a Certified Practising Valuer from Liquid Pacific, as at 1 November 2019. The Emergency Services Sector did not revalue land and buildings related to peppercorn leased sites. These have been recognised at their carrying amounts from 30 June 2019. The land and buildings values at revaluation were considered relevant for 30 June 2020

Fair value of land has been determined using the market approach. The valuation was based on recent market transactions for similar land in the area and includes adjustment for factors specific to the land such as size and location. For land classified as restricted in use, was determined using an adjustment were applied to reflect the restriction.

The fair value of buildings was determined using current replacement cost, due to there not being an active market. The current replacement cost considered the need for ongoing provision of government services, specialised nature and restricted use of the assets, their size, condition and location.

Plant and equipment

All items of plant and equipment had a fair value at the time of acquisition less than \$1.5 million and had an estimated useful life that less than three years. Plant and equipment have not been revalued in accordance with APS 116.D. The carrying value of these items are deemed to approximate fair value.

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.2. Fair value (continued)

Reconciliation of level 3 recurring fair value measurement at 30 June 2020

The following table is a reconciliation of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3).

				Comms.	Computer	Plant &	
Consolidated	Land	Buildings	Vehicles	equipment	equipment	equipment	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance at the beginning of							
the period	51 845	88 849	128 843	12 732	742	6 982	289 993
Capitalised asset transfers	6	6 746	13 648	524	129	2 722	23 775
Donated Asset	-	-	34	-	-	-	34
Transfer to Level 3	12 843	22 461	-	-		-	35 304
Transfers between asset classes	-	(27)	-	-	-	27	-
Disposals	(1)	(219)	(627)	-	-	-	(847)
Gains/(losses) for the period							
recognised in net result:							
Depreciation	-	(6 178)	(12 460)	(2 381)	(313)	(1 119)	(22 451)
Total gains/(losses) recognised in							
net result	-	(6 178)	(12 460)	(2 381)	(313)	(1 119)	(22 451)
Gains/(losses) for the period							
recognised in other comprehensive							
income (OCI):							
Revaluation							
increments/(decrements)	16 164	19 514	30 256	2 615	991	1 945	71 485
Total gains/(losses) recognised in							
OCI	16 164	19 514	30 256	2 615	991	1 945	71 485
Closing balance at the end of the							
period	80 857	131 146	159 694	13 490	1 549	10 557	397 293

Reconciliation of Level 3 recurring fair value measurement at 30 June 2019

The following table is a reconciliation of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3).

period	51 845	88 849	128 843	12 732	742	6 982	289 993
Closing balance at the end of the							
net result	-	(4 635)	(11 949)	(2 380)	(475)	(1 110)	(20 549)
Total gains/(losses) recognised in							
Depreciation	-	(4 635)	(11 949)	(2 380)	(475)	(1 110)	(20 549)
recognised in net result:							
Gains/(losses) for the period							
Disposals	-	-	(388)	-	-	-	(388)
Capitalised asset transfers	153	743	12 008	1 040	90	1 400	15 434
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	37	37
the period	51 692	92 741	129 172	14 072	1 127	6 655	295 459
Opening balance at the beginning of							

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.2. Fair value (continued)

Reconciliation of level 3 recurring fair value measurement at 30 June 2020

The following table is a reconciliation of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3).

SAFECOM Entity	Buildings	Comms. equipment	Computer equipment	Plant & equipment	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	12	123	325	39	499
Capitalised asset transfers	-	-	47	-	47
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net					
result:					
Depreciation	(4)	(15)	(73)	(20)	(112)
Total gains/(losses) recognised in net result	(4)	(15)	(73)	(20)	(112)
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in other					
comprehensive income (OCI):					
Revaluation increments/(decrements)	4	4	131	22	161
Total gains/(losses) recognised in OCI	4	4	131	22	161
Closing balance at the end of the period	12	112	430	41	595

Reconciliation of Level 3 recurring fair value measurement at 30 June 2019

The following table is a reconciliation of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3).

		Comms.	Computer	Plant &	
SAFECOM Entity	Buildings	equipment	equipment	equipment	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	15	-	358	59	432
Capitalised asset transfers	-	148	79	-	227
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net					
result:					
Depreciation	(3)	(25)	(112)	(20)	(160)
Total gains/(losses) recognised in net result	(3)	(25)	(112)	(20)	(160)
Closing balance at the end of the period	12	123	325	39	499

11.3. Financial instruments

Financial risk management

Risk management is managed by SAFECOM corporate services section and risk management policies are in accordance with the *Risk Management Policy Statement* issued by the Premier and Treasurer and the principles established in the Australian Standard *Risk Management Principles and Guidelines*.

The exposure of SAFECOM to financial risk (liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk) is low due to the nature of the financial instruments held. There have been no changes in risk exposure since the last reporting period.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that SAFECOM is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. SAFECOM is funded principally from the Fund. SAFECOM works with the Fund to determine the cash flows associated with its government approved program of work to ensure funding meets the expected cash flows.

Refer to notes 7.1 and 7.2 for further information

Credit risk

SAFECOM has minimal concentration of credit risk. SAFECOM has policies and procedures in place to ensure that transactions occur with customers with appropriate credit history. SAFECOM does not engage in high risk hedging for its financial assets. No collateral is held as security and no credit enhancements relate to financial assets held by SAFECOM.

Impairment of financial assets

Loss allowances for receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL) using the simplified approach in AASB 9. SAFECOM uses an allowance matrix to measure the expected credit loss of receivables from non-government debtors which comprise a large number of small balances.

To measure the expected credit losses, receivables are grouped based on shared risks characteristics and the days past due. When estimating expected credit loss, SAFECOM considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on Emergency Service Sector's historical experience and informed credit assessment, including forward-looking information.

The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which Emergency Service Sector is exposed to credit risk.

The expected credit loss of government debtors is considered to be nil based on the external credit ratings and nature of the counterparties.

Loss rates are calculated based on the probability of a receivable progressing through stages to write off based on the common risk characteristics of the transaction and debtor.

The expected credit loss for government debtors for consolidated is nil. The expected credit loss for government debtors for SAFECOM is nil.

Loss rates are based on actual history of credit loss, these rates have been adjusted to reflect differences between previous economic conditions, current conditions and Emergency Services Sector's view of the forecast economic conditions over the expected life of the receivables.

Impairment losses are presented as net impairment losses within net result, subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the failure of a debtor to enter into a payment plan with Emergency Services Sector and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 180 days past due.

11.3. Financial instruments (continued)

The Emergency Services Sector considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties and therefore the expected credit loss is nil.

All of the Emergency Services Sector's debt investments at amortised cost are considered to have low credit risk and the consideration of expected credit loss was limited to 12 months expected losses. The expected credit loss is nil.

The allowance was recognised when there was objective evidence that a receivable was impaired. The allowance for impairment was recognised in other expenses for specific debtors and debtors assessed on a collective basis for which such evidence existed.

No impairment losses were recognised in relation to contract assets during the year.

Market risk

SAFECOM does not trade in foreign currency, enter into transactions for speculative purposes, nor for hedging. SAFECOM does not undertake any hedging in relation to interest or foreign currency risk and manages its risk as per the Government's risk management strategy articulated in TI 23 *Management of Foreign Currency Exposures*.

SAFECOM has non-interest-bearing assets (cash on hand and receivables) and liabilities (payables) and interestbearing assets (cash at bank and investments). SAFECOM's exposure to market risk and cash flow interest risk is minimal. There is minimal exposure to foreign currency or other price risks.

Categorisation of financial instruments

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in the respective financial asset / financial liability note.

11.3. Financial instruments (continued)

Categorisation of financial assets and liabilities

		Ci	2020 Cor matu	rities	0	2020 Con maturities	SAFECOM
o		Carrying	Conso		Carrying	Ent	
Category of financial		amount /	Within 1	More than	amount /	Within 1	More than
asset and financial		fair value	year	5 years	fair value	year	5 years
liability	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets							
Cash and cash			0,03				
equivalents							
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	37 185	37 185	-	3 074	3 074	-
Financial assets at							
amortised cost							
Receivables	6.2	11 332	11 332	-	2 414	2 414	-
Other financial assets	6.3	2 246	2 246	_	-	-	-
Total financial assets		50 763	50 763	-	5 488	5 488	-
Financial liabilities							
Financial liabilities at							
amortised cost							
Payables	7.1	10 509	10 500	9	1 758	1 758	-
Financial liabilities	7.2	5 750	1 640	4 110	26	18	8
Total financial liabilities		16 259	12 140	4 119	1 784	1 776	8

South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2020

11.3. Financial instruments (continued)

Categorisation of financial assets and liabilities

		Carrying	2019 Cor matu Consol	rities	Carrying	2019 Cor maturities Ent	SAFECOM
Category of financial		amount /	Within 1	More than	amount /	Within 1	More than
asset and financial		fair value	year	5 years	fair value	year	5 years
liability	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets							
Cash and cash							
equivalents							
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	34 591	34 591	-	7 598	7 598	-
Financial assets at							
amortised cost							
Receivables	6.2	4 409	4 409	-	55	55	-
Financial assets							
classified as fair value							
through other							
comprehensive income		105	105	-	-		-
Other financial assets	6.3	2 356	2 356	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets		41 461	41 461	-	7 653	7 653	-
Financial liabilities							
Payables	7.1	16 876	16 868	8	2 469	2 469	-
Total financial liabilities		16 876	16 868	8	2 469	2 469	-

Receivables and payables

The receivable and payable amounts disclosed here exclude amounts relating to statutory receivables and payables (e.g. Commonwealth, State and Local Government taxes, fees and charges; Auditor-General's Department audit fees). In government, certain rights to receive or pay cash may not be contractual and therefore, in these situations, the requirements will not apply. Where rights or obligations have their source in legislation such as levies, tax and equivalents, they would be excluded from the disclosure. The standard defines contract as enforceable by law. All amounts recorded are carried at cost (not materially different from amortised cost).

The receivables amount disclosed here excludes prepayments as they are not financial assets. Prepayments are presented in note 6.2

Community Emergency Services Fund

Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Community Emergency Services Fund Statement of Administered Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Administered income			
Levy sources	A2.1	328 655	319 784
Fees and charges	A2.2	472	457
Interest	A2.3	600	1 425
Other	A2.4	-	30
Total administered income		329 727	321 696
Administered expenses			
Contributions to SA Government administrative units	A3.1	334 571	308 957
Grants and subsidies	A3.2	2 513	6 231
Other	A3.3	8 452	7 976
Total administered expenses		345 536	323 164
Net result		(15 809)	(1 468)
Total comprehensive result		(15 809)	(1 468)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Community Emergency Services Fund Statement of Administered Financial Position

as at 30 June 2020

	2020	2019
Note	\$'000	\$'000
A4.1	13 668	32 053
A4.2	1 263	1 707
	14 931	33 760
A5.1	615	3 635
_	615	3 635
	14 316	30 125
_	14 316	30 125
	14 316	30 125
	A4.1 A4.2	Note \$'000 A4.1 13 668 A4.2 1 263 14 931 14 931

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

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Community Emergency Services Fund Statement of Administered Cash Flows *for the year ended 30 June 2020*

Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2020 (Outflows) Inflows \$'000	2019 (Outflows) Inflows \$'000
Cash inflows	Note	\$ 000	\$ 000
Receipts from levy sources		329 040	319 548
Fees and charges		474	456
Interest received		657	1 485
Other receipts		-	30
Cash generated from operations		330 171	321 519
Cash outflows			
Payments to SA Government administrative units		(338 111)	(305 417)
Payments of grants and subsidies		(2 480)	(6 865)
Other payments		(7 965)	(7 980)
Cash used in operations		(348 556)	(320 262)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	A6.1	(18 385)	1 257
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(18 385)	1 257
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		32 053	30 796
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	A4.1	13 668	32 053

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

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A1. About the Community Emergency Services Fund

A1.1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The basis of preparation for the Community Emergency Services Fund (CESF) is the same as outlined in SAFECOM's financial statements. The fund applies the same accounting policies as set out in the notes of SAFECOM's financial statements.

A1.2. Establishment, objectives and funding arrangements

Establishment

The Community Emergency Services Fund (CESF) was established pursuant to the *Emergency Services Funding Act* 1998 (the Act).

Objectives

CESF is the primary source of funding for the State Government's key emergency services agencies: the SA Metropolitan Fire Service (MFS), SA Country Fire Service (CFS), SA State Emergency Service (SES) and SA Fire and Emergency Services Commission (SAFECOM). CESF also provides funding to other State Government agencies and Non-Government Organisations for the provision of emergency services and its related activities, and collection and administration costs, as allowed under section 28(4) the Act.

Funding arrangements

Under section 28(3) the Act, funds collected through the Emergency Services Levy (fixed and mobile property) for both private and Government property owners, Government contributions for concessions and remissions to property owners and interest earned on cash balances are paid into CESF. The administration, collection and policy-setting of the Emergency Services Levy falls within the portfolio responsibilities of the Treasurer.

A1.3. Budget performance

The budget performance table compares the fund outcomes against budget information presented to Parliament (2019-20 Budget Paper 4). The budget amounts have not been adjusted to reflect revised budgets or administrative restructures. The budget process is not subject to audit.

Statement of Comprehensive Income	Original budget 2020 \$'000	Actual 2020 \$'000	Variance \$'000
Income			
Levy sources	323 043	328 655	5 612
Fees and charges	437	472	35
Interest	1 500	600	(900)
Total administered income	324 980	329 727	4 747
Expenses			
Contributions to SA Government administrative units	311 230	334 571	23 341
Grants and subsidies	5 626	2 513	(3 113)
Other	8 344	8 452	108
Total administered expenses	325 200	345 536	20 336
Net result	(220)	(15 809)	(15 589)
Total comprehensive result	(220)	(15 809)	(15 589)

Explanations are provided for variances where variance exceeds the greater of 10% of the original budgeted amount and 5% of the original budgeted total expenses.

In 2019-20 there were no variances that exceeded the greater of 10% of the original budget amount and 5% of original budgeted total expenses.

A2. Income

A2.1. Revenues from levy sources

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Fixed property collections	155 006	146 209
Fixed property remissions	118 518	119 484
Mobile collections	45 386	44 225
Government concessions	6 120	6 336
Mobile remissions	3 625	3 530
Total revenues from levy sources	328 655	319 784

A2.2. Revenues from fees and charges		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Certificate sales and from other entities within the SA Government	472	457
Total revenue from fees and charges	472	457

Income from fees and charges is derived from the provision of goods and services to other SA Government agencies and to the public. This revenue is recognised upon delivery of the service to the client or by reference to the stage of completion.

A2.3. Interest revenues

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest on deposit accounts - from entities within the SA Government	600	1 425
Total interest revenues	600	1 425
A2.4. Other income		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Other sundry revenue	-	30
Total other income	-	30

A3. Expenses

A3.1. Contributions to SA Government administrative units

Active dentifications to on deveniment administrative units		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
South Australian Metropolitan Fire Service	152 424	148 348
South Australian Country Fire Service	113 145	93 151
South Australian Police	22 696	22 142
South Australian State Emergency Service	22 998	21 084
South Australian Fire and Emergency Services Commission	14 403	17 811
Department for Environment and Water	5 952	3 540
South Australian Ambulance Service	. 1 219	1 189
South Australian Police - Government radio network	777	758
Attorney-General's Department - State Rescue Helicopter Service	722	704
South Australian Ambulance Service - Government radio network	235	230
Total contributions to SA Government administrative units	334 571	308 957
A3.2. Grants and subsidies		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Surf Life Saving South Australia	858	4 316
Volunteer Marine Rescue	1 262	1 532
Shark Beach Patrol	393	383
Total grants and subsidies	2 513	6 231
A3.3. Other expenses		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue SA - collection costs	6 695	6 262
Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure - collection costs	1 089	1 061
Administration costs	668	653
Total other expenses	8 452	7 976

A4. Financial assets

A4.1. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Deposits with the Treasurer	13 668	32 053
Total cash and cash equivalents	13 668	32 053

Cash is measured as nominal amounts.

Deposits with the Treasurer

One operating account is held with the Treasurer. This account is interest bearing.

Interest rate risk

Deposits with the Treasurer earn a floating-point interest rate based on daily bank deposit rates. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value.

A4.2. Receivables

	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Current		
Receivables from entities within the SA Government	1 263	1 707
Total current receivables	1 263	1 707
Total receivables	1 263	1 707

All receivable amounts disclosed above are expected to be recovered within 12 months after reporting date.

Receivables are raised for all goods and services provided for which payment has not been received. Receivables are normally settled within 30 days. Receivables and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing.

A5. Liabilities

A5.1. Payables

	2020	2019
Current	\$'000	\$'000
Creditors	615	3 635
Total current payables	615	3 635
Total payables	615	3 635

Payables and accruals are raised for all amounts owing but unpaid. Sundry payables are normally settled within 30 days from the date the invoice is first received. All payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of payables represents fair value due to their short-term nature.

A6. Other disclosures

A6.1. Cash flow reconciliation

A0.1. Cash now reconcillation		
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		
Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the Statement of Administered Financial		
Position	13 668	32 053
Balance as per the Statement of Administered Cash Flows	13 668	32 053
Reconciliation of net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities to net cost of providing services		
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	(18 385)	1 257
Movement in assets and liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	(444)	177
(Increase)/decrease in payables	3 020	(2 902)
Net result	(15 809)	(1 468)

A7. Changes in accounting policy

A7.1. AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities establishes new income recognition requirements for not-for-profit entities. Its requirements apply where the consideration to acquire an asset, including cash, is significantly less than fair value principally to the entity to further its objectives. AASB 1058 also contains requirements for the receipt of volunteer services. AASB 1058 supersedes income recognition requirements in AASB 1004 *Contributions*, AASB 118 *Revenue* and AASB 111 *Construction Contracts*. However, elements of AASB 1004 remain in place, primarily in relation to restructures of administrative arrangements and other contributions and distributions by owners.

Accounting policies on transition

On transition, there was no impact on retained earnings.

A7.2. Presentation of Financial Statements

Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) issued on 01 June 2020 removed the previous requirement for financial statements to be prepared using the net cost of services format. The net cost of services is the total cost of services less any revenue retained by public authorities involved in the provision of services but does not include items classified as revenues from and payments to the South Australian Government.

Presentation of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an 'income and expense' basis allows information to be presented in such a way that eliminates potential confusion as to the source of funding for CESF. As well as changes to the format of the Statement of Comprehensive Income, there are presentational changes to remove the net cost of services format from the Statement of Cash Flows. These statements now show income before expenses, and cash receipts before cash payments. Related disclosures also reflect this changed format.

A8. Measurement and risk

A8.1. Financial instruments

Financial risk management

Risk management is managed by SAFECOM corporate services section and the Fund risk management policies are in accordance with the *Risk Management Policy Statement* issued by the Premier and Treasurer and the principles established in the Australian Standard *Risk Management Principles and Guidelines*.

The exposure of CESF to financial risk (liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk) is low due to the nature of the financial instruments held. There have been no changes in risk exposure since the last reporting period.

Liquidity risk

CESF is funded principally from Emergency Services Levy contributions, government concessions and remissions, and interest. The payments from CESF are referred by the Economic and Finance Committee, pursuant to the Act, and approved by the Minister for Emergency Services. CESF is an Administered item and cash flows associated with its approved payments and budgeted receipts are managed to ensure funding is available to meet the expected cash flows. Refer to note A5.1 for further information.

Credit risk

CESF has minimal concentration of credit risk. The fund is dependent on funds collected through the Emergency Services Levy (fixed and mobile property). CESF does not engage in high risk hedging for its financial assets. No collateral is held as security and no credit enhancements relate to financial assets held by CESF.

Impairment of financial assets

The expected credit loss of government debtors is considered to be nil based on the external credit ratings and nature of the counterparties. All of CESF's debtors at balance date were government debtors. The expected credit loss is nil.

In the comparative period, there was no impairment recognised under the incurred loss model due to the nature of CESF's debtors being government debtors.

Refer to note 11.3 in SAFECOM's financial statements for further information on impairment of financial instruments.

Market risk

CESF has non-interest-bearing assets (receivables) and liabilities (payables) and interest-bearing assets (cash at bank and investments). CESF's exposure to market risk and cash flow interest risk is minimal. There is minimal exposure to foreign currency or other price risks.

CESF does not trade in foreign currency, enter into transactions for speculative purposes, nor for hedging. CESF does not undertake any hedging in relation to interest or foreign currency risk and manages its risk as per the Government's risk management strategy articulated in TI 23 *Management of Foreign Currency Exposures*.

Categorisation of financial instruments

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note A1.1.

Refer to table A8.1 for the carrying amounts of each of the following categories of financial assets and liabilities: receivables and payables held at cost.

CESF does not recognise any financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value. The carrying value of receivables and payables is a reasonable approximation of their fair values due to the short-term nature of these (refer notes A4.2 and A5.1). Refer to note 9.2 of SAFECOM's financial statements for further information on adoption of AASB 9 in the current year.

Community Emergency Services Fund Notes to the administered financial statements *for the year ended 30 June 2020*

A8.1. Financial instruments (continued)

Table A8.1 Categorisation and maturity analysis of financial assets and liabilities

Category of financial asset and financial liability			2020 Contractual maturities			
	Note	Carrying amount / fair value \$'000	Current \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000	1-5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	A4.1	13 668	13 668	-	-	-
Total financial assets		13 668	13 668	-	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Payables ⁽¹⁾	A5.1	41	41	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities		41	41	-	-	-

Category of financial asset and financial liability		Carrying amount / fair value \$'000	2019 Contractual maturities			
	Note		Current \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000	1-5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	A4.1	32 053	32 053	-	-	-
Receivables (1)(2)		57	57	-	-	-
Total financial assets		32 110	32 110	-	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Payables ⁽¹⁾	A5.1	3 548	3 548	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities		3 548	3 548	-	-	-

(1) Receivable and payable amounts disclosed here exclude amounts relating to statutory receivables and payables (for example, Commonwealth, State and Local Government taxes, fees and charges; AGD audit fees).

(2) Receivables amount disclosed here excludes prepayments. Prepayments are presented in A4.2 as trade and other receivables in accordance with paragraph 78(b) of AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. However, prepayments are not financial assets as defined in AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* as the future economic benefit of these assets is the receipt of goods and services rather than the right to receive cash or another financial asset.