INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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To the Board Chair Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated and the consolidated entity comprising the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities as at 30 June 2022, their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2022
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2022
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2022
- notes, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Board Chair, the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Director Finance.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and the Board for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issues under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and the Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for assessing the entity's and consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account any policy or funding decisions the government has made which affect the continued existence of the entity. The Chief Executive Officer is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the assessment indicates that it is not appropriate.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and section 36(2) of the *Health Care Act 2008*, I have audited the financial report of the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

• identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive Officer
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Chief Executive Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive Officer and the Board about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Andrew Richardson

Auditor-General

20 September 2022

Certification of the financial statements Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network

We certify that the:

- financial statements of the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Inc.:
 - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the authority; and
 - comply with relevant Treasurer's instructions; and
 - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
 - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the authority at the end of the financial year and the result of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- Internal controls employed by the Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Inc. over its financial reporting and its preparation of the financial statements have been effective throughout the financial year.

Carol Gaston **Board Chair**

Rebecca Graham

Chief Executive Officer

Rose Dickinson

Executive Director Finance

Date: 14 September 2022

BAROSSA HILLS FLEURIEU LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the period ended 30 June 2022

•		Consolie	dated	Parent	
	Note	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Incomé					
Revenues from SA Government	2	255,837	236,370	255,837	236,370
Fees and charges	3	18,677	18,262	18,677	18,262
Grants and contributions	4	34,824	32,843	35,111	33,049
Interest		79	162	58	94
Resources received free of charge	5	3,204	3,196	3,134	3,046
Other revenues/income	7	33,105	28,346	32,921	28,056
Total income	_	345,726	319,179	345,738	318,877
Expenses					
Staff benefits expenses	8	203,466	176,606	203,466	176,606
Supplies and services	9	140,770	109,676	140,754	109,672
Depreciation and amortisation	16,17	9,229	8,808	4,619	4,443
Grants and subsidies	10	360	426	288	297
Borrowing costs	20	32	43	32	43
Net loss from disposal of non-current and other assets	6	-	14	-	14
Impairment loss on receivables	13.1	(135)	814	(135)	814
Other expenses	11	1,926	861	18,804	2,197
Total expenses	_	355,648	297,248	367,828	294,086
Net result	-	(9,922)	21,931	(22,090)	24,791
Total comprehensive result	=	(9,922)	21,931	(22,090)	24,791

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

BAROSSA HILLS FLEURIEU LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2022

		Consoli	dated	Parent	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Other financial assets Inventories Total current assets	12 13 14 15	17,079 4,272 21,945 1,176 44,472	18,238 4,732 22,578 1,103 46,651	14,705 4,384 16,981 1,176 37,246	16,929 4,749 16,461 1,103 39,242
Non-current assets					
Receivables Property, plant and equipment Total non-current assets	13 16,17	1,084 151,541 152,625	756 158,116 158,872	1,084 74,621 75,705	756 77,865 78,621
Total assets	=	197,097	205,523	112,951	117,863
Current liabilities					
Payables Financial liabilities Staff benefits Provisions Contract liabilities and other liabilities Total current liabilities	19 20 21 22 23	16,037 1,075 29,130 1,608 28,058 75,908	8,596 1,106 24,912 1,522 21,026 57,162	14,630 1,075 29,130 1,608 28,058 74,501	8,596 1,106 24,912 1,522 21,026 57,162
Non-current liabilities					
Payables Financial liabilities Staff benefits Provisions Total non-current liabilities	19 20 21 22 	1,259 1,390 30,319 4,254 37,222	1,268 2,117 31,992 2,006 37,383	1,259 1,390 30,319 4,254 37,222	1,268 2,117 31,992 2,006 37,383
Total liabilities	_	113,130	94,545	111,723	94,545
Net assets	_	83,967	110,978	1,228	23,318
Equity Retained earnings Asset revaluation surplus	_	61,030 22,937	84,679 26,299	1,228	23,318
Total equity	_	83,967	110,978	1,228	23,318

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

BAROSSA HILLS FLEURIEU LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the period ended 30 June 2022

CONSOLIDATED

	Note	Asset revaluation surplus \$ '000	Retained earnings \$ '000	Total equity \$ '000
Balance at 30 June 2020	-	26,299	62,748	89,047
Net result for 2020-21		-	21,931	21,931
Total comprehensive result for 2020-21	_	-	21,931	21,931
Balance at 30 June 2021		26,299	84,679	110,978
Net result for 2021-22		-	(9,922)	(9,922)
Total comprehensive result for 2021-22		-	(9,922)	(9,922)
Transfer between equity components		(3,362)	3,362	-
Transactions with SA Government as owner Net assets transferred out as a result of an administrative restructure	1.6	-	(17,089)	(17,089)
Balance at 30 June 2022	_	22,937	61,030	83,967
PARENT				

	Asset revaluation surplus \$ '000	Retained earnings \$ '000	Total equity \$ '000
Balance at 30 June 2020	_	(1,473)	(1,473)
Net result for 2020-21	-	24,791	24,791
Total comprehensive result for 2020-21	-	24,791	24,791
Balance at 30 June 2021	-	23,318	23,318
Net result for 2021-22	-	(22,090)	(22,090)
Total comprehensive result for 2021-22		(22,090)	(22,090)
Balance at 30 June 2022	•	1,228	1,228

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

		Consolidated		Parent	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash inflows					
Receipts from SA Government Fees and charges Grants and contributions		238,110 19,015 35,463	223,128 15,818 33,584	238,110 20,327 35,750	223,128 15,817 33,790
Interest received		54	130	46	92
Residential aged care bonds received GST recovered from ATO		8,962 7,569	4,979 6,074	8,962 7,569	4,979 6,074
Other receipts	-	513	598	329	309
Cash generated from operations	-	309,686	284,311	311,093	284,189
Cash outflows					
Staff benefits payments		(197,987)	(176,528)	(197,987)	(176,528)
Payments for supplies and services		(101,278)	(87,723)	(102,670)	(87,568)
Payments of grants and subsidies		(368)	(437)	(296)	(308)
Interest paid		(31)	(41)	(31)	(41)
Residential aged care bonds refunded Other payments		(5,909) (796)	(5,827) (384)	(5,909) (796)	(5,827) (384)
Cash used in operations	_	(306,369)	(270,940)	(307,689)	(270,656)
	_	2 215	12 271	2 404	12 522
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	3,317	13,371	3,404	13,533
Cash flows from investing activities					
Cash inflows					
Proceeds from sale/maturities of investments		1,967	31	631	-
Cash generated from investing activities	_	1,967	31	631	
Cash outflows					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(3,933)	(765)	(3,934)	(765)
Purchase of investments		(1,320)	(1,275)	(1,150)	(1,225)
Cash used in investing activities	-	(5,253)	(2,040)	(5,084)	(1,990)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-	(3,286)	(2,009)	(4,453)	(1,990)
Cash outflows		(15)			
Cash transferred as a result of restructuring activities Repayment of lease liabilities		(15) (1,175)	(1,193)	(1,175)	(1,193)
Cash used in financing activities	-	(1,173)	(1,193)	(1,175)	(1,193)
Cash used in mancing activities	_	(1,170)	(1,175)	(1,175)	(1,175)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	_	(1,190)	(1,193)	(1,175)	(1,193)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,159)	10,169	(2,224)	10,350
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		18,238	8,069	16,929	6,579
	10	15.050	10.220	14 505	17,020
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	12	17,079	18,238	14,705	16,929

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The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Non-cash transactions

1. About Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network

Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Incorporated (the Hospital) is a not-for-profit incorporated health service established under the Health Care (Local Health Networks) Proclamation 2019 which was an amendment to the Health Care Act 2008 (the Act). The Hospital commenced service delivery on 1 July 2019 following the dissolution of Country Health SA Local Health Network (CHSALHN). Relevant assets, rights and liabilities were transferred from CHSALHN to the Hospital. The financial statements include all controlled activities of the Hospital.

The Parent Entity

The Parent Entity consists of the following:

- Angaston District Hospital
- Eudunda Hospital
- Gawler Health Service
- Gumeracha District Soldiers' Memorial Hospital
- Kangaroo Island Health Service
- Kapunda Hospital
- Mount Barker District Health Service
- Mount Pleasant District Hospital
- Tanunda War Memorial Hospital
- · Southern Fleurieu Health Service, located in Victor Harbor
- · Strathalbyn and District Health Service
- Eudunda Senior Citizens Hostel
- Kapunda Homes
- Torrens Valley Aged Care, located at Gumeracha and Mount Pleasant
- Strathalbyn & District Aged Care Facility
- · Barossa Hills Fleurieu Kangaroo Island Community Health Service
- · Rural and Remote Mental Health
- Rural Support Service

Publicly funded health services in country South Australia are supported by the Rural Support Service (RSS), hosted within the Hospital. The service brings together clinical and corporate advisory services focused on improving quality and safety for the regional Local Health Networks (LHNs). The RSS includes highly specialist, system wide clinical and corporate capabilities, clinical leadership and expertise.

The Consolidated Entity

The Consolidated Entity includes the Parent Entity as well as the Health Advisory Councils (HACs) and Gift Fund Trusts (GFTs).

The HACs were established under the Act to provide a more coordinated, strategic and integrated health care system to meet the health needs of South Australians. HACs are consultative bodies that advise and make recommendations to the Chief Executive of the Department for Health and Wellbeing (the Department) and the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital on issues related to specific groups or regions. HACs hold assets, manage bequests and provide advice on local health service needs and priorities.

Incorporated HACs and GFTs are separate reporting entities within our health service. Since 2008 the Hospital has hosted a number of unincorporated HACs and GFTs (on behalf of Eyre and Far North Local Health Network, Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network and Yorke and Northern Local Health Network) via the Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc and the Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust. These HACs are now incorporated and the transfer of their net assets to the respective Local Health Network is at various stages of completion. Refer to notes 1.6 and 32 for details.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. Consistent accounting policies have been applied and all inter-entity balances and transactions arising within the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full. Information on the consolidated entity's interests in other entities is at note 32.

Administered items

The Hospital has administered activities and resources. Transactions and balances relating to administered resources are presented separately and disclosed in note 34. Except as otherwise disclosed, administered items are accounted for on the same basis and using the same accounting principles as for the Hospital's transactions.

1.1 Objectives and activities

The Hospital supports the delivery of safe, effective and accountable high quality health care.

The Hospital is part of the SA Health portfolio providing health services for the Barossa Hills Fleurieu and Kangaroo Island regions. The Hospital is structured to contribute to the outcomes for which the portfolio is responsible by providing health and related services across the Barossa Hills Fleurieu and Kangaroo Island regions. In addition, some services are provided at a state wide level, for example the Rural and Remote Health Service and the Rural Support Service.

The Hospital is governed by a Board which is responsible for providing strategic oversight and monitoring the Hospital's financial and operational performance. The Board must comply with any direction of the Minister for Health and Wellbeing (Minister) or Chief Executive of the Department.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the operations and affairs of the Hospital and is accountable to, and subject to the direction of, the Board in undertaking that function.

1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987; and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared based on a 12 month period and presented in Australian currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000). Any transactions in foreign currency are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rates at the date the transaction occurs. The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

Assets and liabilities that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle have been classified as current assets or current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Significant accounting policies are set out below or throughout the notes.

The Hospital has early adopted AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates which clarifies the requirements for disclosure of material accounting policy information and clarifies the distinction between accounting policies and accounting estimates. There has been no impact on the Hospital's financial statements.

1.3 Taxation

The Hospital is not subject to income tax. The Hospital is liable for fringe benefits tax (FBT) and goods and services tax (GST).

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in
 which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- · receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows.

1.4 Continuity of operations

As at 30 June 2022, the Hospital had working capital deficiency of \$31.436 million (\$10.511 million). The SA Government is committed and has consistently demonstrated a commitment to ongoing funding of the Hospital to enable it to perform its functions. This ongoing commitment is ultimately outlined in the annually produced and published State Budget Papers which presents the SA Government's current and estimated future economic performance, including forward estimates of revenue, expenses and performance by Agency.

1.5 Equity

The asset revaluation surplus is used to record increments and decrements in the fair value of land, buildings and plant and equipment to the extent that they offset one another. Relevant amounts are transferred to retained earnings when an asset is derecognised.

1.6 Changes to reporting entity

Administrative Restructure - Transferred Out

2021-22

On 27 May 2021 the Minister declared the incorporation of Far North Health Advisory Council, Port Lincoln Health Advisory Council, Hawker District Memorial Health Advisory Council, Port Augusta, Roxby Downs, Woomera Health Advisory Council, Quorn Health Services Health Advisory Council, The Whyalla Hospital and Health Services Health Advisory Council, Port Pirie Health Service Advisory Council and Southern Flinders Ranges Health Advisory Council. These were previously unincorporated HACs with their net assets vested in Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc and its associated GFT and reported as part of the Hospital.

Net assets transferred out from the consolidated entity consist of land and buildings (\$15.668 million) and cash (\$0.015 million). In addition, the Hospital is reporting a payable of \$1.406 million of the balances held in GFT bank accounts, the control of which has passed to the newly incorporated entities, but the physical transfer of cash will occur in 2022-23.

The transfer of the net assets of the GFTs associated with Far North Health Advisory Council, Port Lincoln Health Advisory Council and The Whyalla Hospital and Health Services Health Advisory Council is expected to be finalised in 2022-23. These net assets remain reported as part of the Hospital.

Leigh Creek Health Advisory Council elected to not be incorporated and was dissolved effective 23 June 2022

2020-21

There were no administrative restructures during this period.

1.7 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the Hospital

The COVID-19 pandemic continues to have an impact on the Hospital's operations. This includes an increase in costs associated with COVID capacity and preparation, the readiness of COVID-19 testing clinics, establishment of vaccine clinics, increased demand for personal protective equipment, increased staffing costs (including agency) to ensure necessary compliance measures are followed. Net COVID-19 specific costs for the Hospital was \$24.816 million (\$7.049 million).

1.8 Changes in accounting policy

The Hospital did not change any of its accounting policies during the year.

2. Revenues from SA Government

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Capital projects funding	19,048	17,069	19,048	17,069
Operational funding	236,789	219,301	236,789_	219,301
Total revenues from SA Government	255,837	236,370	255,837	236,370

The Department provides recurrent and capital funding under a service agreement to the Hospital for the provision of general health services. Contributions from the Department are recognised as revenues when the Hospital obtains control over the funding. Control over the funding is normally obtained upon receipt.

3. Fees and charges

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2021 2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Commissions revenue	2		2	-
Patient and client fees	3,805	4,117	3,805	4,117
Private practice fees	483	504	483	504
Fees for health services	3,520	3,712	3,520	3,712
Residential and other aged care charges	5,746	5,274	5,746	5,274
Sale of goods - medical supplies	1,995	1,485	1,995	1,485
Other user charges and fees	3,126	3,170	3,126	3,170
Total fees and charges	18,677	18,262	18,677	18,262

The Hospital measures revenue based on the consideration specified in a major contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. All contracts with customers recognised goods and services transferred at a point in time, when the Hospital satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

The Hospital recognises contract liabilities for consideration received in respect of unsatisfied performance obligations and reports these amounts as other liabilities (refer to note 23). Similarly, if the Hospital satisfies a performance obligation before it receives the consideration, the Hospital recognises either a contract asset or a receivable, depending on whether something other than the passage of time is required before the consideration is due (refer to note 13).

The Hospital recognises revenue (contract from customers) from the following major sources:

Patient and Client Fees

Public health care is free for medicare eligible customers. Non-medicare eligible customers pay in arrears to stay overnight in a public hospital and to receive medical assessment, advice, treatment and care from a health professional. These charges may include doctors, surgeons, anaesthetist, pathology, radiology services etc. Revenue from these services is recognised on a time-and-material basis as services are provided. Any amounts remaining unpaid at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable.

Private practice fees

SA Health grants SA Health employed salaried medical consultants the ability to provide billable medical services relating to the assessment, treatment and care of privately referred outpatients or private inpatients in SA Health sites. Fees derived from undertaking private practice is income derived in the hands of the specialist. The specialist appoints the Hospital as an agent in the rendering and recovery of accounts of the specialist's private practice. SA Health disburses amounts collects on behalf of the specialist to the specialist via payroll (fortnightly) or accounts payable (monthly) depending on the rights of private practice scheme. Revenue from these services is recognised as it's collected as per the Rights of Private Practice Agreement.

Residential and other aged care charges

Residential aged care fees include daily care fees and daily accommodation fees. Residents pay fortnightly in arrears for services rendered and accommodation supplied. Revenue from these services and accommodation is recognised on a time basis as provided. Residents are invoiced fortnightly as services and accommodation are provided. Any amounts remaining unpaid or unbilled at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable.

Fees for health services

Where the Hospital has incurred an expense on behalf of another entity, payment is recovered from the other entity by way of a recharge of the cost incurred. These fees can relate to the recharge of salaries and wages or various goods and services. Revenue is recognised on a time-and-material basis as provided. Any amounts remaining unpaid at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable.

4. Grants and contributions

	Consolidated		Parent		
	2022 \$'000	Market Control	2022 2021 2022	2022	2021
			\$'000	\$'000	
Commonwealth grants and donations	20,217	19,073	20,214	19,005	
Commonwealth aged care subsidies	11,919	11,131	11,919	11,131	
SA Government capital contributions	15	-	35	59	
Other SA Government grants and contributions	180	2,226	450	2,441	
Private sector capital contributions	130	-	130	-	
Private sector grants and contributions	2,363	413	2,363	413	
Total grants and contributions	34,824	32,843	35,111	33,049	

The grants received are usually subject to terms and conditions set out in the contract, correspondence, or by legislation.

Of the \$34.824 million (\$32.843 million) provided during the reporting period for grants and contributions, \$30.350 million (\$30.657 million) was provided for specific purposes such as aged care, community health services and other related health services.

5. Resources received free of charge

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Land and buildings	70	150	-	-
Plant and equipment		12	-	12
Services	3,134	3,034	3,134	3,034
Total resources received free of charge	3,204	3,196	3,134	3,046

Resources received free of charge include property, plant and equipment and are recorded at their fair value.

Contributions of services are recognised only when a fair value can be determined reliably and the services would be purchased if they had not been donated. The Hospital receives Financial Accounting, Taxation, Payroll, Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable services from Shared Services SA free of charge valued at \$2.210 million (\$2.133 million) and ICT services from the Department of the Premier and Cabinet (DPC) valued at \$0.924 million (\$0.901 million).

Although not recognised, the Hospital receives volunteer services from around 400 volunteers who provide patient and staff support services to individuals using the Hospital's services. The services include but are not limited to: patient liaison and support, administrative support, chaplain and library services, pet therapy, transport, community activities, gardening and community advocacy.

6. Net gain/(loss) from disposal of non-current and other assets

	Consolidated		Paren	τ
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Plant and equipment:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Proceeds from disposal	-	-	-	-
Less carrying amount of assets disposed		(14)	-	(14)
Net gain/(loss) from disposal of plant and equipment	-	(14)	-	(14)

Gains or losses on disposal are recognised at the date control of the asset is passed from the Hospital and are determined after deducting the carrying amount of the asset from the proceeds at that time. When revalued assets are disposed, the revaluation surplus is transferred to retained earnings.

7. Other revenues/income

	Consolid	Parent		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Donations	253	422	82	145
Health recoveries	32,604	27,771	32,604	27,771
Insurance recoveries	12	12	12	12
Other	236	141	223	128
Total other revenues/income	33,105	28,346	32,921	28,056

8. Staff benefits expenses

in behavior tento an emalinativo su n. • in una sulli	Consolidated		Parent		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and wages		162,325	143,491	162,325	143,491
Targeted voluntary separation packages	8.5	304	522	304	522
Long service leave		1,578	1,837	1,578	1,837
Annual leave		16,287	13,289	16,287	13,289
Skills and experience retention leave		923	764	923	764
Staff on-costs - superannuation*		18,021	15,110	18,021	15,110
Workers compensation		3,749	1,312	3,749	1,312
Board and committee fees		279	217	279	217
Other staff related expenses		-	64	-	64
Total staff benefits expenses		203,466	176,606	203,466	176,606

^{*} The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents the Hospital's contribution to superannuation plans in respect of current services of staff. The Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) centrally recognises the superannuation liability in the whole-of-government financial statements.

8.1 Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel (KMP) of the consolidated and parent entity includes the Minister, the seven (seven) members of the Governing Board, the Chief Executive of the Department, the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital and the thirteen (eleven) members of the Executive Management Group.

The compensation detailed below excludes salaries and other benefits received by:

The Minister for Health and Wellbeing. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by the Parliamentary
Remuneration Act 1990 and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via
DTF) under section 6 of the Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990; and

 The Chief Executive of the Department. The Chief Executive of the Department is compensated by the Department and there is no requirement for the Hospital to reimburse those expenses.

Compensation	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	3,442	2,964
Post-employment benefits	457	366
Other long-term employment benefits	1	-
Total	3,900	3,330

The Hospital did not enter into any transactions with key management personnel or their close family during the reporting period that were not consistent with normal procurement arrangements.

8.2 Remuneration of Boards and Committees

The number of board or committee members whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands is:

	2022	2021
	No. of	No. of
	Members	Members
\$0 - \$20,000	4	11
\$20,001 - \$40,000	5	4
\$40,001 - \$60,000	2	1
Total	11	16

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$0.281 million (\$0.207 million). Remuneration of members reflects all costs of performing board/committee member duties including sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and related fringe benefits tax. In accordance with the Premier and Cabinet Circular No. 016, government employees did not receive any remuneration for board/committee duties during the financial year.

Unless otherwise disclosed, transactions between members are on conditions no more favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the entity would have adopted if dealing with the related party at arm's length in the same circumstances.

Refer to note 33 for members of boards/committees that served for all or part of the financial year and were entitled to receive income from membership in accordance with APS 124.B.

8.3 Remuneration of staff

	Consoli	dated	Parent	
The number of staff whose remuneration received or receivable	2022	2021	2022	2021
falls within the following bands:	Number	Number	Number	Number
\$154,001 - \$157,000*	n/a	2	n/a	2
\$157,001 - \$177,000	20	14	20	14
\$177,001 - \$197,000	4	5	4	5
\$197,001 - \$217,000	4	2	4	2
\$217,001 - \$237,000	4	2	4	2
\$237,001 - \$257,000	1	3	1	3
\$257,001 - \$277,000	1	2	1	2
\$277,001 - \$297,000	2	2	2	2
\$297,001 - \$317,000	5	3	5	3
\$317,001 - \$337,000	1	2	1	2
\$337,001 - \$357,000	1	5	1	5
\$357,001 - \$377,000	8	-	8	-
\$377,001 - \$397,000	-	3	-	3
\$397,001 - \$417,000	3	3	3	3
\$417,001 - \$437,000	3	4	3	4
\$437,001 - \$457,000	2	1	2	1
\$477,001 - \$497,000	3	1	3	1
\$497,001 - \$517,000	1	2	1	2
\$517,001 - \$537,000	1	-	1	-
\$537,001 - \$557,000	1	-	1	-
\$577,001 - \$597,000	1	1	1	1
\$597,001 - \$617,000	-	1	-	1
\$617,001 - \$637,000	1	-	1	-
\$637,001 - \$657,000	1	-	1	-
\$657,001 - \$677,000	-	1	_	1
\$697,001 - \$717,000	1	-	1	-

	Consoli	dated	Parent	
The number of staff whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands: \$717,001 - \$737,000	2022 Number	2021 Number 1	2022 Number	2021 Number 1
Total number of staff	69	60	69	60

The table includes all staff who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of staff reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any related fringe benefits tax. This does not include any offsets or recharges to other entities.

8.4 Remuneration of staff by classification

The total remuneration received by staff included above:

	Consolidated					Par	ent	
	2022		2021		2	2022		021
	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000
Executive	4	884	3	687	4	884	3	687
Medical (excluding Nursing)	48	17,182	40	14,481	48	17,182	40	14,481
Non-medical (i.e. administration)	3	500	4	883	3	500	4	883
Nursing	14	2,404	13	2,154	14	2,404	13	2,154
Total	69	20,970	60	18,205	69	20,970	60	18,205

8.5 Targeted voluntary separation packages

	Co	nsolidated		Parent
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Amount paid/payable to separated staff:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Targeted voluntary separation packages	304	522	304	522
Leave paid/payable to separated employees	200	192	200	192
Net cost to the Hospital	504	714	504	714

The number of staff who received a TVSP during the reporting period	4	5	4	5

9. Supplies and services

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Administration	3,599	512	3,598	511
Advertising	637	429	637	429
Communication	2,295	1,817	2,295	1,817
Computing	5,190	3,135	5,190	3,135
Consultants	1,045	353	1,045	353
Contract of services	8,951	8,604	8,951	8,604
Contractors	1,561	1,151	1,561	1,151
Contractors - agency staff	16,963	11,205	16,963	11,205
Drug supplies	2,453	3,084	2,453	3,084
Electricity, gas and fuel	1,799	1,767	1,799	1,767
Fee for service ⁽¹⁾	27,334	22,987	27,334	22,987
Food supplies	2,695	2,390	2,695	2,390
Housekeeping	2,218	2,111	2,218	2,111
Insurance	2,360	2,621	2,358	2,621
Internal SA Health SLA payments	1,595	1,556	1,595	1,556
Legal	64	32	64	32
Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies	21,240	14,112	21,240	14,112
Minor equipment	2,741	1,951	2,737	1,951
Motor vehicle expenses	658	601	658	601
Occupancy rent and rates(2)	893	1,471	891	1,471
Patient transport ⁽³⁾	12,667	13,291	12,667	13,291
Postage	720	614	720	614
Printing and stationery	1,051	930	1,051	930
Repairs and maintenance	6,937	5,477	6,934	5,476

^{*}The \$154,001 to \$157,000 band has been included for the purposes of reporting comparative figures based on the executive base level remuneration rate for 2020-21.

Security	Cons	Consolidated		
	1,978	685	1,978	685
Services from Shared Services SA	2,252	2,153	2,252	2,153
Short term lease expense	588	230	588	230
Training and development	4,974	1,755	4,974	1,755
Travel expenses	901	825	901	825
Other supplies and services	2,411	1,827	2,407	1,825
Total supplies and services	140,770	109,676	140,754	109,672

(1) Fee for Service primarily relates to medical services provided by doctors not employed by the Hospital.

(2) Part of the Hospital's accommodation is provided by the Department for Infrastructure and Transport (DIT) under a Memorandum of Administrative Arrangement issued in accordance with Government wide accommodation policies, these arrangements do not meet the definition of a lease and accordingly are disclosed within Occupancy rent and rates.

(3) Patient transport includes costs incurred under the Patient Assisted Transport Scheme (PATS), a transport subsidy scheme established to assist rural and remote residents to access medical specialist care not available locally. This service is provided

across all regional SA as part of RSS.

The Hospital recognises lease payments associated with short term leases (12 months or less) and leases for which the underlying asset is low value (less than \$15,000) as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease commitments for short term leases is similar to short term lease expenses disclosed.

Consultants

The number of consultancies and dollar amount paid/payable (included in supplies and service expense) to consultants that fell within the following bands

		Consolidated			Parent			
	20	2022		2021		2022		21
	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000
Below \$10,000	9	48	2	3	9	48	2	3
Above \$10,000	24	997	6	350	24	997	6	350
Total	33	1,045	8	353	33	1,045	8	353

10. Grants and subsidies

TO OTHER HE SHOWED	Conse	Consolidated		rent
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Subsidies	2	2	2	2
Funding to non-government organisations	286	295	286	295
Other	72	129	-	-
Total grants and subsidies	360	426	288	297

Other grants largely relate to grants paid by unincorporated HACs to the LHN with which the HAC is associated. The grants given are usually subject to terms and conditions set out in the contract, correspondence, or by legislation.

11. Other expenses

Consolidated			Parent		
2022	2021	2022	2021		
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
466	79	466	79		
12	12	12	12		
1,179	518	18,057	1,854		
269	252	269	252		
1,926	861	18,804	2,197		
	2022 \$'000 466 12 1,179 269	2022 2021 \$'000 \$'000 466 79 12 12 1,179 518 269 252	2022 2021 2022 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 466 79 466 12 12 12 1,179 518 18,057 269 252 269		

Donated assets expense includes transfer of buildings and improvements and plant and equipment and is recorded as expenditure at their fair value. For the Parent donated assets for 2022 relate to the transfer of completed works in progress to the HAC asset class and the Central Adelaide Local Health Network (CALHN). The transfers to HAC eliminate on consolidation. Refer to note 17 for further details.

^{*} Includes Audit fees paid/payable to the Auditor-General's Department relating to work performed under the *Public Finance and Audit Act* of \$0.114 million (\$0.119 million). No other services were provided by the Auditor-General's Department. Also includes fees paid or payable to Galpins Accountants Auditors and Business Consultants of \$0.043 million (\$0.050 million) for audits of the HACs and aged care.

12. Cash and cash equivalents

**************************************	Cons	olidated	Parent		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash at bank or on hand	5,241	2,045	2,867	736	
Deposits with Treasurer: general operating	11,825	16,183	11,825	16,183	
Deposits with Treasurer: special purpose funds	13	10	13	10	
Total cash and cash equivalents	17,079	18,238	14,705	16,929	

Cash is measured at nominal amounts. The Hospital operates through the Department's general operating account held with the Treasurer and does not earn interest on this account. Interest is earned on HAC and GFT bank accounts and accounts holding aged care funds, including refundable deposits. Of the \$17.079 million (\$18.238 million) held, \$2.407 million (\$0.000 million) relates to aged care refundable deposits.

13. Receivables

	,	Cons	olidated	Parent		
Current	Note	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000	
Patient/client fees: compensable		129	237	129	237	
Patient/client fees: aged care		866	688	866	688	
Patient/client fees: other		452	585	452	585	
Debtors		1,092	1,889	1,093	1,890	
Less: allowance for impairment loss on receivables	13.1	(1,019)	(1,154)	(1,019)	(1,154)	
Prepayments		284	401	284	401	
Interest		27	16	23	12	
Grants		109	-	109	-	
Workers compensation provision recoverable		576	445	576	445	
Sundry receivables and accrued revenue		1,520	1,456	1,634	1,476	
GST input tax recoverable		236	169	237	169	
Total current receivables		4,272	4,732	4,384	4,749	
Non-current						
Debtors		104	39	104	39	
Workers compensation provision recoverable		980	717	980	717	
Total non-current receivables		1,084	756	1,084	756	
Total receivables		5,356	5,488	5,468	5,505	

Receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other agencies and to the public. The Hospital's trading terms for receivables are generally 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement. Receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing. Receivables are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and they are measured at amortised cost.

Other than as recognised in the allowance for impairment loss on receivables, it is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

13.1 Impairment of receivables

The Hospital has adopted the simplified impairment approach under AASB 9 and measured lifetime expected credit losses on all trade receivables using an allowance matrix as a practical expedient to measure the impairment provision.

Movement in the allowance for impairment loss on receivables:

	Consolidated		Paren	t
	2022	2021	2022	2021
•	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	1,154	340	1,154	340
Increase/(Decrease) in allowance recognised in profit or loss	(135)	814	(135)	814
Carrying amount at the end of the period	1,019	1,154	1,019	1,154

Impairment losses relate to receivables arising from contracts with customers that are external to the SA Government. Refer to note 30 for details regarding credit risk and the methodology for determining impairment.

14. Other financial assets

The consolidated and parent entity holds term deposits of \$21.945 million (\$22.578 million) and \$16.981 million (\$16.461 million) respectively. Of these deposits \$15.636 million (\$14.997 million) relates to aged care refundable deposits, with the remaining funds primarily relating to aged care. These deposits are measured at amortised cost. There is no impairment on term deposits.

15. Inventories

	Cons	Parent		
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Drug supplies	346	400	346	400
Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies	693	579	693	579
Food and hotel supplies	110	101	110	101
Engineering supplies	1	1	1	1
Other	26	22	26	22
Total current inventories - held for distribution	1,176	1,103	1,176	1,103

All inventories are held for distribution at no or nominal consideration and are measured at the lower of average weighted cost and replacement cost. The amount of any inventory write-down to net realisable value/replacement cost or inventory losses are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurred. Any write-down reversals are also recognised as an expense reduction.

16. Property, plant and equipment

16.1 Acquisition and recognition of non-current assets

Property, plant and equipment owned by the Hospital are initially recorded on a cost basis, and subsequently measured at fair value. Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at their fair value in the Statement of Financial Position. Where assets are acquired at no or nominal value as part of a restructure of administrative arrangements, the assets are recorded at the value held by the transferor public authority prior to the restructure.

The Hospital capitalises owned property, plant and equipment with a value equal to or in excess of \$10,000. Assets recorded as works in progress represent projects physically incomplete as at the reporting date. Componentisation of complex assets is generally performed when the complex asset's fair value at the time of acquisition is equal to or greater than \$5 million for infrastructure assets and \$1 million for other assets.

16.2 Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets

The residual values, useful lives, depreciation and amortisation methods of all major assets held by the Hospital are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate on an annual basis. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate.

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated on a straight line basis. Property, plant and equipment depreciation and amortisation are calculated over the estimated useful life as follows:

Class of asset	Useful life (years)
Buildings and improvements	10 - 80
Right-of-use buildings	2 - 5
Plant and equipment:	
 Medical, surgical, dental and biomedical equipment and furniture 	2 - 20
 Computing equipment 	3 - 5
 Vehicles 	2 - 20
Other plant and equipment	3 - 30
Right-of-use plant and equipment	2 - 3

16.3 Revaluation

All non-current tangible assets owned by the Hospital are subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation (written down current cost).

Revaluation of non-current assets or a group of assets is only performed when the owned asset's fair value at the time of acquisition is greater than \$1.5 million and the estimated useful life exceeds three years. Revaluations are undertaken on a regular cycle. Non-current tangible assets that are acquired between revaluations are held at cost until the next valuation, where they are revalued to fair-value. If at any time management considers that the carrying amount of an asset greater than \$1.5 million materially differs from its fair value, then the asset will be revalued regardless of when the last revaluation took place.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amounts of the assets and the net amounts are restated to the revalued amounts of the asset. Upon disposal or derecognition, any asset revaluation surplus relating to that asset is transferred to retained earnings

16.4 Impairment

The Hospital holds its property, plant and equipment for their service potential (value in use). Specialised assets would rarely be sold and typically any costs of disposal would be negligible, accordingly the recoverable amount will be closer to or greater than fair value. Where there is an indication of impairment, the recoverable amount is estimated. Fair value is assessed each year. There were no indications of impairment for property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2022.

16.5 Land and buildings

An independent valuation of land and buildings owned by the Hospital was performed in March 2018, within the regular valuation cycle, by a certified practising valuer from AssetVal as at June 2018. Consistent with *Treasurer's Instructions*, a public authority must at least every 6 years obtain a valuation appraisal from a qualified valuer, the timing and process of which will be considered in the 2022-23 financial year.

Fair value of unrestricted land was determined using the market approach. The valuation was based on recent market transactions for similar land and buildings (non-specialised) in the area and includes adjustment for factors specific to the land and buildings being valued such as size, location and current use. For land classified as restricted in use, fair value was determined by applying an adjustment to reflect the restriction.

Fair value of buildings and other land was determined using depreciated replacement cost due to there not being an active market. The depreciated replacement cost considered the need for ongoing provision of government services; specialised nature and restricted use of the assets; the size, condition and location. The valuation was based on a combination of internal records, specialised knowledge and acquisitions/transfer costs.

16.6 Plant and equipment

The value of plant and equipment has not been revalued and in accordance with APS 116D the carrying value is deemed to approximate fair value. These assets are classified in Level 3 as there have been no subsequent adjustments to their value, except for management assumptions about the asset condition and remaining useful life.

16.7 Leased property, plant and equipment

Right-of-use assets (including concessional arrangements) leased by the Hospital as lessee are measured at cost and there were no indications of impairment. Short-term leases of 12 months or less and low value leases, where the underlying asset value is less than \$15,000 are not recognised as right-of-use assets. The associated lease payments are recognised as an expense and disclosed in note 9.

The Hospital has a number of lease agreements including concessional. Major lease activities include the use of:

- Properties are health clinics generally leased from the private sector. Generally property leases are non-cancellable with
 many having the right of renewal. Rent is payable in arrears, with increases generally linked to CPI increases. Prior to
 renewal, most lease arrangements undergo a formal rent review linked to market appraisals or independent valuers.
- Motor vehicles leased from the South Australian Government Financing Authority (SAFA) through their agent LeasePlan
 Australia. The leases are non-cancellable and the vehicles are leased for a specified time period (usually 3 years) or a
 specified number of kilometres, whichever occurs first.

The Hospital has not committed to any lease arrangements that have not commenced. The Hospital has not entered into any sub-lease arrangements outside of the Consolidated Entity.

The lease liabilities related to the right-of-use assets (and the maturity analysis) are disclosed at note 20. Expenses related to right-of-use assets including depreciation and interest expense are disclosed at note 17 and 20. Cash outflows related to right-of-use assets are disclosed at note 24.

17. Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment

The following table shows the movement: Consolidated

2021-22

Land and buildings:

2021 22	zana and vandings.									
	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	Capital works in progress land and buildings \$'000	Accommod- ation and Leasehold improve- ments \$'000	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	and equipment		Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	13,611	120,189	2,362	16,667	271	2,085 889	1,633	771	527	158,116
Additions	-	-	-	17,304	-	889	-	389	821	19,403
Assets received free of charge	-	70	-	-	-	-	-	(5)	-	70
Disposals	-	-	-	(1.150)	-	-	-	(5)	-	(5)
Donated assets disposal	(500)	(1 (0.70)	-	(1,179)	-	-	-		-	(1,179)
Acquisition / (disposal) through administrative	(790)	(14,878)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,668)
restructuring		20.200		(20.257)		16			(17)	
Transfers between asset classes	-	20,288	22	(20,257)	-	16	-	-	(47)	- 22
Remeasurement	10.001	107.440	33	10 525	271	2 200	1 (22	1 1 1 5 5	1.001	33
Subtotal:	12,821	125,669	2,395	12,535	271	2,990	1,633	1,155	1,301	160,770
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net										
result:		((010)	((77)		(105)	(0(0)	(0.00)	(501)		(0.000)
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(6,813)	(677)	-	(105)	(868)	(265)			(9,229)
Subtotal:	44.004	(6,813)	(677)		(105)	(868)	(265)		- 1 201	(9,229)
Carrying amount at the end of the period*	12,821	118,856	1,718	12,535	166	2,122	1,368	654	1,301	151,541
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	12,821	139,109	3,568	12,535	367	5,247	2,171	1,397	1,301	178,516
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	-	(20,253)	(1,850)	-	(201)	(3,125)	(803)		_	(26,975)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	12,821	118,856	1,718	12,535		2,122	1,368		1,301	151,541
	·									

^{*}All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 20 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

Consolidated

2020-21

Land and buildings:

				Canital	Accommod-				C:4-1	
	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	works in progress land and buildings \$'000	ation and Leasehold improve- ments \$'000	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	Other plant and equipment \$'000	Right-of-use plant and equipment \$'000	Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	12,511	123,947	1,777	4,427	-	2,360	1,914	871	630	148,437
Additions	1,100	400	1,199	14,630	-	462	-	500	528	18,819
Assets received free of charge	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	162
Disposals	-	-		-	-	(9)	(5)	(6)	-	(20)
Donated assets disposal	-		-	-	-	(83)	-	-	(435)	(518)
Transfers between asset classes	-	2,023		(2,390)	367	208	-	-	(208)	-
Remeasurement	-	-	44	-	-	-			-	44
Subtotal:	13,611	126,520	3,020	16,667	367	2,938	1,909	1,365	527	166,924
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net result:										
Depreciation and amortisation		(6,331)	(658)	-	(96)	(853)	(276)	(594)	-	(8,808)
Subtotal:	-	(6,331)	(658)	-	(96)	(853)	(276)	(594)	-	(8,808)
Carrying amount at the end of the period*	13,611	120,189	2,362	16,667	271	2,085	1,633	771	527	158,116
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	13,611	137,444	3,535	16,667	367	4,342	2,171	1,556	527	180,220
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	-	(17,255)	(1,173)	-	(96)	(2,257)	(538)	(785)	-	(22,104)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	13,611	120,189	2,362	16,667	271	2,085	1,633	771	527	158,116

^{*}All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 20 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

Parent

2021-22

Land and buildings:

		O.								
	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	Capital works in progress land and buildings \$'000	ation and Leasehold improve- ments	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	Other plant and equipment \$'000		Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	4,178	49,371	2,362	16,667	271	2,085	1,633		527	77,865
Additions	-		-	17,305	-	889	-	389	821	19,404
Disposals	-	-	-	(10.00()	-	-	-	(5)	(0.1)	(5)
Donated assets disposal	-	2 411	-	(18,026)		16	-	-	(31)	(18,057)
Transfers between asset classes	-	3,411	22	(3,411)	-	16	-	-	(16)	22
Remeasurement	4.470	-	33		-				1 221	33
Subtotal:	4,178	52,782	2,395	12,535	271	2,990	1,633	1,155	1,301	79,240
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net										
result:										
Depreciation and amortisation		(2,203)	(677)	-	(105)	(868)	(265)	\rightarrow		(4,619)
Subtotal:	-	(2,203)	(677)	-	(105)	(868)	(265)	(501)	-	(4,619)
Carrying amount at the end of the period*	4,178	50,579	1,718	12,535	166	2,122	1,368	654	1,301	74,621
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	4,178	56,712	3,568	12,535	367	5,247	2,171	1,397	1,301	87,476
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	-	(6,133)	(1,850)	-	(201)	(3,125)	(803)	(743)	-,	(12,855)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	4,178	50,579	1,718	12,535		2,122	1,368		1,301	74,621

^{*}All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 20 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

Parent

2020-21

Land and buildings:

	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	Capital works in progress land and buildings \$'000	Accommod- ation and Leasehold improve- ments \$'000	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	Other plant and equipment \$'000	Right-of-use plant and equipment \$'000	Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	3,078	50,250	1,777	4,427	_	2,360	1,914		630	65,307
Additions	1,100	400	1,199	14,630	-	462	-	500	528	18,819
Assets received free of charge	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(9)	(5)	(6)	-	(20)
Donated assets disposal	-	-	-	(1,336)	-	(83)	-	-	(435)	(1,854)
Transfers between asset classes	-	687	-	(1,054)	367	208	-	-	(208)	-
Remeasurement		-	44		•		_	-	-	44
Subtotal:	4,178	51,337	3,020	16,667	367	2,938	1,909	1,365	527	82,308
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net result:										
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(1,966)	(658)		(96)	(853)	(276)	(594)	-	(4,443)
Subtotal:		(1,966)	(658)	-	(96)	(853)	(276)	(594)	-	(4,443)
Carrying amount at the end of the period*	4,178	49,371	2,362	16,667	271	2,085	1,633	771	527	77,865
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	4,178	53,301	3,535	16,667	367	4,342	2,171	1,556	527	86,644
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	-	(3,930)	(1,173)	-	(96)	(2,257)	(538)	(785)	-	(8,779)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	4,178	49,371	2,362	16,667	271	2,085	1,633	771	527	77,865

^{*}All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 20 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

18. Fair value measurement

The Hospital classifies fair value measurement using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements, based on the data and assumptions used in the most recent revaluation:

- Level 1 traded in active markets, and is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that
 the entity can access at measurement date.
- Level 2 not traded in an active market, and are derived from inputs (inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1)
 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 not traded in an active market, and are derived from unobservable inputs.

The Hospital's current use is the highest and best use of the asset unless other factors suggest an alternative use. As the Hospital did not identify any factors to suggest an alternative use, fair value measurement was based on current use. The carrying amount of non-financial assets with a fair value at the time of acquisition that was less than \$1.5 million or an estimated useful life that was less than three years are deemed to approximate fair value.

Refer to notes 16 and 18.2 and for disclosure regarding fair value measurement techniques and inputs used to develop fair value measurements for non-financial assets.

18.1 Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of non-financial assets must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The Hospital categorises non-financial assets measured at fair value at Level 3 which are all recurring. There are no non-recurring fair value measurements.

The Hospital's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. During 2021 and 2022, the Hospital had no valuations categorised into Level 1 or Level 2.

18.2 Valuation techniques and inputs

Due to the predominantly specialised nature of health service assets, the majority of land and buildings have been undertaken using a cost approach (depreciated replacement cost), an accepted valuation methodology under AASB 13. The extent of unobservable inputs and professional judgement required in valuing these assets is significant, and as such they are deemed to have been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs.

Unobservable inputs used to arrive at final valuation figures included:

- Estimated remaining useful life, which is an economic estimate and by definition, is subject to economic influences;
- Cost rate, which is the estimated cost to replace an asset with the same service potential as the asset undergoing valuation (allowing for over-capacity), and based on a combination of internal records including: refurbishment and upgrade costs, historical construction costs, functional utility users, industry construction guides, specialised knowledge and estimated acquisition/transfer costs;
- Characteristics of the asset, including condition, location, any restrictions on sale or use and the need for ongoing provision of Government services;
- Effective life, being the expected life of the asset assuming general maintenance is undertaken to enable functionality but no upgrades are incorporated which extend the technical life or functional capacity of the asset; and
- Depreciation methodology, noting that AASB 13 dictates that regardless of the depreciation methodology adopted, the exit price should remain unchanged.

19. Payables

•	Consc	Parent		
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Creditors and accrued expenses	11,441	6,050	11,441	6,050
Paid Parental Leave Scheme	66	27	66	27
Staff on-costs*	2,904	2,357	2,904	2,357
Other payables	1,626	162	219	162
Total current payables	16,037	8,596	14,630	8,596
Non-current				
Staff on-costs*	1,259	1,268	1,259	1,268
Total non-current payables	1,259	1,268	1,259	1,268
Total payables	17,296	9,864	15,889	9,864

Payables are measured at nominal amounts. Creditors and accruals are raised for all amounts owed and unpaid. Sundry creditors are normally settled within 30 days from the date the invoice is first received. Staff on-costs are settled when the respective staff benefits that they relate to are discharged. All payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of payables approximates net fair value due to their short term nature.

*Staff on-costs include Return to Work SA levies and superannuation contributions and are settled when the respective employee benefits that they relate to is discharged. The Hospital makes contributions to several State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to the South Australian Superannuation Board and externally managed superannuation schemes.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by DTF, the portion of long service leave taken as leave is unchanged at 38% and the average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation on-costs has increased from the 2021 rate (10.1%) to 10.6% to reflect the increase in super guarantee. These rates are used in the staff on-cost calculation. The net financial effect of the changes in the current financial year is an increase in the staff on-cost liability and staff benefits expenses of \$0.165 million. The estimated impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of assumptions.

The Paid Parental Leave Scheme payable represents amounts which the Hospital has received from the Commonwealth Government to forward onto eligible staff via the Hospital's standard payroll processes. That is, the Hospital is acting as a conduit through which the payment to eligible staff is made on behalf of the Family Assistance Office.

Refer to note 30 for information on risk management.

20. Financial liabilities

	Conso	Parent		
Current	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Lease liabilities	1,075	1,106	1,075	1,106
Total current financial liabilities	1,075	1,106	1,075	1,106
Non-current				
Lease liabilities	1,390	2,117	1,390	2,117
Total non-current financial liabilities	1,390	2,117	1,390	2,117
Total financial liabilities	2,465	3,223	2,465	3,223

Lease liabilities have been measured via discounting lease payments using either the interest rate implicit in the lease (where it is readily determined) or DTF's incremental borrowing rate. Borrowing costs of \$0.032 million (\$0.043 million) relate to interest on lease liabilities. There were no defaults or breaches on any of the above liabilities throughout the year.

Refer to note 30 for information on risk management.

Refer note 16 and 17 for details about the right of use assets (including depreciation).

20.1 Maturity analysis

A maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on undiscounted gross cash flows is reported in the table below:

	Consolidated		raren	L
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Lease Liabilities	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
1 to 3 years	892	1,510	892	1,510
3 to 5 years	207	215	207	215
5 to 10 years	360	411	360	411
Total lease liabilities (undiscounted)	1,459	2,136	1,459	2,136

21. Staff benefits

	Cons	Consolidated		rent
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Accrued salaries and wages	6,034	5,212	6,034	5,212
Annual leave	18,876	15,569	18,876	15,569
Long service leave	2,683	2,812	2,683	2,812
Skills and experience retention leave	1,508	1,307	1,508	1,307
Other	29	12	29	12
Total current staff benefits	29,130	24,912	29,130	24,912
Non-current				
Long service leave	30,319	31,992	30,319	31,992
Total non-current staff benefits	30,319	31,992	30,319	31,992
Total staff benefits	59,449	56,904	59,449	56,904

Staff benefits accrue as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Non-current staff benefits are measured at present value and current staff benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

21.1 Salaries and wages, annual leave, skills and experience retention leave and sick leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at the reporting date.

The annual leave liability and the skills and experience retention leave liability is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

As a result of the actuarial assessment performed by DTF, the salary inflation rate has decreased from the 2021 rate (2.0%) to 1.50% for annual leave and skills and experience retention leave liability. As a result, there is a decrease in the employee staff benefits liability and employee benefits expenses of \$0.106 million.

No provision has been made for sick leave, as all sick leave is non-vesting, and the average sick leave taken in future years by employees is estimated to be less than the annual entitlement for sick leave.

21.2 Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

AASB 119 Employee Benefits contains the calculation methodology for long service leave liability. The actuarial assessment performed by DTF has provided a basis for the measurement of long service leave and is based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on employee data over SA Government entities and the health sector across government.

AASB 119 requires the use of the yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds as the discount rate in the measurement of the long service leave liability. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds has increased from 2021 (1.50%) to 3.75%. This increase in the bond yield, which is used as the rate to discount future long service leave cash flows, results in a decrease in the reported long service leave liability. The actuarial assessment performed by DTF left the salary inflation rate at 2.5% for long service leave liability. As a result, there is no net financial effect resulting from changes in the salary inflation rate.

The net financial effect of the changes to actuarial assumptions is a decrease in the long service leave liability of \$5.759 million, payables (staff on-costs) of \$0.232 million and staff benefits expense of \$5.991 million. The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of assumptions — a key assumption being the long-term discount rate.

22. Provisions

22.1 Workers Compensation

Reconciliation of workers compensation (statutory and non-statutory)

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	3,528	3,191	3,528	3,191
Increase in provisions recognised	2,492	480	2,492	480
Reductions arising from payments/other sacrifices of future economic	(158)	(143)	(158)	(143)
benefits				
Carrying amount at the end of the period	5,862	3,528	5,862	3,528

Workers compensation

The Hospital is an exempt employer under the *Return to Work Act 2014*. Under a scheme arrangement, the Hospital is responsible for the management of workers rehabilitation and compensation, and is directly responsible for meeting the cost of workers' compensation claims and the implementation and funding of preventive programs.

Accordingly, a liability has been reported to reflect unsettled workers compensation claims (statutory and additional compensation schemes).

The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial estimate of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2022 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment.

The additional compensation scheme provides continuing benefits to workers who have suffered eligible work-related injuries and whose entitlements have ceased under the statutory workers compensation scheme. Eligible injuries are non-serious injuries sustained in circumstances which involved, or appeared to involve, the commission of a criminal offence, or which arose from a dangerous situation.

There is a significant degree of uncertainty associated with estimating future claims and expense payments, and also around the timing of future payments due to the variety of factors involved. The liability is impacted by the agency claim experience relative to other agencies, average claim sizes and other economic and actuarial assumptions. In addition to these uncertainties, the additional compensation scheme is impacted by the limited claims history and the evolving nature of the interpretation of, and evidence required to meet, eligibility criteria. Given these uncertainties, the actual cost of additional compensation claims may differ materially from the estimate.

Measurement of the workers compensation provision as at 30 June 2022 includes the impacts of the decision of the Full Court of the Supreme Court of South Australia in Return to Work Corporation of South Australia vs Summerfield (Summerfield decision). The Summerfield decision increased the liabilities of the Return to Work Scheme (the Scheme) and the workers compensation provision across government.

Legislation to reform the Return to Work Act 2014 was proclaimed in July 2022, with the reforms expected to reduce the overall liability of the Scheme. The impacts of these reforms on the workers compensation provision will be considered when measuring the provision as at 30 June 2023.

23. Contract liabilities and other liabilities

	Consolidated		Parent	
*	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Unclaimed monies	3	5	3	5
Contract liabilities	9,686	5,985	9,686	5,985
Residential aged care bonds	18,352	15,027	18,352	15,027
Other	17	9	17	9
Total contract liabilities and other liabilities	28,058	21,026	28,058	21,026
Total contract liabilities and other liabilities	28,058	21,026	28,058	21,026

A contract liability is recognised for revenue relating to home care packages, training programs and other health programs received in advance and is realised as agreed milestones have been achieved. All performance obligations from these existing contracts (deferred service income) will be satisfied during the next reporting period and accordingly all amounts will be recognised as revenue.

Residential aged care bonds are accommodation bonds, refundable accommodation contributions and refundable accommodation deposits. These are non-interest bearing deposits made by aged care facility residents to the Hospital upon their admission to residential accommodation. The liability for accommodation is carried at the amount that would be payable on exit of the resident. This is the amount received on entry of the resident less applicable deductions for fees and retentions pursuant to the Aged Care Act 1997. Residential aged care bonds are classified as current liabilities as the Hospital does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. The obligation to settle could occur at any time. Once a refunding event occurs the other liability becomes interest bearing. The interest rate applied is the prevailing interest rate at the time as prescribed by the Commonwealth Department of Health. The majority of residential aged care bonds are held in term deposits with the remainder primarily held as cash. Refer to Note 12.

24. Cash flow reconciliation

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the	Consolie	dated	Parent		
reporting period	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position	17,079	18,238	14,705	16,929	
Cash as per Statement of Financial Position	17,079	18,238	14,705	16,929	
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	17,079	18,238	14,705	16,929	
Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to net result:					
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,317	13,371	3,404	13,533	
Add/less non-cash items					
Asset donated free of charge	(1,179)	(518)	(18,057)	(1,854)	
Capital revenues	15,002	15,776	15,002	15,776	
Depreciation and amortisation expense of non-current assets	(9,229)	(8,808)	(4,619)	(4,443) (14)	
Gain/(loss) on sale or disposal of non-current assets Interest credited directly to investments	14	51	1	3	
Resources received free of charge	70	162	Û	12	
Movement in assets/liabilities					
Increase/(decrease) in inventories	73	222	73	222	
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	1,274	84	(37)	103	
(Increase)/decrease in other liabilities	(7,032)	465	(7,032)	463	
(Increase)/decrease in payables and provisions	(9,687)	711	(8,280)	561	
(Increase)/decrease in staff benefits	(2,545)	429	(2,545)	429	
Net result	(9,922)	21,931	(22,090)	24,791	

Total cash outflows for leases is \$1.207 million (\$1.237) million.

25. Unrecognised contractual commitments

Commitments include operating, capital and outsourcing arrangements arising from contractual or statutory sources, and are disclosed at their nominal value.

25.1 Expenditure commitments

	Consc	Parent		
Expenditure commitments	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	15,931	11,959	15,931	11,959
Later than one year but not longer than five years	751	380	751	380
Total expenditure commitments	16,682	12,339	16,682	12,339

The Hospital expenditure commitments are for agreements for goods and services ordered but not received and MOAAs with DIT for accommodation and are disclosed at nominal amounts.

25.2 Capital commitments

	Consolidated		Parent	
Capital commitments	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	85	349	85	349
Total capital commitments	85	349	85	349

The Hospital capital commitments are for agreements for goods and services ordered but not received and are disclosed at nominal amounts.

26. Trust funds

The Hospital holds money in trust on behalf of consumers that reside in LHN facilities whilst the consumer is receiving residential mental health services, residential drug and alcohol rehabilitation services, or residential aged care services. As the Hospital only performs custodial role in respect of trust monies, they are excluded from the financial statements as the Hospital cannot use these funds to achieve its objectives.

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carry amount at the beginning of period	11	14	11	14
Client trust payments		(3)	-	(3)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	11	11	11	11

27. Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed within this note and, if quantifiable are measured at nominal value.

The Hospital is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities. In addition, it has made no guarantees.

28. Events after balance date

The Hospital is not aware of any material events occurring between the end of the reporting period and when the financial statements were authorised

29. Impact of Standards not yet implemented

The Hospital continues to assess the impact of the new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet implemented and changes to the Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer. There are no Accounting Policy Statements that are not yet in effect.

Amending Standard AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current will apply from 1 July 2023. The Hospital continues to assess liabilities eg LSL and whether or not the Hospital has a substantive right to defer settlement. Where applicable these liabilities will be classified as current. Application of this standard is not expected to have a material impact.

30. Financial instruments/financial risk management

30.1 Financial risk management

The Hospital's exposure to financial risk (liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk) is low due to the nature of the financial instruments held.

Liquidity Risk

The Hospital is funded principally by the SA Government. The Hospital works with the SA Government to determine the cash flows associated with the SA Government approved program of work and to ensure funding is provided through SA Government budgetary processes to meet the expected cash flows. Refer to note 1.4, 19 and 20 for further information.

Credit risk

The Hospital has policies and procedures in place to ensure that transactions occur with customers with appropriate credit history. The Hospital has minimal concentration of credit risk. No collateral is held as security and no credit enhancements relate to financial assets held by the Hospital. Refer to notes 13 and 14 for further information.

Market risk

The Hospital does not engage in high risk hedging for its financial assets. Exposure to interest rate risk may arise through interest bearing liabilities, including borrowings. There is no exposure to foreign currency or other price risks.

30.2 Categorisation of financial instruments

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, maturity analysis and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in the respective financial asset / financial liability note.

The carrying amounts of each of the following categories of financial assets and liabilities: financial assets measured at amortised cost; financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss; financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income; and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are detailed below. All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in Level 2 as all significant inputs required are observable.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost. Amounts relating to statutory receivables and payables (e.g. Commonwealth taxes; Auditor-General's Department audit fees etc.) and prepayments are excluded as they are not financial assets or liabilities. Receivables and Payables at amortised cost are \$3.158 million (\$3.712 million) and \$12.910 million (\$6.042 million) respectively.

30.3 Credit risk exposure and impairment of financial assets

Loss allowances for receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss using the simplified approach in AASB 9.

The Hospital uses an allowance matrix to measure the expected credit loss of receivables from non-government debtors. The expected credit loss of government debtors is considered to be nil based on the external credit ratings and nature of the counterparties. Impairment losses are presented as net impairment losses within net result, subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. Receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery and not subject to enforcement activity. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the failure of a debtor to enter into a payment plan with the Hospital.

To measure the expected credit loss, receivables are grouped based on shared risks characteristics and the days past due. When estimated expected credit loss, the Consolidated entity considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Hospital's historical experience and informed credit assessment, including the forward-looking information.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and expected credit losses is a significant estimate. The Hospital's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may not be representative of customers' actual default in the future.

Loss rates are calculated based on the probability of a receivable progressing through stages to write off based on the common risk characteristics of the transaction and debtor. The following table provides information about the credit risk exposure and expected credit loss for non-government debtors:

361-540 days	7.7 - 84.9%	224	90	7.4 - 100%	271	271
181-360 days	5.7 - 62.6%	310	85	5.5 – 100 %	349	142
121-180 days	3.0 - 30.3%	155	20	2.9 ÷ 16.1 %	126	1:
91-120 days	2.3 - 22.7%	102	10	2.2 -11.1 %	84	4
61-90 days	2.0 - 20.5%	362	12	1.9 -9.9 %	112	
31-60 days	1.5 - 15.4%	166	11	1.5 -8.3 %	95	
<30 days	0.7 - 10.1%	384	7	0.7 -6.4 %	223	:
Current	0.1 - 8.0%	877	14	0.1 -5.3 %	613	
PARENT Days past due	Expected credit loss rate(s) %	June 2022 Gross carrying amount \$'000	Expected credit losses \$'000	Expected credit loss rate(s) %	June 2021 Gross carrying amount \$'000	Expected credit losse \$'00

31. Significant transactions with government related entities

The Hospital is controlled by the SA Government.

Related parties of the Hospital include all key management personnel, and their close family members; all Cabinet Ministers and their close family members; and all public authorities that are controlled and consolidated into the whole of government financial statements and other interests of the Government.

Significant transactions with the SA Government are identifiable throughout this financial report.

The Hospital received funding from the SA Government via the Department (note 2), and incurred significant expenditure via the Department for medical, surgical and laboratory supplies, computing and insurance (note 9). The Department transferred capital works in progress of \$14.957 million (\$15.776 million) to the Hospital. The Hospital incurred significant expenditure with the Department for Infrastructure and Transport (DIT) for property repairs and maintenance of \$0.544 million (\$1.096 million) (note 9) and occupancy rent and rates \$0.319 million (\$0.796 million) (note 25).

32. Interests in other entities

The Hospital has interests in a number of other entities as detailed below.

Controlled Entities

The Hospital has effective control over, and a 100% interest in, the net assets of the HACs. The HACs were established as a consequence of the Act being enacted and certain assets, rights and liabilities of the former Hospitals and Incorporated Health Centres were vested in them with the remainder being vested in the Hospital.

By proclamation dated 26 June 2008, the following assets, rights and liabilities were vested in the Incorporated HACs:

- all real property, including any estate, interest or right in, over or in respect of such property except for all assets, rights and liabilities associated with any land
- all real property, including any estate, interest or right in, over or in respect of such property except for all assets, rights and liabilities associated with any land dedicated under any legislation dealing with Crown land; and
- all funds and personal property held on trust and bank accounts and investments that are solely constituted by the proceeds of fundraising except for all gift funds, and other funds or personal property constituting gifts or deductible contributions under the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (Commonwealth).

The HACs have no powers to direct or make decisions with respect to the management and administration of the Hospital.

The Hospital also has effective control over, and a 100% interest in, the net assets of the associated GFTs. The GFT's were established by virtue of a deed executed between the Department for Health and Wellbeing and the individual HAC.

Health Advisory Council				
Incorporated HACs				
Barossa and Districts Health Advisory	Country Health Gift Fund Health	Eudunda Kapunda Health Advisory		
Council Inc	Advisory Council Inc*	Council Inc		
Gawler District Health Advisory Council	Hills Area Health Advisory Council Inc	Kangaroo Island Health Advisory Counci		
Inc		Inc		
Southern Fleurieu Health Advisory				
Council Inc				

	Gift Fund Trusts	
Incorporated GFTs		
The trustee for Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust *	The trustee for Barossa and Districts Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	The trustee for Eudunda Kapunda Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust
The trustee for Gawler District Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	The trustee for Hills Area Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	The trustee for Kangaroo Island Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust
The trustee for Southern Fleurieu Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust		
*Unincorporated GFTs included in the Co	ountry Health Gift Fund Health Advisory C	ouncil Gift Fund Trust Inc
Far North Health Advisory Council Gift Fund Trust	Port Lincoln Health Advisory Council Gift Fund Trust	Whyalla Hospital and Health Services Health Advisory Council Gift Fund Trust

^{*}Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc and its associated GFT will be dissolved following the finalisation of the transfer of net assets from the GFTs associated with the previously unincorporated HACs. Refer to Note 1.6.

33. Board and committee members

Members of boards/committees that served for all or part of the financial year and were entitled to receive income from membership in accordance with APS124.B were:

Government

	employee	
Board/Committee name:	members	Other members
Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc	-	Fuller J, Mackay M, Mcarthur A.
Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Governing Board	-	Blackwell P, Cantley K (resigned 30/06/2022), Curran J, Hazel J (appointed 14/02/2022), Fuller J, Gaston C (Chair), Russell G, Sexton R (resigned 31/03/2022)
Barossa Hills Fleurieu Risk Management and Audit Committee		Powell, D (Chair) *

^{*}only independent members are entitled to receive remuneration for being a member on this committee.

Refer to note 8.2 for remuneration of board and committee members

34. Administered items

The Hospital administers Private Practice arrangements. This represents funds billed on behalf of salaried medical officers. The Net Assets will be subsequently distributed to the Hospital and salaried medical officers according to individual Rights of Private Practice Deeds of Agreement.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue from fees and charges	3,855	4,392
Other expenses	(3,936)	(4,372)
Net result	(81)	20
Cash and cash equivalents	260	341
Receivables	-	2
Payables	-	(1)
Net assets	260	342
Cash at 1 July	341	319
Cash inflows	3,855	4,393
Cash outflows	(3,936)	(4,371)
Cash at 30 June	260	341