### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Level 9 State Administration Centre 200 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000

Tel +618 8226 9640 Fax +618 8226 9688 ABN 53 327 061 410 audgensa@audit.sa.gov.au www.audit.sa.gov.au

To the Board Chair Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated

### **Opinion**

I have audited the financial report of the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated and the consolidated entity comprising the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities as at 30 June 2022, their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

#### The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2022
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2022
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2022
- notes, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Board Chair, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Finance Officer.

## **Basis for opinion**

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and the Board for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issues under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and the Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for assessing the entity's and consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account any policy or funding decisions the government has made which affect the continued existence of the entity. The Chief Executive Officer is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the assessment indicates that it is not appropriate.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and section 36(2) of the *Health Care Act 2008*, I have audited the financial report of the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated and its controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

• identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive Officer
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Chief Executive Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive Officer and the Board about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Andrew Richardson **Auditor-General** 

20 September 2022

# Certification of the financial statements Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network

# We certify that the:

- financial statements of the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Inc.:
  - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the authority; and
  - comply with relevant Treasurer's instructions; and
  - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
  - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the authority at the end of the financial year and the result of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- Internal controls employed by the Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Inc. over its financial reporting and its preparation of the financial statements have been effective throughout the financial year.

Mark Whitfield

**Board Chair** 

Chief Executive Officer

Bridgette Rau

Chief Finance Officer

Date 14/9/2022

# FLINDERS AND UPPER NORTH LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Consoli	dated	Pare	nt
	Note	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Income					
Revenues from SA Government	2	132,830	125,953	132,830	125,953
Fees and charges	2 3	6,253	6.025	6,253	6,025
Grants and contributions	4	9,152	8,793	9,152	8,793
Interest		8	12	8	12
Resources received free of charge	5	1,358	1,512	1,358	1,512
Other revenues/income	7	3,244	1,334	3,244	1,334
Total income		152,845	143,629	152,845	143,629
Expenses					
Staff benefits expenses	8	81,606	76,202	81.606	76,202
Supplies and services	9	67,417	58.639	67,418	58,639
Depreciation and amortisation	17	9,146	8,718	9.064	8,718
Grants and subsidies	10	46	45	46	45
Borrowing costs	20	591	610	591	610
Net loss from disposal of non-current and other assets	6	_	107	-	107
Impairment loss on receivables	13.1	187	51	187	51
Other expenses	11	173	313	604	313
Total expenses		159,166	144,685	159,516	144,685
Net result	=	(6,321)	(1,056)	(6,671)	(1,056)
Total comprehensive result		(6,321)	(1,056)	(6,671)	(1,056)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

# FLINDERS AND UPPER NORTH LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Consoli	dated	Parent		
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	12	7,288	8,521	7,273	8,521	
Receivables	13	2,164	1,484	1,886	1,484	
Other financial assets	14	2,156	1,988	2,156	1,988	
Inventories	15 _	1,061	807	1,061	807	
Total current assets	_	12,669	12,800	12,376	12,800	
Non-current assets						
Receivables	13	263	360	263	360	
Property, plant and equipment	16,17	123,082	121,156	114,993	121,156	
Total non-current assets	_	123,345	121,516	115,256	121,516	
Total assets	_	136,014	134,316	127,632	134,316	
1044 43505	_	130,014	154,510	127,032	154,510	
Current liabilities						
Payables	19 ·	7,944	5,103	7,944	5,103	
Financial liabilities	20	2,910	2,733	2,910	2,733	
Staff benefits	21	11,524	10,957	11,524	10,957	
Provisions	22	422	726	422	726	
Contract liabilities and other liabilities	23 _	3,939	4,213	3,939	4,213	
Total current liabilities	-	26,739	23,732	26,739	23,732	
Non-current liabilities						
Payables	19	488	534	488	534	
Financial liabilities	20	27,819	29,107	27,819	29,107	
Staff benefits	21	11,740	13,482	11,740	13,482	
Provisions	22 _	1,013	957	1,013	957	
Total non-current liabilities	_	41,060	44,080	41,060	44,080	
Total liabilities	_	67,799	67,812	67,799	67,812	
Net assets	=	68,215	66,504	59,833	66,504	
Equity						
Retained earnings		68,215	66,504	59,833	66,504	
Total equity	-	68,215	66,504	59,833	66,504	

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributed to the SA Government as owner.

# FLINDERS AND UPPER NORTH LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 June 2022

# CONSOLIDATED

	Note	Retained earnings \$ '000	Total equity \$ '000
Balance at 30 June 2020	-	67,560	67,560
Net result for 2020-21	_	(1,056)	(1,056)
Total comprehensive result for 2020-21	_	(1,056)	(1,056)
Balance at 30 June 2021		66,504	66,504
Net result for 2021-22	7	(6,321)	(6,321)
Total comprehensive result for 2021-22	_	(6,321)	(6,321)
Net assets received from an administrative restructure	1.6	8,032	8,032
Balance at 30 June 2022	_	68,215	68,215

### **PARENT**

	Retained earnings \$ '000	Total equity \$ '000
Balance at 30 June 2020	67,560	67,560
Net result for 2020-21	(1,056)	(1,056)
Total comprehensive result for 2020-21	(1,056)	(1,056)
Balance at 30 June 2021	66,504	66,504
Net result for 2021-22	(6,671)	(6,671)
Total comprehensive result for 2021-22	(6,671)	(6,671)
Balance at 30 June 2022	59,833	59,833

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

# FLINDERS AND UPPER NORTH LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Consol	idated	ated Pare	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash inflows					
Receipts from SA Government		115,278	107,346	115,278	107,346
Fees and charges		5,482	7,372	5,483	7,372
Grants and contributions		9,120	8,443	9,120	8,443
Interest received		4	12	4	12
Residential aged care bonds received		765	1,080	765	1,080
GST recovered from ATO		4,086 85	3,496 232	4,086	3,496 232
Other receipts  Cash generated from operations	-	134,820	127,981	85 134,821	127,981
Cash generated from operations	-	134,020	127,701	134,021	12/1,701
Cash outflows					
Staff benefits payments		(82,973)	(75,969)	(82,973)	(75,969)
Payments for supplies and services		(46,626)	(41,121)	(46,627)	(41,121)
Payments of grants and subsidies		(46)	(45)	(46)	(45)
Interest paid		(591) (1,236)	(610)	(591)	(610)
Residential aged care bonds refunded Other payments		(239)	(226)	(1,236) (239)	(226)
Cash used in operations	-	(131,711)	(117,971)	(131,712)	(117,971)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	3,109	10,010	3,109	10,010
Cash flows from investing activities					
Cash inflows					
Proceeds from sale/maturities of investments		232	_	232	
Cash generated from investing activities	_	232	-	232	
Cash outflows					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,379)	(1,207)	(1,379)	(1,207)
Purchase of investments	_	(400)	(800)	(400)	(800)
Cash used in investing activities	_	(1,779)	(2,007)	(1,779)	(2,007)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-	(1,547)	(2,007)	(1,547)	(2,007)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Cash inflows					
Cash received from restructuring activities	-	15 15	-		-
Cash generated from financing activities	-	12	-	-	
Cash outflows					
Repayment of lease liabilities	_	(2,810)	(2,716)	(2,810)	(2,716)
Cash used in financing activities	-	(2,810)	(2,716)	(2,810)	(2,716)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	-	(2,795)	(2,716)	(2,810)	(2,716)
	-				
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,233)	5,287	(1,248)	5,287
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		8,521	3,234	8,521	3,234
	_	7,288			

Non-cash transactions

### 1. About Flinders and Upper Local Health Network

The Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Incorporated (the Hospital) is a not-for-profit incorporated Hospital established under the *Health Care Act 2008* (the Act). The Hospital commenced service delivery on 1 July 2019 following the dissolution of Country Health SA Local Health Network (CHSALHN). Relevant assets, rights and liabilities were transferred from CHSALHN to the Hospital. The financial statements include all controlled activities of this Hospital.

The Hospital consists of the following -

- · Community Health Services located at Hawker, Port Augusta, Quom, Roxby Downs and Whyalla
- Hawker Memorial Hospital
- Leigh Creek Health Service
- Port Augusta Hospital and Regional Health Service
- Quorn Health Service
- Roxby Downs Hospital
- Whyalla Hospital and Health Service

#### Consolidated Entity

The consolidated entity includes the parent entity, the Incorporated Health Advisory Councils (HACs) and the Incorporated HAC Gift Fund Trusts (GFTs) as listed in note 32.

The HACs were established under the Act to provide a more coordinated, strategic and integrated health care system to meet the health needs of South Australians. HACs are consultative bodies that advise and make recommendations to the Chief Executive of the Department for Health and Wellbeing (the Department) and the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital on issues related to specific groups or regions. HACs hold assets, manage bequests and provide advice on local health service needs and priorities.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. Consistent accounting policies have been applied and all inter-entity balances and transactions arising within the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full. Information on the consolidated entity's interest in other entities is at note 32.

### Administered items

The Hospital has administered activities and resources. Transactions and balances relating to administered resources are presented separately and disclosed in note 33. Except as otherwise disclosed, administered items are accounted for on the same basis and using the same accounting principles as for the Hospital's transactions.

# 1.1 Objectives and activities

The Hospital is committed to a health system that produces positive health outcomes by focusing on health promotion, illness prevention, early intervention and achieving equitable health outcomes for the Flinders and Upper North region.

The Hospital is part of the SA Health portfolio providing health services for the Flinders and Upper North region. The Hospital is structured to contribute to the outcomes for which the portfolio is responsible by providing health and related services across the Flinders and Upper North region.

The Hospital is governed by a Board which is responsible for providing strategic oversight and monitoring the Hospital's financial and operational performance. The Board must comply with any direction of the Minister for Health and Wellbeing (Minister) or Chief Executive of the Department.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the operations and affairs of the Hospital and is accountable to, and subject to the direction of, the Board in undertaking that function.

#### 1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
   and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared based on a 12 month period and presented in Australian currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000). Any transactions in foreign currency are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rates at the date the transaction occurs. The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

Assets and liabilities that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle have been classified as current assets or current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Significant accounting policies are set out below or throughout the notes.

The Hospital has early adopted AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates which clarifies the requirements for disclosure of material accounting policy information and clarifies the distinction between accounting policies and accounting estimates. There has been no impact on the Hospital's financial statements.

#### 1.3 Taxation

The Hospital is not subject to income tax. The Hospital is liable for fringe benefits tax (FBT) and goods and services tax (GST).

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- · receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows.

#### 1.4 Continuity of operations

As at 30 June 2022, the Hospital had working capital deficiency of \$14.070 million (\$10.932 million). The SA Government is committed and has consistently demonstrated a commitment to ongoing funding of the Hospital to enable it to perform its functions. This ongoing commitment is ultimately outlined in the annually produced and published *State Budget Papers* which presents the SA Government's current and estimated future economic performance, including forward estimates of revenue, expenses and performance by Agency.

#### 1.5 Equity

The asset revaluation surplus is used to record increments and decrements in the fair value of land, buildings and plant and equipment to the extent that they offset one another. Relevant amounts are transferred to retained earnings when an asset is derecognised.

# 1.6 Changes to the Hospital 2021-22

On 27 May 2021 the Minister declared the incorporation of Hawker District Memorial Health Advisory Council, Port Augusta, Roxby Downs, Woomera Health Advisory Council, Quorn Health Services Health Advisory Council and The Whyalla Hospital and Health Services Health Advisory Council. These were previously unincorporated HACs with their net assets vested in Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc. The transfer of assets from Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc and its associated Gift Fund Trust occurred during 2021-22 for the newly incorporated HACs, except for the Gift Fund Trust associated with The Whyalla Hospital and Health Services Health Advisory Council Inc, which is expected to occur in 2022-23.

Leigh Creek Health Advisory Council elected to not be incorporated and was dissolved effective 23 June 2022.

Net assets transferred in for the consolidated entity consist of land and buildings (\$7.740 million), cash (\$0.015 million) and the right to receive cash (\$0.277 million) for GFT bank accounts, the control of which has passed to the newly incorporated entities but the physical transfer of cash will occur in 2022-23.

The transfer of land and buildings was finalised in June 2022 and accordingly, one month's depreciation expense of \$0.041m is reported for the consolidated entity.

#### 2020-21

There were no administrative restructures impacting on the Hospital during this period.

#### 1.7 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic on SA Health

The COVID-19 pandemic continues to have impact on the Hospital's operations. This includes an increase in costs associated with COVID capacity and preparation, increased demand for personal protective equipment and increased staffing costs (including agency) to ensure that demand can be managed across South Australia and that necessary compliance measures are followed. Net COVID-19 specific costs for the Hospital are \$5.729 million (\$1.435 million).

# 1.8 Change in accounting policy

The Hospital did not change any of its accounting policies during the year.

#### 2. Revenues from SA Government

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Capital projects funding	955	2,061	955	2,061
Operational funding	131,875	123,892	131,875	123,892
Total revenues from SA Government	132,830	125,953	132,830	125,953

The Department provides recurrent and capital funding under a service agreement to the Hospital for the provision of general health services. Contributions from the Department are recognised as revenue when the Hospital obtains control over the funding. Control over the funding is normally obtained upon receipt.

### 3. Fees and charges

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Commissions revenue	5	7	5	7
Patient and client fees	2,859	2,954	2,859	2,954
Private practice fees	241	302	241	302
Fees for health services	1,324	1,237	1,324	1,237
Residential and other aged care charges	729	661	729	661
Sale of goods - medical supplies	327	318	327	318
Other user charges and fees	768	546	768	546
Total fees and charges	6,253	6,025	6,253	6,025

The Hospital measures revenue based on the consideration specified in a major contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. All contracts with customers recognised goods and services transferred at a point in time, when the Hospital satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

The Hospital recognises contract liabilities for consideration received in respect of unsatisfied performance obligations and reports these amounts as other liabilities (refer to note 23).

The Hospital recognises revenue (contracts with customers) at a point in time from customers including from the following major sources:

#### Patient and Client Fees

Public health care is free for medicare eligible customers. Non-medicare eligible customers pay in arrears to stay overnight in a public hospital and to receive medical assessment, advice, treatment and care from a health professional. These charges may include doctors, surgeons, anaesthetists, pathology, radiology services etc. Revenue from these services is recognised on a time-and-material basis as services are provided. Any amounts remaining unpaid at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable.

#### Residential and other aged care charges

Long stay nursing home fees include daily care fee and daily accommodation fees. Residents pay fortnightly in arrears for services rendered and accommodation supplied. Residents are invoiced fortnightly in arrears as services and accommodation are provided. Any amounts remaining unpaid or unbilled at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable.

#### Fees for the health services

Where the Hospital has incurred an expense on behalf of another entity, payment is recovered from the other entity by way of a recharge of the cost incurred. These fees can relate to the recharge of salaries and wages, occupancy rent and rates or various goods and services. Revenue is recognised on a time-and-material basis as provided. Any amounts remaining unpaid at the end of the reporting period are treated as an accounts receivable

4. Grants and contributions				
	Conso	lidated	Par	rent
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Private sector grants and contributions	426	622	426	622
Private sector capital contributions	96	59	96	59
Other SA Government grants and contributions	999	941	999	941
SA Government capital contributions	. 1	45	1	45
Commonwealth aged care subsidies	29	81	29	81
Commonwealth grants and donations	7,601	7,045	7,601	7,045
Total grants and contributions	9,152	8,793	9,152	8,793

The grants provided are usually subject to terms and conditions set out in the contract, correspondence, or by legislation.

All grants and contributions were provided for specific purposes such as aged care, community health services and other related health services and were recognised in accordance with AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities.

#### 5. Resources received free of charge

	Conso	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Services	1,358	1,381	1,358	1,381	
Plant and equipment	-	131	-	131	
Total resources received free of charge	1,358	1,512	1,358	1,512	

Resources received free of charge include property, plant and equipment and are recorded at their fair value.

Contributions of services are recognised only when a fair value can be determined reliably and the services would be purchased if they had not been donated. The Hospital receives Financial Accounting, Taxation, Payroll, Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable services from Shared Services SA free of charge valued at \$0.976 million (\$1.008 million), and ICT services from the Department of Premier and Cabinet (DPC) valued at \$0.382 million (\$0.373 million).

Although not recognised, the Hospital receives services from approximately 100 volunteers who provide patient and staff support services to individual using the Hospital and Community services. The services include but are not limited to: patient liaison and support, promotional activities, transport, kiosk and craft.

## 6. Net gain/(loss) from disposal of non-current assets

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Plant and equipment:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Proceeds from disposal	-	-	-	-
Less carrying amount of assets disposed	-	(107)	-	(107)
Net gain/(loss) from disposal of plant and equipment	-	(107)	-	(107)

Gains or losses on disposal are recognised at the date control of the asset is passed from the Hospital and are determined after deducting the carrying amount of the asset from the proceeds at that time. When revalued assets are disposed, the revaluation surplus is transferred to retained earnings.

### 7. Other revenues/income

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Donations	-	47	-	47
Health recoveries	3,118	1,145	3,118	1,145
Other	126	142	126	142
Total other revenues/income	3,244	1,334	3,244	1,334

### 8. Staff benefits expenses

or State Southern State	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and wages	67,708	61,901	67,708	61,901
Long service leave	(700)	692	(700)	692
Annual leave	6,581	6,081	6,581	6,081
Skills and experience retention leave	338	342	338	342
Staff on-costs - superannuation*	7,418	6,567	7,418	6,567
Workers compensation	35	415	35	415
Board and committee fees	226	195	226	195
Other staff related expenses	-	9	-	9
Total staff benefits expenses	81,606	76,202	81,606	76,202

<sup>\*</sup> The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents the Hospital's contribution to superannuation plans in respect of current services of staff. The Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) centrally recognises the superannuation liability in the whole-of-government financial statements.

#### 8.1 Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel (KMP) of the Hospital includes the Minister, the seven (seven) members of the Governing Board, the Chief Executive of the Department, the Chief Executive Officer of the Hospital and the nine (nine) members of the Executive Management Group who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the Hospital.

The compensation detailed below excludes salaries and other benefits received by:

- The Minister for Health and Wellbeing. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by the Parliamentary Remuneration
   Act 1990 and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via DTF) under
   section 6 of the Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990; and
- The Chief Executive of the Department. The Chief Executive of the Department is compensated by the Department and there is no requirement for the Hospital to reimburse those expenses.

Total	2,111	1,993
Post-employment benefits	468	438
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	1,643	1,555
	\$3000	\$'000
Compensation	2022	2021

The Hospital did not enter into any transactions with key management personnel or their close family during the reporting period that were not consistent with normal procurement arrangements.

#### 8.2 Remuneration of Boards and Committees

The number of board or committee members whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands is:

	No. of	No. of
	Members	Members
\$1 - \$20,000	6	5
\$20,001 - \$40,000	5	7
\$40,001 - \$60,000	1	-
Total	12	12

2021

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$0.244 million (\$0.219 million). Remuneration of members reflects all costs of performing board/committee member duties including sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and related fringe benefits tax. In accordance with the Premier and Cabinet Circular No. 016, government employees did not receive any remuneration for board/committee duties during the financial year.

Unless otherwise disclosed, transactions between members are on conditions no more favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the entity would have adopted if dealing with the related party at arm's length in the same circumstances.

Refer to note 34 for members of boards/committees that served for all or part of the financial year and were entitled to receive income from membership in accordance with APS 124.B.

8.3 Remuneration of staff					
	Consoli	dated	Parent		
The number of staff whose remuneration received or receivable	2022	2021	2022	2021	
falls within the following bands:	Number	Number	Number	Number	
\$154,001 - \$157,000*	n/a	1	n/a	1	
\$157,001 - \$177,000	10	5	10	5	
\$177,001 - \$197,000	5	2	5	2	
\$197,001 - \$217,000	3	1	3	1	
\$217,001 - \$237,000	1	1	1	1	
\$257,001 - \$277,000	-	2	-	2	
\$357,001 - \$377,000	1	-	1	-	
\$417,001 - \$437,000	-	1	_	1	
\$437,001 - \$457,000	-	1	-	1	
\$457,001 - \$477,000	-	2	-	2	
\$477,001 - \$497,000	1	1	1	1	
\$497,001 - \$517,000	2	1	2	1	
\$517,001 - \$537,000	1	_	1	-	
\$537,001 - \$557,000	2	-	2	-	
\$557,001 - \$577,000	-	1	_	1	
\$577,001 - \$597,000	1	-	1	_	
\$637,001 - \$657,000		1	-	1	
Total number of staff	27	20	27	20	

The table includes all staff who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of staff reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and related fringe benefits tax.

### 8.4 Remuneration of staff by classification

The total remuneration received by staff included above:

		Consoli	dated			Pare	ent	
	20	22	20	21	20	22	20	21
	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000
Medical (excluding Nursing)	11	4,661	12	4,947	11	4,661	12	4,947
Executive	1	205	1	200	1	205	1	200
Nursing	15	2,633	7	1,210	15	2,633	7	1,210
Total	27	7,499	20	6,357	27	7,499	20	6,357

# 9. Supplies and services

	Conso	lidated	Parent		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Administration	142	204	142	204	
Advertising	51	22	51	22	
Communication	670	658	670	658	
Computing	1,751	1,377	1,751	1,377	
Consultants	83	59	83	59	
Contract of services	7,144	7,493	7,144	7,493	
Contractors	43	29	43	29	
Contractors - agency staff	2,988	2,504	2,988	2,504	
Drug supplies	2,615	2,368	2,615	2,368	
Electricity, gas and fuel	1,742	1,657	1,742	1,657	
Fee for service*	16,890	13,224	16,890	13,224	
Food supplies	1,011	908	1,011	908	
Housekeeping	956	913	956	913	
Insurance	829	838	829	838	
Internal SA Health SLA payments	6,806	6,175	6,806	6,175	
Legal	-	1	-	1	
Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies	10,605	9,291	10,605	9,291	

<sup>\*</sup>The \$154,001 to \$157,000 band has been included for the purposes of reporting comparative figures based on the executive base level remuneration rate for 2020-21.

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Minor equipment	1,227	1,392	1,227	1,392
Motor vehicle expenses	314	272	314	272
Occupancy rent and rates	411	431	411	431
Patient transport	726	615	726	615
Postage	200	231	200	231
Printing and stationery	423	446	423	446
Repairs and maintenance**	4,238	4,721	4,238	4,721
Security	2,093	145	2,093	145
Services from Shared Services SA	982	1,015	982	1,015
Short term lease expense	719	203	719	203
Training and development	264	204	264	204
Travel expenses	234	200	234	200
Other supplies and services	1,260	1,043	1,261	1,043
Total supplies and services	67,417	58,639	67,418	58,639

The Hospital recognises lease payments associated with short term leases (12 months or less) as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease commitments for short term leases is similar to short term lease expenses disclosed.

#### Consultancies

The number of consultancies and the dollar amount paid/payable (included in supplies and services expense) to consultants that fell within the following bands:

		Consoli	dated			Pare	ent	
	20	22	20	21	20	22	20	21
	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000	No.	\$'000
Below \$10,000	2	8	1	10	2	8	1	10
Above \$10,000	2	75	ľ	49	2	75	1	49
Total	4	83	2	59	4	83	2	59

#### 10. Grants and subsidies

The Hospital provided \$0.046 million (\$0.045 million) of funding to non-government organisations for community programs within the Flinders and Upper North region.

### 11. Other expenses

•		Conso	lidated	Pa	rent
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Debts written off	13	52	61	52	61
Bank fees and charges		4	3	4	3
Donated assets expense		-	150	431	150
Other*		117	99	117	99
Total other expenses		173	313	604	313

Donated assets expense includes transfer of buildings and improvements and is recorded as expenditure at its fair value. For the parent entity, donated assets for 2021-22 relate to the transfer of completed works to HACs under its control, which is eliminated on consolidation.

<sup>\*</sup> Fee for Service primarily relates to medical services provided by doctors not employed by the Hospital.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Repairs and Maintenance includes transactions with the Department of Infrastructure and Transport (DIT). Refer (Note 31).

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Audit fees paid or payable to the Auditor-General's Department relating to work performed under the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* of \$0.082 million (\$0.085 million). No other services were provided by the Auditor-General's Department. Also includes fees paid or payable to Galpins Accountants Auditors and Business Consultants of \$0.013 million (\$0.003 million) for other audit services.

12. Cash and cash equivaler
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Cash at bank or on hand	606	883 7 503	591 6 305	883 7.503
Deposits with Treasurer: general operating	6,395	7,503	6,395	7,503
Deposits with Treasurer: special purpose funds	287	135	287	135
Total cash and cash equivalents	7,288	8,521	7,273	8,521

Cash is measured at nominal amounts. The Hospital operates through the Department's general operating account held with the Treasurer and does not earn interest on this account. Interest is earned on accounts holding aged care funds, including refundable deposits. Of the \$7.288 million (\$8.521 million) held, \$0.163 million (\$0.803 million) relates to aged care refundable deposits.

#### 13. Receivables

13. Receivables						
		Consolidated		Parent		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Patient/client fees: compensable		340	207	340	207	
Patient/client fees: aged care		69	65	69	65	
Patient/client fees: other		266	195	266	195	
Debtors		1,087	436	809	436	
Less: allowance for impairment loss on receivables	13.1	(522)	(335)	(522)	(335)	
Prepayments		177	130	177	130	
Interest		5	1	5	1	
Workers compensation provision recoverable		126	212	126	212	
Sundry receivables and accrued revenue		531	472	531	472	
GST input tax recoverable		85	101	85	101	
Total current receivables		2,164	1,484	1,886	1,484	
Non-current						
Debtors		23	18	23	18	
Workers compensation provision recoverable		240	342	240	342	
Total non-current receivables		263	360	263	360	
Total receivables		2,427	1,844	2,149	1,844	

Receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other agencies and to the public. The Hospital's trading terms for receivables are generally 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement. Receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing. Receivables are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and they are measured at amortised cost.

Other than as recognised in the allowance for impairment loss on receivables, it is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

## 13.1 Impairment of receivables

The Hospital has adopted the simplified impairment approach under AASB 9 and measured lifetime expected credit losses on all trade receivables using an allowance matrix as a practical expedient to measure the impairment provision.

Movement in the allowance for impairment loss on receivables:

	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	335	284	335	284
Increase/(Decrease) in allowance recognised in profit or loss	187	51	187	51
Carrying amount at the end of the period	522	335	522	335

Impairment losses relate to receivables arising from contracts with customers that are external to SA Government. Refer to note 30 for details regarding credit risk and the methodology for determining impairment.

#### 14. Other financial assets

The consolidated and parent entities hold term deposits of \$2.156 million (\$1.988 million) and \$2.156 million (\$1.988 million) respectively. Of these deposits, \$1.702 million (\$1.534 million) relates to aged care refundable deposits, with the remaining funds primarily relating to aged care. These deposits are measured at amortised costs. There is no impairment on term deposits.

#### 15. Inventories

	Conso	Parent		
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Drug supplies	187	178	187	178
Medical, surgical and laboratory supplies	772	541	772	541
Food and hotel supplies	83	78	83	78
Engineering supplies	2	1	2	1
Other	17	9	17	9
Total current inventories - held for distribution	1,061	807	1,061	807

All inventories are held for distribution at no or nominal consideration and are measured at the lower of average weighted cost and replacement cost. The amount of any inventory write-down to net realisable value/replacement cost or inventory losses are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurred. Any write-down reversals are also recognised as an expense reduction.

### 16. Property, plant and equipment assets

#### 16.1 Acquisition and recognition

Property, plant and equipment owned by the Hospital are initially recorded on a cost basis, and subsequently measured at fair value. Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at their fair value in the Statement of Financial Position. Where assets are acquired at no or nominal values as part of a restructure of administrative arrangements, the assets are recorded at the value held by the transferor public authority prior to the restructure.

The Hospital capitalises owned property, plant and equipment with a value equal to or in excess of \$10,000. Assets recorded as works in progress represent projects physically incomplete as at the reporting date. Componentisation of complex assets is generally performed when the complex asset's fair value at the time of acquisition is equal to or greater than \$5 million for infrastructure assets and \$1 million for other assets.

#### 16.2 Depreciation and amortisation

The residual values, useful lives, depreciation and amortisation methods of all major assets held by the Hospital are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate on an annual basis. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate.

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated on a straight line basis.

Property, plant and equipment depreciation and amortisation are calculated over the estimated useful life as follows:

Class of asset	Useful life (years)
Buildings and improvements	10 - 80
Right-of-use buildings	2 - 25
Leasehold improvement	Lease term
Plant and equipment:	
<ul> <li>Medical, surgical, dental and biomedical equipment and furniture</li> </ul>	2 - 20
Computing equipment	3 - 5
<ul> <li>Vehicles</li> </ul>	2 - 20
Other plant and equipment	3 - 30
Right-of-use plant and equipment	1 - 3

#### 16.3 Revaluation

All non-current tangible assets are subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation (written down current cost).

Revaluation of non-current assets or a group of assets is only performed when the owned asset's fair value at the time of acquisition is greater than \$1.5 million and the estimated useful life exceeds three years. Revaluations are undertaken on a regular cycle. Non-current tangible assets that are acquired between revaluations are held at cost until the next valuation, where they are revalued to fair-value. If at any time management considers that the carrying amount of an asset greater than \$1.5 million materially differs from its fair value, then the asset will be revalued regardless of when the last revaluation took place.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amounts of the assets and the net amounts are restated to the revalued amounts of the asset. Upon disposal or derecognition, any asset revaluation surplus relating to that asset is transferred to retained earnings.

#### 16.4 Impairment

The Hospital holds its property, plant and equipment for their service potential (value in use). Specialised assets would rarely be sold and typically any costs of disposal would be negligible, accordingly the recoverable amount will be closer to or greater than fair value. Where there is an indication of impairment, the recoverable amount is estimated. For revalued assets, fair value is assessed each year.

There were no indications of impairment of property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2022.

#### 16.5 Land and buildings

An independent valuation of land and buildings owned by the Hospital was performed in March 2018, within the regular valuation cycle, by a certified practising valuer from AssetVal as at June 2018. Consistent with *Treasurer's Instructions*, a public authority must at least every six years obtain a valuation appraisal from a qualified valuer, the timing and process of which will be considered in the 2022-23 financial year.

Fair value of unrestricted land was determined using the market approach. The valuation was based on recent market transactions for similar land and buildings (non-specialised) in the area and includes adjustment for factors specific to the land and buildings being valued such as size, location and current use. For land classified as restricted in use, fair value was determined by applying an adjustment to reflect the restriction.

Fair value of buildings and other land was determined using depreciated replacement cost, due to there not being an active market. The depreciated replacement cost considered the need for ongoing provision of government services; specialised nature and restricted use of the assets; their size, condition and location. The valuation was based on a combination of internal records, specialised knowledge and acquisitions/transfer costs.

#### 16.6 Plant and equipment

The value of plant and equipment has not been revalued. This is in accordance with APS 116D. The carrying value is deemed to be approximate fair value. These assets are classified in Level 3 as there have been no subsequent adjustments to their value, except for management assumptions about the asset condition and remaining useful life.

### 16.7 Leased property, plant and equipment

Right-of-use assets (including concessional arrangements) leased by the Hospital as lessee are measured at cost, and there were no indications for impairment.

The Hospital has a number of lease agreements, including concessional. Major lease activities include the use of:

- Properties accommodation for some community health offices and staff accommodation are leased from the private sector, Housing SA and Department for Infrastructure and Transport. Generally, property leases are non-cancellable with many having the right of renewal. Rent is payable in arrears, with increases generally linked to CPI increases. Prior to renewal, most lease arrangements undergo a formal rent review linked to market appraisals or independent valuers.
- Health Facilities Port Augusta Hospital lease commenced in June 1997 for a 25 year period, with an option to renew for a
  further 10 years. The Hospital is committed to the lease extension however values are still under negotiation.
- Motor vehicles leased from the South Australian government Financing Authority (SAFA) through their agent LeasePlan Australia. The leases are non-cancellable and the vehicles are leased for a specified time period, (usually 3 years) or a specified number of kilometres, whichever occurs first.

The Hospital has not entered into any sub-lease arrangements outside of SA Health.

The lease liabilities related to the right-of-use assets (and the maturity analysis) are disclosed at note 20. Expenses related to leases, including depreciation and interest expense, are disclosed at note 17 and 20. Cash outflows related to leases are disclosed at note 24.

# 17. Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment

The following table shows the movement: Consolidated

2021-22

Land and buildings:

Plant and equipment:

	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	Capital works in progress land and buildings \$'000	Accommodation and Leasehold improvements \$'000	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	Other plant and equipment \$'000	Right-of-use plant and equipment \$'000	Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the	3,975	80,779	30,848	322	2,777	1,654	280	436	85	121,156
period									1000	2770
Additions	-	-	-	471	-	192	-	172	970	1,805
Acquisition / (disposal) through administrative restructuring	285	7,455	-	-	51	-	-	-	-	7,740
Transfers between asset classes	-	449	-	(475)	-	21	26	-	(21)	-
Remeasurement	-	-	1,527	-	-	-	-	-		1,527
Subtotal:	4,260	88,683	32,375	318	2,777	1,867	306	608	1,034	132,228
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in										
net result:										
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(5,312)	(2,728)	-	(241)	(541)	(62)	(262)		(9,146)
Subtotal:	-	(5,312)	(2,728)		(241)	(541)	(62)	(262)	-	(9,146)
Carrying amount at the end of the period*	4,260	83,371	29,647	318	2,536	1,326	244	346	1,034	123,082
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	4,260	98,661	37,722	318	3,260	3,233	480	746	1,034	149,714
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	-	(15,290)	(8,075)	_	(724)	(1,907)	(236)	(400)		(26,632)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	4,260	83,371	29,647	318	2,536	1,326	244	346	1,034	123,082

<sup>\*</sup>All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 20 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

Consolidated
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2020-21 Land and buildings: Plant and equipment: Accomm-Capital odation Capital works in and Medical/ works in Right-of-Leasehold surgical/ Right-of-use progress progress land and improvedental/ Other plant and plant and plant and use **Buildings** Land buildings buildings ments biomedical equipment equipment equipment Total \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 3,975 Carrying amount at the beginning of the 81,833 33,218 3,197 3,019 1,066 369 401 148 127,226 period Additions 1,210 860 320 85 2,475 Assets received free of charge 4 127 131 Disposals (90)(17)(7)(114)Donated assets disposal (150)(150)Transfers between asset classes 3,935 275 (3,935)(275)Remeasurement 306 306 3,975 322 352 Subtotal: 33,524 3,019 2,115 714 85 85,768 129,874 Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in net result: Depreciation and amortisation (4,989)(2,676)(242)(461)(72)(278)(8,718)Subtotal: (4,989)(2,676)(242)(461)(72)(278)-(8,718). Carrying amount at the end of the period\* 3,975 322 85 80,779 30,848 2,777 1,654 280 436 121,156 Gross carrying amount Gross carrying amount 3,975 90,757 36,195 322 3,260 3,020 454 760 85 138,828 Accumulated depreciation / amortisation (9,978)(5,347)(483)(1,366)(174)(324)(17,672)Carrying amount at the end of the period 3,975 322 80,779 30,848 2,777 1,654 280 436 85 121,156

<sup>\*</sup>All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 2 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

# The following table shows the movement:

Parent

2021-22

Land and buildings:

### Plant and equipment:

				Accomm-					
Land \$2000	Buildings	Right-of- use buildings	Capital works in progress land and buildings	odation and Leasehold improve- ments	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical	Other plant and equipment	Right-of-use plant and equipment	Capital works in progress plant and equipment	Total \$'000
\$ 000	φ 000	φ 000	φ 000	φ 000	φ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	φ 000	φ 000
3,975	80,779	30,848	322	2,777	1,654	280	436	85	121,156
-	-	-	471	121	192	_	172	970	1,805
-	-	-	(431)	-	-	-	-	-	(431)
-	18	-	(44)	-	21	26	-	(21)	
-	-	1,527	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,527
3,975	80,797	32,375	318	2,777	1,867	306	608	1,034	124,057
-	(5,230)	(2,728)	-	(241)	(541)	(62)	(262)	-	(9,064)
	(5,230)	(2,728)		(241)	(541)	(62)	(262)	-	(9,064)
3,975	75,567	29,647	318	2,536	1,326	244	346	1,034	114,993
3,975	90,775	37,722	318	3,260	3,233	480	746	1,034	141,543
-	(15,208)	(8,075)	-		(1,907)	(236)	(400)	-	(26,550)
3,975			318	2,536	1,326	244	346	1,034	114,993
	\$'000 3,975 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$'000 \$'000  3,975 80,779  18 - 18 3,975 80,797  - (5,230) - (5,230) 3,975 75,567  3,975 90,775 - (15,208)	Land Suildings \$'000 \$'000 \$'000  3,975 80,779 30,848	Right-of- use land and buildings \$'000 \$'0	Right-of-use   land and buildings   works in progress   Leasehold improve-buildings   works in progress   land and buildings   works in progress   land and buildings   works in progress   land and and buildings   land and and buildings   works in progress   land and and buildings   works in progress   land and and buildings   land and and buildings   land and and buildings   land and and land and	Land   Buildings   \$'000   \$	Land   Buildings   buildings	Land   Buildings   \$\frac{1}{3,975}  \begin{align*}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Land   Buildings   \$\frac{\text{Right-of-use}}{\text{sol}} \rightarrow{\text{land and buildings}}{\$\color{

<sup>\*</sup>All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 20 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

Parent	•
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2020-21 Land and buildings: Plant and equipment:

2020-21	Land and buildings.									
	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Right-of- use buildings \$'000	Capital works in progress land and buildings \$'000	Accommodation and Leasehold improvements \$'000	Medical/ surgical/ dental/ biomedical \$'000	Other plant and equipment \$'000	Right-of-use plant and equipment \$'000	Capital works in progress plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the	3,975	81,833	33,218	3,197	3,019	1,066	369	401	148	127,226
period										
Additions		-	-	1,210	-	860	-	320	85	2,475
Assets received free of charge	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	127	131
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(90)	(17)	(7)	-	(114)
Donated assets disposal	-	-	-	(150)	-	-	-	-	-	(150)
Transfers between asset classes	~	3,935	-	(3,935)	-	275	-	17	(275)	-
Remeasurement		-	306	-	-	-				306
Subtotal:	3,975	85,768	33,524	322	3,019	2,115	352	714	85	129,874
Gains/(losses) for the period recognised in										
net result:										
Depreciation and amortisation		(4,989)	(2,676)		(242)	(461)	(72)	(278)		(8,718)
Subtotal:		(4,989)	(2,676)	-	(242)	(461)	(72)	(278)	-	(8,718)
Carrying amount at the end of the period*	3,975	80,779	30,848	322	2,777	1,654	280	436	85	121,156
Gross carrying amount										
Gross carrying amount	3,975	90,757	36,195	322	3,260	3,020	454	760	85	138,828
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation		(9,978)	(5,347)	-	(483)	(1,366)	(174)	(324)		(17,672)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	3,975	80,779	30,848	322	2,777	1,654	280	436	85	121,156

<sup>\*</sup>All property, plant and equipment are classified in the level 3 fair value hierarchy except for capital works in progress (not classified). Refer to note 2 for details about the lease liability for right-of-use assets.

#### 18. Fair value measurement

The Hospital classifies fair value measurement using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements, based on the data and assumptions used in the most recent revaluation:

- Level 1 traded in active markets, and is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that
  the entity can access at measurement date.
- Level 2 not traded in an active market, and are derived from inputs (inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that
  are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 not traded in an active market, and are derived from unobservable inputs.

The Hospital's current use is the highest and best use of the asset unless other factors suggest an alternative use. As the Hospital did not identify any factors to suggest an alternative use, fair value measurement was based on current use. The carrying amount of non-financial assets with a fair value at the time of acquisition, that was less than \$1.5 million or an estimated useful life that was less than three years are deemed to approximate fair value.

Refer to notes 16 and 18.2 for disclosure regarding fair value measurement techniques and inputs used to develop fair value measurements for non-financial assets.

#### 18.1 Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of non-financial assets must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The Hospital categorises non-financial assets measured at fair value at Level 3 which are all recurring. There are no non-recurring fair value measurements.

The Hospital's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy Levels at the end of the reporting period. During 2021 and 2022, the Hospital had no valuations categorized into Level 1 or Level 2.

#### 18.2 Valuation techniques and inputs

Due to the predominantly specialised nature of health service assets, the majority of land and buildings have been undertaken using a cost approach (depreciated replacement cost), an accepted valuation methodology under AASB 13. The extent of unobservable inputs and professional judgement required in valuing these assets is significant, and as such they are deemed to have been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs.

Unobservable inputs used to arrive at final valuation figures included:

- Estimated remaining useful life, which is an economic estimate and by definition, is subject to economic influences;
- Cost rate, which is the estimated cost to replace an asset with the same service potential as the asset undergoing valuation (allowing
  for over-capacity), and based on a combination of internal records including: refurbishment and upgrade costs, historical
  construction costs, functional utility users, industry construction guides, specialised knowledge and estimated acquisition/transfer
  costs:
- Characteristics of the asset, including condition, location, any restrictions on sale or use and the need for ongoing provision of Government services;
- Effective life, being the expected life of the asset assuming general maintenance is undertaken to enable functionality but no
  upgrades are incorporated which extend the technical life or functional capacity of the asset; and
- Depreciation methodology, noting that AASB 13 dictates that regardless of the depreciation methodology adopted, the exit price should remain unchanged.

19. Payables	Conso	lidated	Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Creditors and accrued expenses	6,696	3.980	6.696	3,980
Paid Parental Leave Scheme	19	20	19	20
Staff on-costs*	1,152	1,024	1,152	1,024
Other payables	77	79	77	79
Total current payables	7,944	5,103	7,944	5,103
Non-current				
Staff on-costs*	488	534	488	534
Total non-current payables	488	534	488	534
Total payables	8,432	5,637	8,432	5,637

Payables are measured at nominal amounts. Creditors and accruals are raised for all amounts owed and unpaid. Sundry creditors are normally settled within 30 days from the date the invoice is first received. Staff on-costs are settled when the respective staff benefits that they relate to are discharged. All payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of payables approximates net fair value due to their short term nature.

\*Staff on-costs include Return to Work SA levies and superannuation contributions and are settled when the respective staff benefits that they relate to is discharged. The Hospital makes contributions to several State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to the South Australian Superannuation Board and externally managed superannuation schemes.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by DTF, the portion of long service leave taken as leave is unchanged at 38% and the average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation on-costs has increased from the 2021 rate (10.1%) to 10.6% to reflect the increase in super guarantee. These rates are used in the staff on-cost calculation. The net financial effect of the changes in the current financial year is an increase in the staff on-cost liability and staff benefits expenses of \$0.064 million. The estimated impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of assumptions.

#### 20. Financial liabilities

The Hospital has lease liabilities of \$30.729 million (\$31.840 million), which have been measured via discounting lease payments using either the interest rate implicit in the lease (where it is readily determined) or DTF's incremental borrowing rate. There were no defaults or breaches on any of the above liabilities throughout the year.

The borrowing costs associated with these lease liabilities was \$0.591 million (\$0.610 million)

Refer to note 30 for information on risk management.

Refer note 16 and 17 for details about the right-of-use assets (including depreciation)

### 20.1 Concessional lease arrangements for right-of-use assets

The Hospital has two concessional lease arrangements for right-of-use assets, as lessee, with the Department and Flinders Power.

Right-of-use asset	Nature of arrangements	Details
Buildings and improvements	Terms is for 94 years Payments is \$1.10 per annum	Leigh Creek - Concessional building arrangement for the Health clinic and staff accommodation
Buildings and improvements	Terms is for 25 years Payments is \$1 per annum	Whyalla - Concessional building arrangement for the Hospital

# FLINDERS AND UPPER NORTH LOCAL HEALTH NETWORK NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2022

20.2	M	a	turi	itv	ar	a	lv	si	S

A maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on undiscounted	ed gross cash flows is reported in	the table below	v:	
	Consolid	ated	nted Paren	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Lease Liabilities	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
1 to 3 years	6,541	6,321	6,541	6,321
3 to 5 years	6,364	6,055	6,364	6,055
5 to 10 years	15,910	15,139	15,910	15,139
More than 10 years	1,591	4,542	1,591	4,542
Total lease liabilities	30,406	32,057	30,406	32,057

#### 21. Staff benefits

	Consolidated			Parent		
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Accrued salaries and wages	2,486	2,307	2,486	2,307		
Annual leave	7,168	6,696	7,168	6,696		
Long service leave	1,039	1,185	1,039	1,185		
Skills and experience retention leave	738	677	738	677		
Other	93	92	93	92		
Total current staff benefits	11,524	10,957	11,524	10,957		
Non-current						
Long service leave	11,740	13,482	11,740	13,482		
Total non-current staff benefits	11,740	13,482	11,740	13,482		
Total staff benefits	23,264	24,439	23,264	24,439		

Staff benefits accrue as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Non-current staff benefits are measured at present value and current staff benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

## 21.1 Salaries and wages, annual leave, skills and experience retention leave and sick leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at the reporting date.

The annual leave liability and the skills and experience retention leave liability is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

As a result of the actuarial assessment performed by DTF, the salary inflation rate has decreased from the 2021 rate (2.0%) to 1.50% for annual leave and skills and experience retention leave liability. As a result, there is a decrease in the employee staff benefits liability and employee benefits expenses of 0.041 million.

No provision has been made for sick leave, as all sick leave is non-vesting, and the average sick leave taken in future years by staff is estimated to be less than the annual entitlement for sick leave.

#### 21.2 Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by staff up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

AASB 119 Employee Benefits contains the calculation methodology for long service leave liability. The actuarial assessment performed by DTF has provided a basis for the measurement of long service leave and is based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of staff departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on staff data over SA Government entities and the health sector across government.

AASB 119 requires the use of the yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds as the discount rate in the measurement of the long service leave liability. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds has increased from 2021 (1.50%) to 3.75%. This increase in the bond yield, which is used as the rate to discount future long service leave cash flows, results in a decrease in the reported long service leave liability. The actuarial assessment performed by DTF left the salary inflation rate at 2.5% for long service leave liability. As a result, there is no net financial effect resulting from changes in the salary inflation rate.

The net financial effect of the changes to actuarial assumptions is a decrease in the long service leave liability of \$2.098 million, payables (staff on-costs) of \$0.085 million and staff benefits expense of \$2.183 million. The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of assumptions – a key assumption being the long-term discount rate.

#### 22. Provisions

Provisions represent workers compensation.

Reconciliation of workers compensation (statutory and non-statutory)

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2022 2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	1,683	1,523	1,683	1,523
Increase in provisions recognised	(162)	190	(162)	190
Reductions arising from payments/other sacrifices of future economic	(86)	(30)	(86)	(30)
benefits				
Carrying amount at the end of the period	1,435	1,683	1,435	1,683

#### Workers compensation

The Hospital is an exempt employer under the Return to Work Act 2014. Under a scheme arrangement, the Hospital is responsible for the management of workers rehabilitation and compensation and is directly responsible for meeting the cost of workers' compensation claims and the implementation and funding of preventive programs.

Accordingly, a liability has been reported to reflect unsettled workers compensation claims (statutory and additional compensation schemes). The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2022 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment.

The additional compensation scheme provides continuing benefits to workers who have suffered eligible work-related injuries and whose entitlements have ceased under the statutory workers compensation scheme. Eligible injuries are nonserious injuries sustained in circumstances which involved, or appeared to involve, the commission of a criminal offence, or which arose from a dangerous situation.

There is a significant degree of uncertainty associated with estimated future claim and expense payments and also around the timing of future payments due to the variety of factors involved. The liability is impacted by agency claim experience relative to other agencies, average claim sizes and other economic and actuarial assumptions. In addition to these uncertainties, the additional compensation scheme is impacted by the limited claims history and the evolving nature of the interpretation, and evidence required to meeting, eligibility criteria. Given these uncertainties, the actual cost of additional compensation claims may differ materially from the estimate.

Measurement of the workers compensation provision as at 30 June 2022 includes the impacts of the decision of the Full Court of the Supreme Court of South Australia in *Return to Work Corporation of South Australia vs Summerfield* (Summerfield decision). The Summerfield decision increased the liabilities of the Return to Work Scheme (the Scheme) and the workers compensation provision across government.

Legislation to reform the *Return to Work Act 2014* was proclaimed in July 2022, with the reforms expected to reduce the overall liability of the Scheme. The impacts of these reforms on the workers compensation provision will be considered when measuring the provision as at 30 June 2023.

#### 23. Contract liabilities and other liabilities

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Contract liabilities	2,065	1,828	2,065	1,828
Residential aged care bonds	1,866	2,338	1,866	2,338
Other	8	47	8	47
Total contract liabilities and other liabilities	3,939	4,213	3,939	4,213

A contract liability is recognised for revenue relating to home care packages, training programs and other health programs received in advance and is realised as agreed milestones have been achieved. All performance obligations from these existing contracts (deferred service income) will be satisfied during the next reporting period and accordingly all amounts will be recognised as revenue.

Residential aged care bonds are accommodation bonds, refundable accommodation contributions and refundable accommodation deposits. These are non-interest bearing deposits made by aged care facility residents to the Hospital upon their admission to residential accommodation. The liability for accommodation is carried at the amount that would be payable on exit of the resident. This is the amount received on entry of the resident less applicable deductions for fees and retentions pursuant to the Aged Care Act 1997. Residential aged care bonds are classified as current liabilities as the Hospital does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. The obligation to settle could occur at any time. Once a refunding event occurs the other liability becomes interest bearing. The interest rate applied is the prevailing interest rate at the time as prescribed by the Commonwealth Department of Health.

24	Cash	flow	reconciliation

24. Cash flow reconciliation				
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	Consolidated		Parent	
reporting period	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the Statement of Financial	7,288	8,521	7,273	8,521
Position	7,200	0,521	1,215	0,521
Cash as per Statement of Financial Position	7,288	8,521	7,273	8,521
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	7,288	8,521	7,273	8,521
Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to net result:				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,109	10,010	3,109	10,010
Add/less non-cash items				
Asset donated free of charge	-	(150)	(431)	(150)
Capital revenues	254	980	254	980
Depreciation and amortisation expense of non-current assets	(9,146)	(8,718)	(9.064)	(8,718)
Gain/(loss) on sale or disposal of non-current assets	-	(107)	_	(107)
Interest credited directly to investments	-	i	_	1
Resources received free of charge	-	131	-	131
Movement in assets/liabilities				
Increase/(decrease) in inventories	254	128	254	128
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	306	(441)	305	(441)
(Increase)/decrease in other liabilities	274	(2,148)	274	(2,148)
(Increase)/decrease in payables and provisions	(2,547)	(699)	(2,547)	(699)
(Increase)/decrease in staff benefits	1,175	(43)	1,175	(43)
Net result	(6,321)	(1,056)	(6,671)	(1,056)

Total cash outflows for right-of-use assets is \$3.401 million, (\$3.323 million)

# 25. Unrecognised contractual commitments

Commitments include operating and outsourcing arrangements arising from contractual or statutory sources, and are disclosed at their nominal value.

	Conso	Parent		
Expenditure commitments	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	7,859	5,120	7,859	5,120
Later than one year but not longer than five years	69	651	69	651
Total expenditure commitments	7,928	5,771	7,928	5,771

The Hospital's expenditure commitments are for agreements for goods and services ordered but not received. The Hospital also has commitments to provide funding to various non-government organisations in accordance with negotiated service agreements in regards to the maintenance of the Port Augusta Hospital. The value of these commitments as at 30 June 2022 has not been quantified.

#### 26. Trust funds

The Hospital holds money in trust on behalf of consumers that reside in the Hospital facilities whilst the consumer is receiving residential aged care services. As the Hospital only performs a custodial role in respect of trust monies, they are excluded from the financial statements as the Hospital cannot use these funds to achieve its objectives. At the end of the reporting period, the Hospital held \$0.002 million (\$0.003 million) on behalf of consumers.

#### 27. Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed within this note and, if quantifiable are measured at nominal value. The Hospital is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities. In addition, the Hospital has made no guarantees.

#### 28. Events after balance date

The Hospital is not aware of any material events occurring between the end of the reporting period and when the financial statements were authorised.

## 29. Impact of Standards not yet implemented

The Hospital has assessed the impact of the new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet implemented and changes to the Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer.

Amending Standard AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification of Liabilities as
 Current or Non-current will apply from 1 July 2023. The Hospital continues to assess liabilities eg long service leave and
 whether or not the Hospital has a substantive right to defer settlement. Where applicable these liabilities will be classified
 as current. Application of this standard is not expected to have a material impact.

### 30. Financial instruments/financial risk management

### 30. 1 Financial risk management

The Hospital's exposure to financial risk (liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk) is low due to the nature of the financial instruments held.

#### Liquidity Risk

The Hospital is funded principally by the SA Government. The Hospital works with the SA Government to determine the cash flows associated with the SA Government approved program of work and to ensure funding is provided through SA Government budgetary processes to meet the expected cash flows.

Refer to notes 1.4, 19 and 20 for further information.

#### Credit risk

The Hospital has policies and procedures in place to ensure that transactions occur with customers with appropriate credit history. The Hospital has minimal concentration of credit risk. No collateral is held as security and no credit enhancements relate to financial assets held by the Hospital.

Refer to notes 12, 13 and 14 for further information.

#### Market risk

The Hospital does not engage in high risk hedging for its financial assets. Exposure to interest rate risk may arise through interest bearing liabilities, including borrowings. The Hospital's residential aged care refundable deposits become interest bearing once a refunding event occurs as per Note 23. There is no exposure to foreign currency or other price risks.

#### 30.2 Categorisation of financial instruments

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, maturity analysis and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in the respective financial asset / financial liability note.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortised costs except for amounts relating to statutory receivables and payables (eg. Commonwealth taxes; Auditor-General Department audit fees etc) and prepayments are excluded as they are not financial assets or liabilities. Receivables and Payables are amortised cost are \$1.772 million (\$1.059 million) and \$6.678 million (\$3.971 million) respectively

### 30.3 Credit risk exposure and impairment of financial assets

Loss allowances for receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss using the simplified approach in AASB 9.

The Hospital uses an allowance matrix which is used to measure the expected credit loss of receivables from non-government debtors. The expected credit loss of government debtors is considered to be nil based on the external credit ratings and nature of the counterparties. Impairment losses are presented as net impairment losses within net result, subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

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For the year ended 30 June 2022

The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. Receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery and not subject to enforcement activity. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the failure of a debtor to enter into a payment plan with the Hospital.

To measure the expected credit loss receivables are grouped based on shared risks characteristics and the days past. When estimating expected credit loss, the Hospital considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Hospital's historical experience and informed credit assessment including forward-looking information.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and expected credit loss is a complex estimate. The Hospital's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may not be representative of customers' actual default in the future.

Loss rates are calculated based on the probability of a receivable progressing through stages to write off based on the common risk characteristics of the transaction and debtor. The following table provides information about the credit risk exposure and expected credit loss for non-government debtors:

#### Consolidated

		30 June 2022			30 June 2021		
	Expected credit loss rate(s)	Gross carrying amount \$'000	Expected credit losses	Expected credit loss rate(s)	Gross carrying amount \$'000	Expected credit losses	
Days past due	70	\$ 000	\$ 000	70	\$ 000	\$ 000	
Current	0.9-2.8%	280	7	1.0 -4.7%	344	6	
<30 days	2.2-3.5%	142	6	2.2-25.72%	73	3	
31-60 days	5.0-6.7%	138	9	5.2-36.9%	46	4	
61-90 days	8.7-16.2%	100	13	8.5-40.1%	55	7	
91-120 days	10.3-20.8%	41	9	10.9-43.6%	34	6	
121-180 days	12.3-32.6%	138	29	12.4-49.3%	55	10	
181-360 days	22.1-63.2%	251	92	20.5-62.9%	150	59	
361-540 days	45.5-96.6%	112	82	41.9-93.2%	59	48	
>540 days	51.8-100%	328	275	48.1-100%	225	192	
Total		1.530	522		1.041	335	

### 31. Significant transactions with government related entities

The Hospital is controlled by the SA Government.

Related parties of the Hospital include all key management personnel, and their close family members; all Cabinet Ministers and their close family members; and all public authorities that are controlled and consolidated into the whole of government financial statements and other interests of the Government.

Significant transactions with the SA Government are identifiable throughout this financial report.

The Hospital received funding from the SA Government via the Department (note 2), and incurred significant expenditure via the Department for medical, surgical and laboratory supplies, computing and insurance (note 9). The Department transferred capital works in progress of \$0.254 million (\$0.980 million) to the Hospital. The Hospital incurred significant expenditure with the Department for Infrastructure and Transport (DIT) for property repairs and maintenance of \$1.112 million (\$2.532 million) (note 9). As at 30 June the outstanding balance payable to DIT was \$0.016 million (\$0.832 million) (note 19).

#### 32. Interests in other entities

The Hospital has interests in a number of other entities as detailed below.

### **Controlled Entities**

The Hospital has effective control over, and a 100% interest in, the net assets of the associated HACs. The HACs were established as a consequence of the Act being enacted and certain assets, rights and liabilities of the former Hospitals and Incorporated Health Centres were vested in them with the remainder being vested in the Hospital.

By proclamation dated 26 June 2008, the following assets, rights and liabilities were vested in the Incorporated HACs:

- all real property, including any estate, interest or right in, over or in respect of such property except for all assets, rights and liabilities associated with any land
- all real property, including any estate, interest or right in, over or in respect of such property except for all assets, rights and liabilities associated with any land dedicated under any legislation dealing with Crown land; and
- all funds and personal property held on trust and bank accounts and investments that are solely constituted by the proceeds of
  fundraising except for all gift funds, and other funds or personal property constituting gifts or deductible contributions under
  the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (Commonwealth).

The HACs have no powers to direct or make decisions with respect to the management and administration of the Hospital.

The Hospital also has effective control over, and a 100% interest in, the net assets of the associated GFTs. The GFTs were established by virtue of a deed executed between the Department and the individual HAC.

Incorporated HACs		
Hawker District Memorial Health Advisory Council Inc	Port Augusta, Roxby Downs, Woomera Health Advisory Council Inc	Quorn Health Services Health Advisory Council Inc
The Whyalla Hospital and Health Service Health Advisory Council Inc	Hawker District Memorial Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust	Port Augusta, Roxby Downs, Woomera Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust
Quorn Health Services Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust		
Unincorporated GFTs		
* The Whyalla Hospital and Health Service Health Advisory Council Gift Fund Trust		

<sup>\*</sup>The transfer of net assets of the The Whyalla Hospital and Health Services Gift Fund Trust has not been finalised and as such the net assets remain vested in Country Health Gift Fund Health Advisory Council Inc Gift Fund Trust and are reported as part of Barossa Hills Fleurieu Local Health Network Inc. It is expected that the net assets will transfer to the Hospital during 2022-23.

#### 33. Schedule of administered items

The Hospital administers arrangements at the Hawker Medical Centre. Fees and charges are collected on behalf of doctors that work in the Hospital-owned Medical Centre. The Hospital cannot use these administered funds for the achievement of its objectives.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Other expenses	(410)	(346)
Revenue from fees and charges	404	357
Net result	(6)	11
Administered current assets	5	11
Administered current liabilities	(5)	(11)
Net assets		-
Opening cash	11	_
Cash outflows	(410)	(346)
Cash inflows	404	357
Cash at 30 June	5	11

# 34. Board and committee members

Members of boards/committees that served for all or part of the financial year and were entitled to receive income from membership in accordance with APS124.B were:

Board/Committee name:	Government employee members	Other members
Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Governing Board	-	Whitfield M (Chair), Brady G, Cogan S (appointed 14/02/2022), Graham S, Lynch J, Malone G, Reid K
Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Risk Management and Audit Committee*	-	van der Wel O (Chair)
Flinders and Upper North Local Health Network Consumer and Community Engagement Committee*	5	Misan G, Plew S (proxy), Screen A, Shute J, Walters C
Flinders and Upper North Local Health Clinical Governance Committee*	6	Screen A (appointed 01/09/2021), Plew S (appointed 01/09/2021)

<sup>\*</sup>only independent members are entitled to receive remuneration for being a member on this committee.

Refer to note 8.2 for remuneration of board and committee members