SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Report

of the

Auditor-General

for the

Year ended 30 June 2001

Tabled in the House of Assembly and ordered to be published, 13 November 2001

Fourth Session, Forty-Ninth Parliament

Supplementary Report

Agency Audit Reports

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12 November 2001

The Hon J C Irwin, MLC President Legislative Council Parliament House ADELAIDE SA 5000

The Hon J K G Oswald, MP Speaker House of Assembly Parliament House ADELAIDE SA 5000

Gentlemen,

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT: AGENCY AUDIT REPORTS

Pursuant to the provisions of section 36(3) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, I herewith provide to each of you a copy of my Supplementary Report "Agency Audit Reports" containing the accounts of the following public authorities and superannuation schemes which are required to be reported on by me in accordance with section 36 of the Act.

- Industry and Trade Department of
- Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science
- Judges' Pensions Scheme
- Parliamentary Superannuation Scheme
- Police Superannuation Scheme

The accounts of the aforementioned public authorities and superannuation schemes were not included in my Report to Parliament dated 28 September 2001 as audited financial statements were not available or the audit had not been completed at the time the September Report was being finalised.

Yours sincerely,

K I MacPherson
AUDITOR-GENERAL

Report of the Auditor-General 2000-01 Supplementary Report: Agency Audit Reports

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DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE

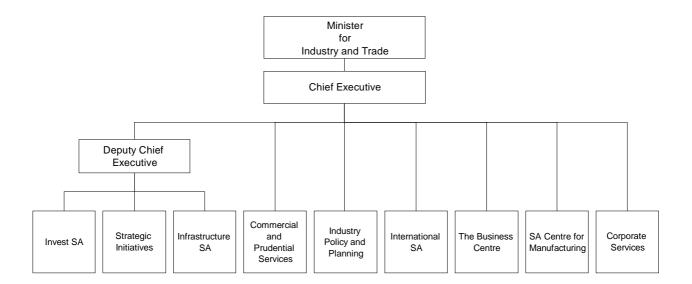
FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY AND STRUCTURE

The Department of Industry and Trade is an administrative unit established under the *Public Sector Management Act 1995*. The Department is responsible to the Minister for Industry and Trade.

The specific responsibility of the Department is to implement the South Australian Government's economic development strategy by undertaking the following:

- Create a competitive business operating environment;
- Promote investment in appropriate physical capital;
- Promote development of human and intellectual capital;
- Integration of South Australia into the global economy;
- Create a culture of collaboration and cooperation;
- Encourage the development of productive, creative and competitive enterprises.

The structure of the Department and its relationship with the Minister are shown in the following chart.



SIGNIFICANT FEATURE

Industry and Other Financial Assistance

During the reporting period, the Department provided \$138.3 million in assistance to industry and other external parties in the form of grants, contributions, and loans. Of that amount, \$75 million related to the Adelaide to Darwin railway construction project.

AUDIT MANDATE AND COVERAGE

Audit Authority

Subsection 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* provides for the Auditor-General to audit the accounts of the Department in respect of each financial year.

Scope of Audit

In respect of 2000-01, specific areas of audit attention included:

- business and financial accounting cycles and controls covering:
 - revenue collection
 - accounts payable
 - personnel/payroll function
 - financial assistance
 - fixed assets
 - general ledger
- development and operation of the Bizgate e-commerce activity of government;
- financial statement preparation and verification.

Audit Communications to Management

The commentary that follows in 'Audit Findings and Comments' hereunder, principally provides a summary of issues arising from the 2000-01 audit review activity and that have been communicated to the Department. The Department is actioning the matters raised by Audit.

AUDIT FINDINGS AND COMMENTS

Commentary on General Financial Controls

As was the position last year, certain weaknesses were noted in relation to key financial accounting record and reconciliation processes. These weaknesses impacted on the Department's financial reporting processes both internally and in respect of the production of the Department's statutory year end accounts.

The nature of the weaknesses related to the important requirement to perform regular and effective reconciliation processes between the Department's general ledger system and critical sub-systems associated with industry financial assistance and fixed assets.

Financial Statement Preparation

Last year's Report indicated that Audit officers worked in conjunction with the Department to address certain financial reporting issues associated with the organisational changes that affected the Department in 1999-2000.

In 2000-01, Audit resources were again applied to assist the Department to finalise the statutory financial statements above that which is reasonably expected.

Bizgate Operations

The 1999-2000 Report (Part A: Audit Overview) indicated the future audit review direction of this Department in matters concerning electronic commerce (e-commerce). In 2000-01 Audit sought to gain a more fuller understanding of some key electronic commerce initiatives of government, including the operations of Bizgate which is managed through the Department of Industry and Trade.

Bizgate is a significant e-commerce initiative of the South Australian government and provides a diverse range of e-commerce services to over 30 government and local government organisations including the provision of online forms and payment services. The Department attributes the success of the project largely to a policy of cautious implementation of new technologies and concepts and an informal project management style. The Department has emphasised that Internet delivery of Government services is an emerging field and that through Bizgate, South Australia has become notable in this area of business service provision.

The audit approach and coverage of this matter consists of two phases.

Phase 1 of the review addressed an overall management understanding of Bizgate and certain matters of a policy, management reporting, contract and control nature. It was in the nature of a focussed compliance review and is subject to specific comment in my 2000-01 Annual Report (Part A: Audit Overview) in the section titled *Electronic Government — Legal, Policy, Privacy And Control: Issues Of Importance*.

Given the extent to which Bizgate has evolved and developed, Audit's review highlighted a number of important matters that need to be addressed by the Department. These broadly related to the areas of policy, management reporting and control arrangements, contract and service level agreements, and intellectual property rights. The Department has advised of action proposed or taken to address the matters.

Broadly, Audit notes the achievements over time which have made Bizgate a notable e-commerce development within government. Those achievements have been made with a level of modest resources.

Phase 2 of the review involves Audit's ongoing review of e-commerce initiatives in 2001-02. It will give consideration to general project management and achievements and a review of Bizgate security arrangements as well as selected client agencies' Bizgate operations.

CONTROLS OPINION

As required by subsection 36(1)(a)(iii) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, the audit of the Department of Industry and Trade included an assessment of the controls exercised in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property and the incurring of liabilities. The assessment also considered whether those controls were consistent with the prescribed elements of the Financial Management Framework as required by Treasurer's Instruction 2 'Financial Management Policies'.

Audit formed the opinion that the controls exercised by the Department of Industry and Trade in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money; the acquisition and disposal of property; and the incurring of liabilities, except for the matters outlined under 'Audit Findings and Comments', were sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the organisation were conducted properly and in accordance with the law.

INTERPRETATION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Assistance

In 2000-01 the Department paid \$138.3 million in assistance to Industry and other external parties. Included in this amount is \$75 million provided in respect of the Adelaide to Darwin railway construction project. Note 8 to the financial statements refers.

At 30 June 2001 the Department has reported Financial Assistance Debtors of \$84.7 million and Financial Assistance Commitments of \$178.4 million. The value of Financial Assistance Debtors of \$84.7 million takes into account the write down of certain debtors amounting to \$19.4 million. The write down is consistent with the accounting policy recognition of the Department. Notes 2.4 and 10 to the financial statements refer.

Assets

Cash

Cash at 30 June 2001 was \$16.9 million (\$52.9 million). The reduction reflects the application of the cash balances to increased outlays during the year, principally in respect of industry and other financial assistance.

Fixed Assets

The value of fixed assets increased by \$14.5 million to \$19.2 million due mainly to land acquisition and construction work-in-progress. Notes 2.10 and 14 to the financial statements refer.

Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2001

Note \$\frac{\text{\$000}}{\text{\$000}} \$	Salaries, wages and related payments Administration expenses Industry and other financial assistance Infrastructure development Payments to consultants Payments to contractors Depreciation Doubtful debts Interest on borrowings	5 8	\$'000 23 248 10 737	2000 \$'000
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			8 120	(30 052)
2001 2				
			2001	2000
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cash	20.1	\$'000 16 861	\$'000 52 868
	Cash Receivables	20.1 12	\$'000 16 861 3 085	\$'000 52 868 3 396
	Cash Receivables Financial assistance debtors	20.1	\$'000 16 861	\$'000 52 868 3 396 3 164
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	Cash Receivables Financial assistance debtors Inventories	20.1 12	\$'000 16 861 3 085 4 676	\$'000 52 868 3 396
	Cash Receivables Financial assistance debtors Inventories Total Current Assets	20.1 12	\$'000 16 861 3 085 4 676	\$'000 52 868 3 396 3 164 19
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Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2001

		2001	2000
		Inflows	Inflows
		(Outflows)	(Outflows)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Note	\$'000	\$'000
CASH RECEIVED:			
Appropriations from SA Government		155 556	131 937
Grants and other contributions		189	3 967
Fees for service		4 325	2 247
Interest received		4 659	2 343
GST charged on sales		378	-
GST recovered from Australian Taxation Office		3 596	-
Other receipts (includes financial assistance loan repayments)		4 220	3 878
CASH USED:			
Financial assistance and infrastructure development		(138 382)	(67 509)
Suppliers and employees		(42 492)	(50 821)
GST payments on purchases		(5 212)	-
GST remitted to Australian Taxation Office		(321)	-
Borrowing costs		(2 295)	(2 326)
Net Cash (used in) provided by Operating Activities	20.2	(15 779)	23 716
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		75	34
Payments for purchase of fixed assets		(15 520)	(2 091)
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(15 445)	(2 057)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Repayments of borrowings		(4 783)	(2 688)
Net Cash used in Financing Activities		(4 783)	(2 688)
CASH FLOWS FROM RESTRUCTURING			(3 883)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) CASH HELD		(36 007)	15 088
CASH AT 1 JULY		52 868	37 780
CASH AT 30 JUNE	20.1	16 861	52 868

Schedule of Administered Expenses and Revenues for the year ended 30 June 2001

	Minis Pavm			TSA SO	2001	2000
	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	Total \$'000	Total \$'000
ADMINISTERED EXPENSES:						
Salaries, wages and related payments	-	214	-	-	-	214
Grants and subsidies	-	-	-	2 233	_	2 233
Total Administered Expenses	-	214	-	2 233	_	2 447
ADMINISTERED REVENUES:						
Government appropriation	-	214	-	2 233	-	2 447
Total Administered Revenues	-	214	-	2 233	-	2 447
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	-	-	-	-	-	-

Schedule of Administered Assets and Liabilities as at 30 June 2001

	Minis	terial	E.	ΓSA		
	Paym	nents	C	SO	2001	2000
	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	Total \$'000	Total \$'000
ADMINISTERED ASSETS:	•				·	
Current	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADMINISTERED LIABILITIES:						
Current	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-
NET ADMINISTERED ASSETS		-	-	-	-	-
				·-		•

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Establishment, Objectives and Funding

1.1 Establishment

The Department of Industry and Trade is an administrative unit established pursuant to the *Public Sector Management Act 1995*. The Department is responsible to the Minister for Industry and Trade.

1.2 Objectives and Funding

The Department of Industry and Trade is responsible for implementing strategies that contribute to achievement of the South Australian Government's economic development strategy. The key strategies developed to achieve these outcomes are:

- create a competitive business operating environment;
- promote investment in appropriate physical capital;
- promote development of human and intellectual capital;
- integration of South Australia into the global economy;
- create a culture of collaboration and cooperation;
- encourage the development of productive, creative and competitive enterprises.

The Department is funded primarily from government appropriations.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant Accounting Policies which have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are:

2.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with Statements of Accounting Concepts, applicable Australian Accounting Standards, the Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued pursuant to the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements (Urgent Issues Group Consensus Views).

The Department has adopted the presentation of Australian Accounting Standards AAS 1 'Statement of Financial Performance', AAS 36 'Statement of Financial Position' and AAS 37 'Financial Report Presentation' and disclosures for the first time in the preparation of the financial statements. In accordance with the requirements of these new or revised standards, comparative amounts have been reclassified in order to comply with the new presentation format.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are in accordance with historical cost convention, except for certain assets which, as noted, are at valuation. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position.

Assets and liabilities are recognised in the Financial Statements when and only when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow and the amount of the assets or liabilities can be reliably measured.

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements represents their respective net fair values, determined in accordance with the accounting policies previously disclosed.

Revenues and expenses are recognised in the Financial Statements when and only when the flow of consumption or loss of economic benefits has occurred and can be reliably measured.

The financial activities relating to South Austral-Asia Pty Ltd and Associated Trust have been included in the Financial Statements to the date of deregistration in October 2000.

The financial activities of the South Australian Trade and Investment Corporation (SATIC) and other overseas representative offices have been included in the Financial Statements.

Financial activities relating to the Office for Recreation and Sport and the Office of Local Government for the period 1 July 1999 to 14 February 2000 have been included in the comparative figures in the Statement of Financial Performance.

2.2 The Department of Industry and Trade Reporting Entity

The financial report encompasses all activities transacted through an interest bearing Special Deposit Account titled 'Department of Industry and Trade Operating Account' and any other funds through which the Department controls resources to carry out its functions.

During the year South Austral-Asia Pty Ltd and Associated Trust were wound up and voluntarily deregistered by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) in October 2000.

Change in Accounting Policy

In previous financial years transactions in respect of the Adelaide to Darwin Railway were treated as administered items as it was considered that the Department did not control the project.

However, subsequently responsibility for the project was assigned to the Department.

Consequently the financial statements have been amended to recognise as departmental revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities transactions in relation to the Adelaide to Darwin Railway. Comparative amounts have been amended to comply with the change in policy.

2.3 Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

The net fair values of cash on hand, deposits and loans receivable approximate their carrying amounts.

Financial Liabilities

The net fair values of all borrowings approximate their carrying amounts.

Trade creditors by nature are short-term, therefore their net fair values are approximated by their carrying amounts.

2.4 Financial Assistance Debtor Recognition

During the latter part of the 1996-97 financial year, a process of debtor confirmation with respect to amounts owing by companies in receipt of financial assistance by way of short term interest free and interest bearing loans and 99 year interest free loans was commenced to provide assurance that all information of both a financial and non-financial nature is materially reliable for reporting purposes. The initial confirmation process has been completed, however this process will be ongoing to ensure the integrity of the data being reported.

In accordance with Statements of Accounting Concepts SAC4 'Definition and Recognition of the Elements of Financial Statements', the Department has adopted the following accounting policy in relation to 99 year interest free loans:

With respect to 99 year interest free loans, these are recognised as assets for the first seven years, or for material individual loans until the purpose of the loan has been fulfilled, after which they are no longer recognised as assets in the Statement of Financial Position. They do, however, continue to be administered as debts due to the Department.

2.5 Revenue Recognition

Revenues from ordinary Activities are recorded in the Statement of Financial Performance at the time they are earned or at the time control passes to the Department. Interest revenues are recognised as they accrue.

Revenue from the disposal of non-current assets is recognised when control of the asset was passed to the buyer.

2.6 Appropriations, Grants and Other Contributions

Appropriations, grants and other contributions are recognised as revenue in the period in which the monies are received and the Department obtains control of the asset.

In relation to grants, where specific conditions relating to the grant are not met and the amount is required to be repaid, a liability is recognised as a result of a present obligation arising to the grantor.

2.7 Fixed Assets

All fixed assets controlled by the Department are reported in the Statement of Financial Position. The cost method of accounting is used for the initial recording of all acquisitions of assets controlled by the Department. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised as assets and revenues at their fair value at the date of acquisition.

Fair value means the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between a knowledgeable, willing buyer and a knowledgeable, willing seller in an arm's length transaction.

Minor items of equipment with an individual value of less than \$2 000 are expensed at the time of acquisition.

Works of art controlled by the Department are anticipated to have very long and indeterminate useful lives. Their service potential has not, in any material sense, been consumed during the reporting period. Consequently, no amount for depreciation has been recognised for this class of asset.

2.8 Revaluation of Fixed Assets

The Department engaged the services of Don Harris (MAVA) from Edward Rushton (Australia) Pty Ltd, 13 King William Road, Unley SA 5061 to revalue Furniture and Equipment and Computer Equipment assets at 30 June 2001.

These assets were revalued in accordance with Accounting Policy Statement APS 3 'Revaluation of Non-Current Assets' on deprival value.

2.9 Depreciation of Fixed Assets

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the net cost or revalued amount of each depreciable fixed asset (except work in progress) over its expected useful life. Estimates of remaining useful lives are made on a regular basis for all assets. The estimated useful lives of each asset class are as follows:

Furniture and equipment Computer equipment

Years 5-10

2.10 Work in Progress

Under the investment attraction program the Department engages in projects which includes land acquisition, development and ultimate disposal through sale and various leasing arrangements.

The Department accounts for the projects with various stages of completion as work in progress. All costs of conversion related to a particular project are treated as work in progress until such time as a project is completed.

2.11 Receivables

Fees and Charges

Fees and charges receivable are brought to account at their recoverable amount and at the end of the reporting period the balances are reviewed and a provision is made where recoverability of amounts is considered doubtful.

Financial Assistance Debtors

Amounts outstanding with respect to financial assistance advances by way of loan are brought to account at their recoverable amount. Conditions relating to some forms of assistance provide that in certain circumstances, loans can be reduced or forgiven.

Recoveries

Amounts recovered that have been written off or previously provided for have been included as revenue, under fees, charges and recoveries.

2.12 Employee Entitlements

Salaries, Wages and Annual Leave

Liabilities for unpaid salaries, wages and annual leave at the reporting date are based on current pay rates and employees' services to that date. Liabilities for employment on-costs such as superannuation contributions and payroll tax are calculated in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 30 'Accounting for Employee Entitlements'.

Long Service Leave

Long service leave is recognised at current rates on a pro-rata basis in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. The Department of Treasury and Finance has advised that a benchmark of eight years can be used for a shorthand estimation of long service leave liability in accordance with the provisions of AAS 30. This advice has been adopted and the long service leave liability has been calculated on that basis. Liabilities for employment on-costs such as superannuation contributions and payroll tax are calculated in accordance with AAS 30.

Sick Leave

No liability for sick leave was recognised in the financial report as sick leave taken by employees is considered to be taken from the current year's accrual.

2.13 Cash on Hand and on Deposit

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash on hand and on deposit includes cash deposits which are used in the cash management function on a day to day basis. Interest revenues are recognised as they accrue.

2.14 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs in relation to loans repayable to the SA Government Financing Authority (SAFA) are expensed in the period in which they occur.

2.15 Leases

The Department leases premises for its administrative and operating activities. Lease payments are included as expenditure in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the respective terms of the leases.

2.16 Foreign Currency

Assets and liabilities that are in a foreign currency have been brought into the accounts at the exchange rate applying at 30 June 2001. Income and expenses arising from transactions in a foreign currency are brought to account at the average exchange rate that applied during the period in which they occurred. Unrealised losses resulting from currency transactions have been brought to account in the Statement of Financial Performance.

2.17 Goods and Services Tax

In accordance with the requirements of Urgent Issues Group UIG Abstract 31 'Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST)', revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except that:

- The amount of GST incurred by the Department as a purchaser that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense;
- Receivable and payables are stated with the amount of GST included

The net GST receivable/payable to the Australian Taxation Office has been recognised as a receivable/payable in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are reported on a gross basis in the Statement of Cash Flows. The GST component of the cash flows arising from investing or financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to the Australian Taxation office have however been classified as operating cash flows.

3. Expenses by Output Class and Output

The Department has identified three broad output classes that reflect the nature of the services delivered to the South Australian community. These are:

Output Class 1: Coordination and Advice

Relates to coordination of whole of government initiatives or services and policy advice and development for and on behalf of the Minister.

Output Class 2: Infrastructure Development

Relates to the delivery and project management of major infrastructure projects.

Output Class 3: Industry Development

Relates to the development of South Australian industry to world competitive standards.

2000

46 496

27 275

4 403

3 5 1 9

2001

36 831

30 635

6 137

3 723

3. Expenses by Output Class and Output (continued)

Summary of expenses by output class and output for the year are as follows \$'000 \$'000 Coordination and advice: Policy advice 1 692 5 177 Infrastructure Development: Infrastructure facilitation 74 825 17 888

Industry Development: Investment facilitation Enterprise development Industry support Trade development

Market South Australia 3 668 12 725 80 994 94 418 Total 157 511 117 483

Overseas Representative Offices 4.

The following table provides a summary of the financial transactions for the year. The transactions relating to operating expenses and operating revenues have been included in the financial statements. The Dubai office commenced operations during the year.

	Operating expenses Operating revenues Funds advance to overseas	SATIC \$'000 1 309 3	Hong Kong \$'000 1 172 247	Jakarta \$'000 393 55	Bandung \$'000 81	Singapore \$'000 748 6	Kuala Lumpur \$'000 147 1	Tokyo \$'000 1 452 257	Dubai \$'000 498 116	2001 Total \$'000 5800 685	2000 Total \$'000 4 982 716
	offices towards operating expenses	1 384	957	298	89	764	170	1 132	489	5 283	4 297
5.	Salaries, Wages and Related Salaries, wages and related pa Salaries, wages, and Long service leave Superannuation Other employee on-	lyments con nual and sid								2001 \$'000 19 130 611 1 876 1 631 23 248	2000 \$'000 20 673 651 1 947 1 474 24 745

6. Superannuation

The Superannuation costs included in the financial statements comprise three components:

- During the reporting period, the Department paid \$1 303 000 (\$1 753 000) to the Department of Treasury and Finance towards the accruing government liability for Superannuation in respect of its employees.
- In addition, payments were made to other externally managed funds for currently employed contributors amounting to \$384 000 (\$94 000).
- From 1 July 1992, revised superannuation arrangements were implemented as a result of the Commonwealth Government's Superannuation guarantee legislation. The Department is required to make payments monthly amounting to 8 percent (7 percent) of eligible earnings. Payments made to an externally managed fund for employees in relation to this amounted to \$189 000 (\$98 000).

7. **Targeted Voluntary Separation Packages (TVSPs)**

In accordance with government policy to reduce the public sector workforce, 2 (4) employees of the Department were paid TVSPs during the period.

As at 30 June 2001 payments amounted to \$215 000 (\$324 000). In addition to this \$97 000 (\$110 000) was paid in accrued annual leave and long service leave entitlements to those employees who received a TVSP. These payments were met by the Department and \$65 000 has been recovered from the Department of the Premier and Cabinet.

8. **Industry and Other Financial Assistance**

Financial Assistance is provided from State and Commonwealth Funds. Proposals and applications for funding under various support programs and schemes are subject to specific guidelines and procedures issued by the Department and the Commonwealth . There are several approval delegations dependent upon the level and nature of assistance provided.

In some cases, the provision of assistance does not involve the direct outlay of funds by the Department. Assistance packages may involve elements of assistance provided through other government agencies, with the Department assuming the overall responsibility for the assistance arrangements. Generally, this is through the provision of purpose built buildings and exemptions or remissions from certain elements of state taxation.

8. Industry and Other Financial Assistance (continued)

Industry and Other Financial Assistance (continued)			Assistance Loar	าร		2001
	Interest	Interest	99 Year	Total	Total	Total
	Free	Bearing	Interest Free	Loans	Grants	Assistance
Class of Assistance	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Automotive Program	500	-	-	500	-	500
Adelaide to Darwin Railway construction	-	25 000	-	25 000	50 000	75 000
AustralAsia Railway Corporation operating cost	-	-	-	-	4 407	4 407
Enterprise Development	100	-	-	100	9 279	9 379
Industry Development	2 437	-	16 477	18 914	10 429	29 343
Payroll Tax Reimbursement	-	-	24	24	5 181	5 205
Rail Reform Transition Program	-	-	-	-	2 068	2 068
Regional Development	-	-	-	-	3 824	3 824
Regional Industry Development	548	-	-	548	125	673
Regional infrastructure	300	-	260	560	2 095	2 655
Tourism Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	3 345	3 345
Other	-	-	-	-	1 901	1 901
	3 885	25 000	16 761	45 646	92 654	138 300

In relation to assistance to Industry, under the provisions of the Industries Development Act 1941, the Minister may refer any matter to the Industries Development Committee for review and recommendation by the Committee. Details of assistance recommended by the Committee during the reporting period were:

	2001		200)()
		Total		Total
Financial assistance:	Number	\$'000	Number	\$'000
Investment incentives	16	58 307	5	3 439
Industrial and Commercial Premises Corporation	4	20 770	1	8 000

9. **Payments to Consultants**

Total payment to consultants were \$1 709 000, of which \$157 000 were capitalised as part of Work in Progress.

The consultancies used by the Department and payments made have been grouped

under the following ranges:	Number of
	Consultancies
Below \$10 001	65
\$10 001 - \$20 000	28
\$20 001 - \$30 000	10
\$30 001 - \$40 000	5
\$40 001 - \$50 000	3
\$70 001 - \$80 000	1
\$90 001 - \$100 000	1
Over \$100 000	1

\$10 001 - \$20 000

Australian Bureau of Statistics

Options Australia

South Australian Centre for Economic Studies

Hender Consulting Ernst & Young

Robert Taylor & Associates Geothermal Engineering Pattens Strategists GPA Engineering Pty Ltd Mann Judd Consulting

Hudson Howells Asia Pacific Consulting

CT Communications Burke Consulting Pty Ltd The Learning Enterprise Pty Ltd Australian Bureau of Statistics

EconSearch Pty Ltd Murray F Young & Associates Australian Business Links BurnVoir Pty Ltd Synnot & Wilkinson Pty Ltd

Woodforde Dare Consulting Woodforde Dare Consulting Woodforde Dare Consulting **Tonkin Consulting CT Communications**

Economic Research Consultants Pty Ltd

Brenton Leitch & Associates

Transport SA

\$20 001 - \$30 000

Peter Zeleny Analytics Pty Ltd New Focus Pty Ltd Linn Family Trust Where U Learn .com ISS International Pty Ltd **KPMG** Consulting Regency Institute of TAFE John Dawkins & Co Bill Godfrey & Associates Stokes & Associates

Consultancy Title

Competitiveness Indicators Project Scoping Study

GSEU Services

Ageing Population Economic Development Opportunities Recruitment of E-Business Collaboration Manager Investigative Accountants Report on Bakeries of Aust Pty Ltd 2001

SA R & D Sector and Commercialisation Study

Energy Study - Glenside First Class Meals Project Review Pipeline Cost Estimates

Tooling Study

City Centre Vital Fund Evaluation **Back Office Consulting** 2000 Manufacturer of the Year Manufacturer of the Year

Regional Development Inducement Program

SA I/O Table Update

DSTO Industrial Park Traffic Study Canola & Biodiesel Fuels Scoping Study

Darwin to Moomba Gas Pipeline Energy Cost Comparison

Environmental Consultancy Services Mussel Investment Attraction **Snapper Investment Attraction** Yellowtail Investment Attraction North East Ring Route Concept Design

Marketing Consultancy

Economic Analysis & Valuation of DIT Projects

2000 Manufacturer of the Year

Contribution to Regional Airports Strategy

Toolmaking Industry Survey Food Research & Survey Management Consulting

Regional Boards - Internet as an Information Learning Resource Pilot Program

Maritime Recycling Research

Review of IIAF Foundry Training Skills

Investigation into SA's representation in USA

SA Business Vision 2010 Consultancy Services

9. Payments to Consultants (continued)

\$30 001 - \$40 000

Challenger Beston Ltd Advanced Manufacturing Facility Advisory Services

Mediamotion Australasia International SA – Communications Strategy for Overseas Offices

Primary Industries & Resources Organic Fertilizer Y Project

Rodski Behavioural Research Group

External Customer Satisfaction Research

World Compositive Prosting Part and Provided Compositive Prosting Part and Part

World Competitive Practice Pty Ltd Employee Relations Options & Strategy Development

\$40 001 - \$50 000

Ebart Pty Ltd Consulting Services to Automotive Task Force Affleck Consulting Pty Ltd Asian Gateway Vision - Inception Report

Heaton Consultancies Marketing Prospectus

\$70 001 - \$80 000

Dept for Transport Urban Planning and the Arts Contribution to Gepps Cross Study

\$90 001 - \$100 000

Disney-Howe Associates Pty Ltd Defence related Issues

Over \$100 000

Auspine Ltd Tarpeena Co-Generation Power Station Study Contribution

10. Write-down of Financial Assistance Debtors

Consistent with the policy regarding Financial Assistance Debtor Recognition in relation to 99 year interest free loans (refer Note 2.4), loans with a carrying amount of \$19 352 000 were written down to nil value.

11.		n Disposal/Write-off of Fixed Assets e and Equipment: Historic cost of assets disposed/written-off Less: Accumulated depreciation Proceeds from disposal			-	2001 \$'000 525 209 316 44 272
	Compute	er Equipment: Historic cost of assets disposed/written-off Less: Accumulated depreciation			_ _	1 412 1 152 260
		Proceeds from disposal			_	31 229
					=	501
12.	Trade de				2001 \$'000 1 234 85	2000 \$'000 2 334 61
	Interest Prepayn GST rec	on deposit accounts and bank accounts nents		_	1 149 69 59 1 592 216	2 273 751 170 30 172
				_	3 085	3 396
13.	Current	al Assistance Debtors rovision for doubtful debts Total Current		_	7 407 2 731 4 676	5 905 2 741 3 164
	Non-Cur Less: P	rrent: rovision for bad and doubtful debts		=	82 598 2 557	60 299 2 556
		Total Non-Current		_	80 041	57 743
14.	Fixed A (a)	ssets Carrying values Land - At cost Work in progress	\$'000	2001 \$'000 5 436 10 844	\$'000	000 \$'000 1 360 191
		Furniture and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	3 861 1 919	4 040	4 091 2 559	4.500
		Computer equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	1 675 742	1 942	2 901 1 303	1 532
		Works of art	-	933 21	_	1 598 21
		Total Net Value of Assets	=	19 176	=	4 702

	(b)	Movements in Fixed Assets	Land	Work in Progress	Furniture and Equipment	Computer Equipment	Works of Art	Total
		Gross Carrying Amount:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		Balance at 1 July 2000	1 360	191	4 091	2 901	21	8 564
		Additions	4 076	10 653	142	649		15 520
		Disposals Net revaluation increments (decrements)	-	-	(525) 153	(1 412) (463)	-	(1 937) (310)
		Balance at 30 June 2001	5 436	10 844	3 861	1 675	21	21 837
		Accumulated Depreciation:						
		Balance at 1 July 2000	-	-	2 599	1 303	-	3 862
		Disposals	-	-	(209)	(1 152)		(1 361)
		Depreciation expense	-	-	329	776		1 105
		Net revaluation (increments) decrements	-	-	(760)	(185)		(945)
		Balance at 30 June 2001	-	-	1 919	742	-	2 661
		Net Book Value: As at 30 June 2000	1 360	191	1 532	1 598	21	4 702
		As at 30 June 2001	5 436	10 844	1 942	933	21	19 176
15.	Borrow	rings					2001	2000
	Repayn	nent details during the reporting period were:					\$'000	\$'000
		Opening balance					17 043	20 287
		Less: Principal repaid to SAFA					4 783	2 688
		Transfers					<u> </u>	556
		Balance Outstanding at 30 June				_	12 260	17 043
	Repres	ented by:						
		Current Liability					1 898	2 311
		Non-Current Liability					10 362	14 732
		Balance Outstanding at 30 June					12 260	17 043
16.		es and Accrued Expenses Liabilities:						
	Odiron	Trade creditors and accruals					585	2 355
		Accrued interest on borrowings					-	133
		GST Payable					57	-
		Employee on-costs					461	515
						_	1 103	3 003
	Non Cu	rrent Liabilities:						
		Employee on-costs					299	263
17.		vee Entitlements and Related Provisions						
	Current	Liabilities: Accrued salaries and wages					_	99
		Annual Leave					1 324	1 101
		Long service leave					306	270
		Workers Compensation (1)					27	27
		Total Current					1 657	1 497
	Non-Cu	rrent Liabilities:						
		Long service leave					2 527	2 227
		Workers Compensation (1)				_	97	83
		Total Non-Current				_	2 624	2 310

(1) These amounts are an actuarial assessment of the Department's workers compensation liabilities at 30 June 2001 contained in a report prepared by Taylor Fry Consulting Actuaries and submitted to the Public Sector Occupational Health and Injury Management branch (PSOHIM) of the Department of the Premier and Cabinet. The amounts reflect the Department's experience of claim numbers and payments over the period 1 July 1987 to 30 June 2001. A separate valuation of the liabilities may result in a different assessed liability.

The actuarial report conforms to the WorkCover Guidelines for Actuaries, Australian Accounting Standard AAS 26 'Financial Reporting of General Insurance Activities' and Professional Standard PS 300 'Actuarial Reports and Advice on Outstanding Claims in General Insurance' of the Institute of Actuaries of Australia.

18.	Accumulated Surplus	2001	2000
		\$'000	\$'000
	Balance 1 July	97 776	127 828
	Operating surplus(deficit)	7 207	(30 052)
	Balance 30 June	104 983	97 776

19.	Asset F	Revaluation Reserve	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000
	Balance 1 July Revaluation increment arising from revaluation of Furniture and Equipment		- 913	-
	Nevalue			
		Balance 30 June	913	
20.	Notes t	o the Statement of Cash Flows		
	20.1	Reconciliation of Cash		
		Closing cash balance as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is		
		represented by the following balances:		
		Department of Industry and Trade operating account and other funds	16 188	52 378
		Cash held in bank accounts	657	466
		Treasury imprest accounts	14	9
		Cash on hand	2	15
			16 861	52 868
	20.2	Reconciliation of Net Cash (used in) provided by Operating Activities to Surplus from Ordinary Activities		
		Surplus from ordinary activities	7 207	29 693
		Depreciation	1 105	932
		Restructuring proceeds and net asset transfers	-	(3 262)
		Loss on disposal/write-off of fixed assets	501	1 147
		Decrement on reduction of computer equipment	278	-
		Change in assets and liabilities:	(00.400)	(4.0.40)
		(Increase) in receivables and financial assistance debtors	(23 499)	(4 948)
		Decrease in inventories (Decrease) in payables, employee entitlements and related provisions	19 (1 390)	176
				(22)
		Net Cash (used in) provided by Operating Activities	(15 779)	23 716

21. Financial Assistance Commitments

In addition to the payments of assistance described in Note 8, the Department has financial commitments under agreements with various bodies. The payment of funds committed is subject to certain performance criteria being met by these bodies.

	2001	2000
	\$'million	\$'million
Not later than one year	71.5	24.8
Later than one year but not later than three years	86.1	24.2
Later than three years but not later than eight years	20.8	15.2
Funds Committed at 30 June	178.4	64.2

22. Lease Commitments

At 30 June, the Department had the following obligations under non-cancellable operating leases. The Department has various operating lease arrangements for the use of property that generally provide for lease payments in advance. Rental provisions provide for rental adjustments by negotiation or in accordance with movements in the CPI. Generally options exist to renew the leases at the expiration of the term of the leases. These obligations have not been recognised as liabilities in the Financial Statements.

Employee Demuneration	2004	2000
	8 593	10 464
Later than five years	2 181	2 804
Later than one year but not later than five years	4 223	5 077
Not later than one year	2 189	2 583
	\$'000	\$'000

23.	Employee Remuneration	2001	2000
	The following table sets out the number of employees with total remuneration in	Number of	Number of
	excess of \$100 000 within the following bands:	Employees	Employees
	\$100 000 - \$110 000	2	. 4
	\$110 001 - \$120 000	4	7
	\$120 001 - \$130 000	7	2
	\$130 001 - \$140 000	3	4
	\$140 001 - \$150 000	2	2
	\$150 001 - \$160 000	-	2
	\$160 001 - \$170 000	1	-
	\$170 001 - \$180 000	2	-
	\$180 001 - \$190 000	1	-
	\$190 001 - \$200 000	1	2
	\$230 001 - \$240 000	-	1
	\$270 001 - \$280 000	1	-

Total remuneration received or receivable by these employees was \$3.4 million (\$3.3 million).

24. Auditors' Remuneration

Amounts due and receivable by the Auditor-General's Department for the audit of the Department for the reporting period total \$150 000 (\$150 000).

25. Interest and Credit Risk Exposure

The Department's maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date in relation to each class of recognised assets is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the Statement of Financial Position. The Department has no significant exposure to any concentrations of credit risk.

The Department recognises Trade Payables as they are incurred and recognises Accrued Expenses for goods and services supplied that have not been paid for. Trade Payables are normally settled on 30 day terms with no exposure to interest rate risk.

Trade Debtors are recognised at the time the debt is incurred with terms set at 30 days. There is no exposure to interest rate risk on Trade Debtors and credit risk is negligible. By definition, prepayments do not represent an exposure to interest rate risk.

In relation to loans provided to external parties, the credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of the assets in the Statement of Financial Position. However, conditions relating to some forms of assistance provide that in certain circumstances, loans can be reduced or forgiven.

The following table provides information relating to Interest Rate Risk for recognised Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities:

	Weighted Average	2001 Fixed Interest Maturing in					
Financial Instrument	Effective Interest	Floating	1 year	1 to 5	More than	Non- Interest	
	Rate	Interest	or less	years	5 years	Bearing	Total
Financial Assets:	Percent	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash on hand and on deposit	5.77	16 861	-	_	-	-	16 861
Receivables	-		-	-	-	3 085	3 085
Financial assistance debtors:						44.450	44 450
99 year loans Interest free loans	-	-	-	-	-	44 450 18 706	18 706
Interest bearing loans	7.57	-	459	745	25 645	-	26 849
-	_	16 861	459	745	25 645	66 241	109 951
Financial Liabilities:							
Borrowings	12.47	-	1 898	10 362	-	-	12 260
Payables	- <u>_</u>	-	-	-	-	1 402	1 402
	_	-	1 898	10 362	-	1 402	13 662

26. Contingent Liabilities

Guarantees granted in respect of borrowing arrangements that were effected through the Industry Incentives and Assistance Fund (IIAF) are provided on the approval of the Treasurer pursuant to the terms of the *Industries Development Act 1941*. That approval provides, inter alia, that no such guarantees should be executed except on the recommendation of the Industries Development Committee

In addition, certain guarantees and indemnities have been provided by the Minister for Industry and Trade as part of various Industry Assistance packages.

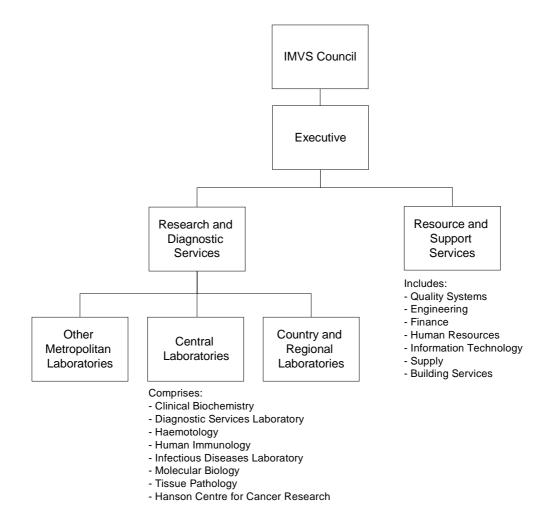
INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL AND VETERINARY SCIENCE

FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY AND STRUCTURE

The Institute, a body corporate, was established under the *Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science Act 1982*. It is administered by a Council and is subject to the control and direction of the Minister for Human Services.

The Institute conducts its operations through 15 metropolitan, country and regional locations, including an animal research centre at Gilles Plains.

As at 30 June 2001 the Institute had one controlled entity being Medvet Science Pty Ltd.



Medvet Science Pty Ltd

Medvet Science Pty Ltd is a proprietary company incorporated under the provisions of the Corporations Law.

The principal activities of the Company are:

- production and sale of products for use in the provision of medical diagnostic services and scientific research;
- commercial exploitation of knowledge acquired by the IMVS in the course of conducting research;
- provision of consulting and other related services.

SIGNIFICANT FEATURE

In respect to the unconsolidated operations of the Institute total ordinary revenue increased by \$24.9 million and government revenues for the provision of general health services decreased by \$29.2 million. This was due principally to a charge in funding arrangements in respect to private pathology tests. From 1 October 2000 the Commonwealth Department of Health and Aged Care restricted the Health Program Grant funding arrangements to private pathology tests originating in rural and remote areas of South Australia with the exception of Mount Gambier and Whyalla. Since that date private pathology tests originating in metropolitan Adelaide and its surrounding suburbs, and in Mount Gambier and Whyalla have been funded through Medicare. The Health Program Grant is included in the operating grant from the Department of Human Services, while Medicare funding is recorded as ordinary revenue.

AUDIT MANDATE AND COVERAGE

Audit Authority

Subsection 21(2) of the *Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science Act 1982* provides for the Auditor-General to audit the accounts of the Institute in respect of each financial year.

Scope of Audit

The audit program covered all major financial systems and was directed primarily towards obtaining sufficient evidence to enable an audit opinion to be formed with respect to the financial statements and internal control.

During 2000-01 specific areas of audit attention included:

- salaries and wages
- property, plant and equipment
- accounts payable
- liabilities
- revenue
- general ledger
- inventory.

Audit Communications to Management

The scope of audit review and issues arising were conveyed to the Director of the Institute in an audit management letter. The response from the Institute indicated action taken or proposed to address the issues raised by Audit.

AUDIT FINDINGS AND COMMENTS

Commentary on General Financial Controls

The audit of the Institute indicated that the general control environment was satisfactory.

CONTROLS OPINION

As required by subsection 36(1)(a)(iii) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, the audit of the Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science included an assessment of the controls exercised in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property and the incurring of liabilities. The assessment also considered whether those controls were consistent with the prescribed elements of the Financial Management Framework as required by Treasurer's Instruction 2 'Financial Management Policies'.

Audit formed the opinion that the controls exercised by the Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money; the acquisition and disposal of property; and the incurring of liabilities, were sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the organisation were conducted properly and in accordance with the law.

Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2001

	•	Consolidated		Consolidated		Health Service	
		2001	2000	2001	2000		
ORDINARY EXPENSES:	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Salaries, wages and other employee entitlements	3(a)	59 160	56 107	56 756	54 230		
Goods and services	3(b)	29 158	26 684	25 851	24 978		
Depreciation and amortisation	3(c)	3 803	4 695	3 669	4 612		
Borrowing costs	3(d)	37	38	123	107		
Other expenses	3(e)	1 537	2 459	1 537	2 459		
Total Expenses	-	93 695	89 983	87 936	86 386		
ORDINARY REVENUES:							
User charges and fees	4(a)	56 758	28 745	49 067	23 322		
Investment income	4(b)	1 201	971	904	603		
Grants and contributions	4(c)	8 002	8 257	8 675	9 427		
Other revenues	4(d)	925	1 419	864	1 260		
Total Revenue	-	66 886	39 392	59 510	34 612		
NET COST OF SERVICES	-	26 809	50 591	28 426	51 774		
Government revenues for provision of general health services	5	32 007	61 186	32 007	61 186		
Net loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	6	(197)	(17)	(168)	(17)		
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		5 001	10 578	3 413	9 395		

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2001

		Con	solidated	Health	Service
		2001	2000	2001	2000
CURRENT ASSETS:	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash	8	21 050	20 441	17 032	14 950
Receivables	9	8 318	6 877	7 372	6 322
Investments	10	281	266	281	266
Inventories	11	954	872	290	319
Other current assets	12	667	431	581	409
Total Current Assets	_	31 270	28 887	25 556	22 266
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	-				
Receivables	9	280	178	280	178
Investments	10	2 508	500	1 150	1 150
Land and improvements	13	45 134	41 220	41 847	39 801
Plant and equipment	14	8 617	9 145	8 058	8 902
Other non-current assets	12	16	14	16	14
Total Non-Current Assets	_	56 555	51 057	51 351	50 045
Total Assets	-	87 825	79 944	76 907	72 311
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Payables	15	8 834	7 183	3 909	2 831
Borrowings	16	-	-	-	1 400
Employee entitlements and related provisions	17	3 501	3 230	3 319	3 072
Other current liabilities	18	3	3	3	3
Total Current Liabilities	_	12 338	10 416	7 231	7 306
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:	_				
Payables	15	1 081	920	1 081	920
Employee entitlements and related provisions	17	11 074	10 052	10 980	9 995
Other non-current liabilities	18	72	42	72	42
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	12 227	11 014	12 133	10 957
Total Liabilities	- -	24 565	21 430	19 364	18 263
NET ASSETS		63 260	58 514	57 543	54 048
EQUITY:	=				
Reserves		11 134	8 217	9 580	6 799
Accumulated surplus	-	52 126	50 297	47 963	47 249
TOTAL EQUITY	19	63 260	58 514	57 543	54 048
Commitments	20				<u> </u>

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2001

		Consolidated		Health Service	
		2001	2000	2001	2000
		Inflows	Inflows	Inflows	Inflows
		(Outflows)	(Outflows)	(Outflows)	(Outflows)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
PAYMENTS:					
Salaries, wages and other employee entitlements		(58 044)	(57 361)	(55 955)	(55 752)
Goods and services		(28 191)	(25952)	(24 522)	(24 870)
Borrowing costs		(42)	(38)	(123)	(107)
Grants and subsidies paid		(146)	(356)	(146)	(356)
GST payments on purchases		(3 970)	(66)	(3 307)	(66)
GST remitted to the ATO		(425)	-	(340)	-
Other payments		(1 508)	(1 868)	(1 508)	(1 868)
RECEIPTS:			, ,		
User charges and fees		54 992	28 539	47 091	23 286
Interest received		1 207	923	878	582
Other grants and contributions received		8 002	8 257	8 675	9 426
GST collected		4 161	15	3 414	15
GST refund from the ATO		190	-	190	-
Other receipts		636	1 255	884	1 295
GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS:					
Government revenues for provision of general health services		30 738	56 058	30 738	56 058
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	21(a)	7 600	9 406	5 969	7 643
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from sale of non-current assets		1 000	_	_	-
Payments for purchase of non-current assets	22	(4 050)	(5 574)	(1 942)	(4 205)
Other net outflows from investing activities		(2 553)	(77)	(545)	(1200)
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(5 603)	(5 651)	(2 487)	(4 205)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Repayments of borrowings		_	_	(1 400)	_
Other net outflows from financing activities		(388)	(581)	(1 400)	_
Net Cash used in Financing Activities		(388)	(581)	(1 400)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH HELD		1 609	3 174	2 082	3 438
CASH AT 1 JULY		19 441			
CASH AT TULT		19 441	16 267	14 950	11 512
CASH AT 30 JUNE	8	21 050	19 441	17 032	14 950

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science Objectives

The primary function of the Institute is the provision of a comprehensive diagnostic medical service in Adelaide and Regional and Branch laboratories throughout the State. The Institute is also intrinsically involved in research and teaching and fulfils many public health functions.

Funding is obtained from the Commonwealth Government, the Department of Human Services, public donations, private funds, foundations and other sources.

Users of these financial statements should note that the Commonwealth Government funds the major part but not the entire operations of the Institute. From 1 October 2000 the Commonwealth Department of Health and Aged Care restricted the Health Program Grant funding arrangements to private pathology tests originating in rural and remote areas of South Australia with the exception of Mount Gambier and Whyalla. Since that date private pathology tests originating in metropolitan Adelaide and its surrounding suburbs, and in Mount Gambier and Whyalla have been funded through Medicare. The Health Program Grant is included in the operating grant from the Department of Human Services, while Medicare funding is recorded as ordinary revenue.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial report is a general purpose financial report and has been prepared in accordance with:

- Statements of Accounting Concepts;
- applicable Australian Accounting Standards;
- other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB);
- Urgent Issues Group (UIG) Consensus Views; and
- the requirements of the South Australian Health Commission Act 1976, Department of Human Services Financial Management Manual, the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987, Treasurer's Instructions and Treasurer's Accounting Policy Statements

Where there are inconsistencies between the above requirements, the legislative provisions have prevailed. In the absence of a specific Accounting Standard, other authoritative pronouncement of the AASB or UIG Consensus View, the hierarchy of other pronouncements as outlined in AAS 6 'Accounting Policies' is considered.

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis. The Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science (the Institute) is dependent on continued funding from both the Commonwealth Government and the Department of Human Services for this basis to be appropriate.

In the unlikely event the Institute was not to be a going concern and ceased operations, assets would revert to a charitable trust to be used for health purposes by the local community.

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is adopted by the Institute together with the historical cost convention, with the exception of land and buildings which were revalued as at 30 June 2000.

The Institute has applied AASB 1041 'Revaluation of Non-Current Assets' transitional provisions for the public sector and has elected to apply the same revaluation basis (that is deprival value methodology) while the relationship between fair value and the existing valuation basis in the South Australian public sector is examined further.

All amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars and are expressed in Australian currency.

(a) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated accounts of the economic entity include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science and Medvet Science Pty Ltd (Medvet). The Health Service has effective control over, and 100 percent interest in, the net assets and results of Medvet.

When preparing the consolidated accounts the effects of all transactions between the Institute and Medvet have been eliminated in full.

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment

The Statement of Financial Position includes all property, plant and equipment controlled by the Institute. This includes assets owned by the Department of Human Services or the Crown which are controlled by the Institute.

The current Accounting Policies issued by the Department of Treasury and Finance on the valuation of assets of government departments require that assets be reported using the deprival value methodology. In the case of the land and buildings current values at 30 June 2000 were based on valuations by Asset Valuation and Consulting Pty Ltd. Subsequent acquisitions are accounted for at cost.

In the case of property plant and equipment other than land and buildings, current value at 30 June 2001 was calculated on the basis of historic cost, less a deduction to reflect the portion of service potential which has been consumed since the asset was acquired ie depreciated historical cost.

Property, plant and equipment donated, gifted or bequeathed is recorded as an asset at its fair value at the time control passes to the Institute. Any assets received in this way would be disclosed as income in the Statement of Financial Performance and Note 4(c), however no such assets have been received in 2000-01.

Minor items of property, plant and equipment with an individual value of less than \$5 000 are expensed at the time they are acquired.

(c) Depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment, except land are depreciated in accordance with Department of Human Services guidelines on a straight line basis at the following rates:

Years
Buildings
10-60
Plant and equipment
3-20
Motor vehicles
3

Finance leases are amortised over the life of the asset or the lease term.

(d) Income Recognition

All revenue, including Department of Human Services capital funding is recorded as income in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Patient fees are based on rates specified by the Commonwealth Department of Health and Aged Care in the Medicare Benefits Schedule.

(e) Employee Entitlements

The charge for salaries, wages and other employee entitlements includes amounts expected to be paid to employees for their pro rata entitlements to long service leave and annual leave. The long service leave liability was calculated using the short hand method and the benchmark number of years recommended by the Department of Treasury and Finance at current salary rates and oncosts.

Provision has been made for the unused component of annual leave as at balance date, based on current salary rates and related on-costs.

A superannuation on-cost has been provided for using the weighted average superannuation contribution rate of 10 percent against provisions for annual leave and that portion of the provision for long service leave which is estimated will be taken as leave (55 percent).

Workers' compensation levy on-cost has been calculated by applying the rate for 2000-01 of 0.021 percent.

Liabilities for employment on-costs are not employee entitlements and are classified as payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

(f) Assets, Goods and Services Provided Free of Charge

The financial report does not reflect any amount for employee entitlements provided on a voluntary basis. Assets, goods and services provided free of charge or for a nominal value are included as revenue in the financial statements at fair value.

(g) Leased Assets

Assets acquired under finance leases are included as property, plant and equipment in the Statement of Financial Position. Finance leases effectively transfer from the lessor to the lessee substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased property. Where assets are acquired by means of finance leases, the present value of the minimum lease payments is recognised as an asset at the beginning of the lease term and amortised on a straight line basis over the expected useful life of the leased asset. A corresponding liability is also established and each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charge.

Lease liabilities are classified into current and non-current categories. The principal component of lease payments due on or before the end of the succeeding year is disclosed as a current liability, and the remainder of the lease liability is disclosed as a non-current liability.

Other leases under which all the risks and benefits of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are charged to expenses over the period of expected benefit.

Refer to Note 2(m) for details of GST recognition with respect to finance leases.

(h) Inventories

Items held for use by the Institute are accounted for at weighted average cost unless it becomes apparent they are obsolete or surplus to requirements in which case they are written off.

Items held for sale by the Institute are accounted for at weighted average cost.

Items held for use and sale by Medvet are accounted for at standard cost.

(i) Special Purpose Funds

The Institute receives special purpose funds for research purposes. The amounts are controlled by the Institute and used to help achieve the Institute's objectives, notwithstanding that specific uses can be determined by the grantor or donor. Accordingly the amounts are treated as revenue at the time they are earned or at the time control passes to the Institute.

(j) Trust Funds

The Institute does not act as a trustee.

(k) Superannuation

The Institute and Medvet contributed \$3.1 million (\$2.8 million) towards the accruing employee superannuation retirement benefits under a number of employer sponsored superannuation schemes. These schemes include the State Government Superannuation Schemes and a number of non-government superannuation schemes. The Institute pays the accruing employer component. The funds' trustees are responsible for managing the employee retirement liability.

In addition, the Institute contributed \$2 million (\$1.9 million) in relation to employees that are not active contributors of employer schemes as required under the *Commonwealth Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992*.

(I) Workers Compensation

The Institute is an exempt employer under the *Workers Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1986*. Under a scheme arrangement the Institute is responsible for the management of workers rehabilitation and compensation and is directly responsible for meeting the cost of workers compensation claims and the implementation and funding of preventative programs.

Although the Department of Human Services provides funds to the Institute for the settlement of lump sum and redemption payments, the cost of these claims together with other claim costs met directly by the Institute are reflected as an operating expense in the Institute's financial reports.

The workers compensation liability as at 30 June 2001 reflects an apportionment of the whole-of-government estimate of the workers compensation liability as at 30 June 2001. The whole-of-government estimate is based on an independent valuation conducted by Taylor Fry Consulting Actuaries and submitted to the Office of the Commissioner for Public Employment.

The workers compensation liability as at 30 June 2000 reflects an apportionment of the whole-of-health estimate of the workers compensation liability based on an independent valuation conducted by Taylor Fry Consulting Actuaries and submitted to the Department of Human Services.

The valuation method used was the Payment per Claim Incurred (PPCI) method. The assessment has been carried out in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 26 'Financial Reporting of General Insurance Activities' and the WorkCover Guidelines for Actuarial Assessments. The liability covers claims incurred but not yet paid, incurred but not reported and the anticipated direct and indirect costs of settling those claims. The liability for outstanding claims is measured as the present value of the expected future payments, reflecting the fact that all the claims do not have to be paid out in the immediate future.

With respect to workers compensation liability amount, the Institute also includes an account receivable for the lump sum and redemption claims portion of the workers compensation claims which is specifically funded by the Department of Human Services.

The Institute's liability is \$713 000 (\$475 000) of which \$235 000 is current and \$478 000 non-current. Of this amount \$338 000 (\$254 000) is to cover lump sum and redemption claims which are funded by the Department of Human Services. This amount has been taken up as a receivable leaving a net liability of \$375 000 (\$221 000).

(m) Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST)

In accordance with the requirements of UIG Abstract 31 'Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST)', revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except that:

- the amount of GST incurred by the Health Service as a purchaser that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

(m) Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST) (continued)

The net GST receivable from the Australian Taxation Office has been recognised as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position.

Finance lease liabilities are stated inclusive of the amount of GST on the finance lease liability. The Institute has also recognised receivables which represent the entitlement to recover input tax credits from the Australian Taxation Office for the GST payable on the finance lease liability.

Cash flows are reported on a gross basis in the Statement of Cash Flows. The GST component of the cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from or payable to the Australian Taxation Office have however been classified as operating cash flows.

(n) Change in Accounting Policies

(b)

Workers Compensation Liability Actuarial Assessment

The workers compensation liability recognised by the Institute is based on an actuarial assessment of the whole-of-government workers compensation liability conducted by Taylor Fry Consulting Actuaries based on 31 May 2001 data. Taylor Fry Consulting Actuaries have extrapolated this data to 30 June 2001.

The workers compensation liability recognised as at 30 June 2000 was based on the apportionment of an actuarial assessment of the whole-of-health workers compensation liability conducted by Taylor Fry Consulting Actuaries based on 30 June 2000 data.

(o) Reclassification of Financial Information

As a result of applying Australian Accounting Standards AAS 1 'Statement of Financial Performance' and AAS 36 'Statement of Financial Position', the format of the Statement of Financial Performance (previously referred to as the Operating Statement) and the Statement of Financial Position have been amended. As a result of applying these Accounting Standards, a number of comparative amounts were represented or reclassified to ensure comparability with the current reporting period.

3.	Ordina	ary Expenses	Cons	solidated	Health	Service
	(a)	Salaries, Wages and Other Employee Entitlements	2001	2000	2001	2000
	, ,	Salaries, wages and other employee entitlements recorded in the Statement of Financial Performance comprised:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		Salaries and wages	48 378	46 164	46 288	44 556
		Annual leave expenses	3 645	3 508	3 503	3 406
		Long service leave expenses	1 677	1 181	1 677	1 181
		Targeted separation expenses	-	511	-	511
		Superannuation	5 102	4 540	4 930	4 373
		Other	358	203	358	203
			59 160	56 107	56 756	54 230

Targeted Voluntary Separation Packages (TVSPs). During the year no employees (8 in 2000) accepted packages.

Goods and Services		Cons	solidated	Health	Service
Goods and services expenditure recorded in the Statement		2001	2000	2001	2000
Statement Financial Performance comprised:	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Rental expense on operating lease		311	370	278	336
Consultancy expenses	3(b)(ii)	-	4	-	4
Medical and laboratory supplies		12 666	12 647	13 657	13 352
Electricity, gas and fuel		687	669	687	669
Housekeeping		569	601	569	601
Minor equipment		1 008	811	1 008	811
Repairs and maintenance		1 607	1 761	1 607	1 761
External auditors remuneration:					
Auditing accounts		87	96	63	72
Other services		-	-	-	-
Bad and doubtful debts		380	50	238	10
Staff travel expenses		358	381	358	381
Staff training and development		577	581	577	580
Rental of premises		919	968	919	968
Motor vehicle expenses		972	815	972	815
Insurance		352	355	352	355
Contract management		202	213	202	213
Advertising		101	77	101	77
Communications		486	553	486	553
Computing expenses		1 155	1 434	1 155	1 434
Periodicals, journals and publications		278	161	278	161
Printing and stationery		1 643	860	1 643	860
Postage		74	63	74	63
Grants and subsidies	3(b)(i)	146	356	146	356
Other goods and services*		4 580	2 858	481	546
	_	29 158	26 684	25 851	24 978

^{*} Other (Consolidated) includes the majority of goods and services relating to Medvet

(i) Grants and Subsidies

During the period the Health Service paid grants and subsidies for the following purposes:

Research and development

=	146	356	146	356
	146	336	146	336
	-	20	-	20

	(b)	Goods and Services (continued)	Con	solidated	Healt	h Service
	()		2001	2000	2001	2000
		(ii) Breakdown of Consultancies	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		Below \$10 000 \$10 000 - \$50 000	-	4 -	-	4 -
		Above \$50 000	-	-	-	-
				4	-	4
					2001 mber of ltancies Co	2000 Number of onsultancies
		Number of consultancies in the below \$10 000 range			-	4
	(c)	Depreciation and Amortisation Depreciation expenditure recorded within the	Con: 2001	solidated 2000	Healt 2001	h Service 2000
		Statement of Financial Performance comprised:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		Buildings	585	1 856	544	1 850
		Plant and equipment: Medical equipment	1 289	1 077	1 289	1 077
		Computing equipment	1 114	1 107	1 114	1 107
		Other equipment	178	145	85	68
		Motor vehicles Amortisation in respect of plant and equipment under finance lease	637	1 509	637	1 509
			3 803	4 695	3 669	4 612
	(d)	Borrowing Costs				
		Borrowing costs recorded within the Statement of Financial Performance comprised:				
		Finance charges on finance leases Other	37	38	37	38
		Other	37	38	86 123	69 107
	(e)	Other Expenses				
	(-)	Other expenses recorded within the Statement of Financial Performance comprised:				
		Quality assurance programs	141	135	141	135
		Accreditation fees	221	170	221	170
		Other	1 175 1 537	2 154	1 175 1 537	2 154
			1 537	2 459	1 337	2 459
1.	•	y Revenues				
	(a)	User Charges and Fees User charges revenue recorded within the Statement of Financial				
		Performance comprised:				
		Patient and client fees Other user charges	42 067 14 691	19 982 8 763	42 094 6 973	19 982 3 340
		Office user charges	56 758	28 745	49 067	23 322
	(b)	Investment Income Investment income recorded within the Statement of Financial				
		Performance comprised:	4 200	074	000	000
		Interest revenue Other investment revenue	1 200 1	971 -	903 1	603
			1 201	971	904	603
	(c)	Grants and Contributions Grants and contributions revenue recorded within the Statement				
		of Financial Performance comprised:				
		Contributions Received: Contributions were received by the Institute for:				
		General purposes	6 283	6 939	6 283	6 939
		Education Other	- 1 719	36		36
				1 282	2 392	2 452
		Other	8 002	8 257	8 675	9 427
					8 675	9 427
		Contributions Received The above contributions were received from the following sources:			8 675	9 427
		Contributions Received The above contributions were received from the following sources: Commonwealth Government	8 002 4 489	8 257 3 208	4 489	3 208
		Contributions Received The above contributions were received from the following sources: Commonwealth Government State Government	8 002 4 489 845	3 208 1 373	4 489 1 518	3 208 2 543
		Contributions Received The above contributions were received from the following sources: Commonwealth Government	8 002 4 489	8 257 3 208	4 489	3 208

Restrictions on Contributions Received

The Institute received contributions of \$8.7 million (\$9.4 million) from many different granting bodies expressly for the purpose of research. As at 30 June 2001 \$5.2 million (\$2.7 million) of those contributions, which have been recognised as revenues in the Statement of Financial Performance, are yet to be spent in the manner specified by the contributor.

4. Ordinary Revenues (continued)

Other Revenues	Cons	olidated	Health Service	
Other revenue recorded within the Statement of Financial	2001	2000	2001	2000
Performance comprised:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Car parking revenue	109	117	109	117
Rent revenue	251	238	78	70
Commission	19	18	19	18
Other revenue	546	1 046	658	1 055
	925	1 419	864	1 260

5. Government Revenues for Provision of General Health Services

Government revenues received for the provision of general health services in the Statement of Financial Performance comprised:

Recurrent appropriations

 Recurrent appropriations
 29 900 54 999 61 187
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Capital Revenue

Most of the major equipment purchases and building works conducted at the Institute costing greater than \$100 000 are currently funded through the Capital Works Program. The budget and payment of accounts for projects funded from the Capital Works Program are managed by the Department of Human Services.

During the financial year journals were processed to transfer assets purchased under the Capital Works Program on behalf of the Institute. The transfer amounted to \$1.1 million (\$5.1 million) at 30 June 2001. In addition, \$1 million (\$1.1 million) was reimbursed by the Department of Human Services for asset purchases paid for by the Institute.

6.	Gain (Loss) from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	Conso	Consolidated		Health Service	
		2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	
	Proceeds from sale	-	-	-	-	
	Less: Written down value of assets sold	197	1/	168	1/	
		(197)	(17)	(168)	(17)	

7. Individually Significant Items

Due to changes in Commonwealth Government policy announced in the 2000-01 Commonwealth budget, access to the Health Program Grant was curtailed effective from 1 October 2000. Funding for private pathology tests originating in metropolitan Adelaide and its surrounding suburbs, and in Mount Gambier and Whyalla, which was previously received as Recurrent Appropriation has subsequently been sought through Medicare.

Medicare funding is included in the Statement of Financial Performance as Ordinary Revenue, while Recurrent Appropriation is included as Government Revenue for Provision of General Health Services.

8.	Cash	Consolidated		Health Service	
		2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000
	Cash on hand	7	7	3	3
	At call deposits	17 655	15 429	17 029	14 947
	Short term deposits with less than two months to maturity	3 388	4 005	-	-
		21 050	19 441	17 032	14 950
	Short term deposits with greater than two months to maturity but less than 12 months	_	1 000	-	-
Total Cash	Total Cash	21 050	20 441	17 032	14 950
	Included within the above cash amounts are the following: Special purpose funds Employee salary sacrifice monies held in trust by salary	5 212	2 702	5 212	2 702
	sacrifice administrators	222	-	222	-
		5 434	2 702	5 434	2 702

Special purpose funds are controlled by the Health Service and used to achieve the Health Service objectives. Specific uses can be determined by the grantor or donor.

9. Receivables

Current:

Patient/client fees:				
Other	3 409	1 699	3 425	1 699
Workers compensation provision recoverable	104	76	104	76
GST recoverable from the ATO	216	51	216	51
Sundry receivables	5 022	5 146	3 900	4 531
	8 751	6 972	7 645	6 357
Less: Provision of doubtful debts	433	95	273	35
	8 318	6 877	7 372	6 322
Non-Current:				
Workers compensation provision recoverable	234	178	234	178
GST recoverable from the ATO	46	-	46	
	280	178	280	178

10.	Investments			solidated		Service
	Current:		2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000
	Other investments		281	266	281	266
	Non-Current: Other investments		2 508	500	1 150	1 150
	Included in the above investment haloman and the fall orders.	·				
	Included in the above investment balances are the following: Special purpose funds		281	266	281	266
	Investment in subsidiary		-	-	1 150	1 150
	Other securities (At cost)	-	2 508	500	4 404	- 4 440
			2 789	766	1 431	1 416
	Other securities comprise floating rate notes that are listed on the Stoc prevailing market rates every three months. No revaluation has been intention to hold this interest bearing investment to maturity.					
11.	Inventories Medical and laboratory supplies		876	826	212	273
	Other supplies		78	46	78	46
			954	872	290	319
	The above inventories are held for the following purpose: Consumption by Health Service		954	872	290	319
12.	Other Assets Current:					
	Prepayments		663	430	577	408
	Other		667	1 431	4 581	1 409
	Non-Current:		16	14	16	14
	Prepayments		10	14	10	
13.	Land and Improvements		=			
	Site land (At cost) Site land (At valuation)		501 3 868	3 868	3 868	3 868
	Other land (At valuation)		13	13	13	13
			4 382	3 881	3 881	3 881
	Buildings and improvements (At cost)		4 086	107	1 259	13
	Buildings and improvements (At valuation)		30 577	30 617	30 577	30 617
	Accumulated depreciation		(586) 34 077	(86) 30 638	(545) 31 291	(1) 30 629
	Buildings and improvements under construction (Work in progress)		6 675	6 701	6 675	5 291
			45 134	41 220	41 847	39 801
	Valuations undertaken by Asset Valuation and Consulting Pty Ltd as at 3	0 June 200	0.			
	Reconciliations			Buildings		
	Reconciliations of the carrying amount of each class of land and building	Site	Other	& Improv-	Work in	Tatal
	at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below: Consolidated:	Land \$'000	Land \$'000	ments \$'000	Progress \$'000	Total \$'000
	Balance at 1 July	3 868	13	30 638	6 701	41 220
	Additions Transfers from work in progress	501	-	2 623 1 410	1 384 (1 410)	4 508
	Depreciation expense	-	-	(594)	(1410)	(594)
	Carrying Amount at 30 June	4 369	13	34 077	6 675	45 134
	Health Service:	2.000	42	20.020	E 204	20.004
	Balance at 1 July Additions	3 868	13 -	30 629 1 206	5 291 1 384	39 801 2 590
	Depreciation expense	-	-	(544)	-	(544)
	Carrying Amount at 30 June =	3 868	13	31 291	6 675	41 847
14.	Plant and Equipment			solidated		Service
			2001	2000	2001	2000
	Medical equipment (At cost)		\$'000 16 506	\$'000 16 703	\$'000 16 506	\$'000 16 703
	Accumulated depreciation - Medical equipment		(11 427)	(11 694)	(11 427)	(11 694)
			5 079	5 009	5 079	5 009
	Computing equipment (At cost) Accumulated depreciation - Computing equipment		3 742	3 681	3 501	3 426
	Accumulated depreciation - Computing equipment	-	(2 393) 1 349	(1 398) 2 283	(2 286) 1 215	(1 197) 2 229
				00		

14.	Plant and Equipment (continued)				onsolidated		Service
				2001	2000	2001	2000
	Other aguinment (At east)			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Other equipment (At cost)			2 151	1 993	1 349	1 331
	Accumulated depreciation - other equipment			(963) 1 188	(1 012) 981	(586) 763	(539) 792
	Plant and equipment under finance lease (At cost)			2 033	1 824	2 033	1 824
	Accumulated depreciation-other equipment			(1 089)	(952)	(1 089)	(952)
				944	872	944	872
	Other equipment under construction (Work in progress)			57	-	57	-
	Reconciliations		;	8 617	9 145	8 058	8 902
	Reconciliations of the carrying amount of each class of Plabelow:	ant and Equipm	nent at the beg	ginning and en	d of the curren	t financial year	are set out
	Solow.				Plant and		
					Equipment		
				Other Plant	under		
		Medical	Computing	and	Finance	Work in	
			Equipment	Equipment	Lease	Progress	Total
	Consolidated:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Balance at 1 July	5 009	2 283	981	872	-	9 145
	Additions	1 455	223	351	710	57	2 796
	Disposals	(97)	(2)	(98)	-	-	(197)
	Depreciation expense	(1 288)	(1 155)	(128)	(638)	-	(3 209)
	Other movements: Prior period adjustments	. ,	. ,	82	` ,	_	82
	Carrying Amount at 30 June	5 079	1 349	1 188	944	57	8 617
	, ,						
	Health Service:	F 000	2 220	702	074		0.000
	Balance at 1 July	5 009	2 229	793	871	-	8 902
	Additions	1 456	100	44	710	57	2 367
	Disposals	(97)	(4 44 4)	(71)	(627)	-	(168)
	Depreciation expense	(1 289)	(1 114)	(85)	(637)	-	(3 125)
	Other movements:						
	Prior period adjustments	-	-	82	-	-	82
	Carrying amount at 30 June	5 079	1 215	763	944	57	8 058
45	Develop			0.		المامال	Comileo
15.	Payables				onsolidated		Service
	Currents			2001	2000	2001	2000
	Current:			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Trade creditors			1 642	595	932	522
	Finance lease liability			565	532	565	532
	Accruals			5 921	5 788	1 747	2 029
	On-costs on employee entitlement provisions			276	268	276	268
	GST payable to the ATO			208	-	167	-
	Other payable			222		222	
	Non-Current:		;	8 834	7 183	3 909	2 831
	Finance lease liability			502	371	502	371
	On-costs on employee entitlement provisions		•	579	549	579	549
			:	1 081	920	1 081	920
16.	Borrowings						
	Current: Medvet funds			_	_	-	1 400
	insurer rands		:				1 100
17.	Employee Entitlements Current:						
	Long service leave			571	518	553	510
	Annual leave			2 624	2 546	2 460	2 396
	Accrued salaries and wages			71	2 340	2 460 71	2 390
	Workers compensation			235	160	235	160
	Tromoro comportation		•	3 501			
	Non-Current:		:	ა 501	3 230	3 319	3 072
	Long service leave			10 596	9 737	10 502	9 680
	Workers compensation			478	315	478	315
			•	11 074	10 052	10 980	9 995
				11017	10 002	.5 550	3 333

18.	Other Liabilities	C	Consolidated	Healt	h Service
		2001		2001	2000
	Current:	\$'000		\$'000	\$'000
	Other	3	3	3	3
	Non-Current:				
	Other	72	42	72	42
19.	Equity The purpose of this Note is firstly to explain the nature of individual reserves and		Accumulated	2001 Other	
	secondly to explain movements in these amounts during the period.	4	Surplus	Reserves	Total
	Consolidated:		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Balance at 1 July		50 297	8 217	58 514
	Surplus of the reporting period		5 001	-	5 001
	Appropriations made Transfer to reserves		(337)	- 12 119	(337) 82
	Transfer from reserves		(12 037) 9 202	(9 202)	- 02
		_			
	Balance at 30 June	_	52 126	11 134	63 260
	Haalik Candaa				
	Health Service: Balance at 1 July		47 249	6 799	54 048
	Surplus of the reporting period		3 413	-	3 413
	Transfers to reserves		(11 264)	11 346	82
	Transfer from reserves	_	8 565	(8 565)	
	Balance at 30 June	=	47 963	9 580	57 543
			Accumulated	2000 Other	
			Surplus	Reserves	Total
	Consolidated:		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Balance at 1 July		42 044	6 396	48 440
	Surplus of the reporting period		10 578	-	10 578
	Appropriations made		(513)	-	(513)
	Transfer to reserves Transfer from reserves		(10 422) 8 610	10 431 (8 610)	9
	Balance at 30 June	_	50 297	8 217	58 514
	balance at 30 June	_	30 291	0 2 1 7	30 314
	Health Service:				
	Balance at 1 July		39 180	5 465	44 645
	Surplus of the reporting period		9 394	-	9 394
	Transfers to reserves		(9 422)	9 431	9
	Transfer from reserves	_	8 097	(8 097)	
	Balance at 30 June		47 249	6 799	54 048
		=			
20.	Commitments for Expenditure		onsolidated		h Service
	(a) Finance Lease Commitments:	2001		2001	2000
	At the reporting date, the Institute had the following commitments under finance lease (the total commitment net of future leases finance charges has been recognised as a liability in the Statement of Financial	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Position).	590	EEO	590	EEO
	Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years	590 515		590 515	558 380
	Later than five years	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>	1 105		1 105	938
	Less: Future finance charges on finance leases	38		38	35
	Lease Liability =	1 067	903	1 067	903
	Classified as:				
	Current	565		565	532
	Non-current	502	371	502	371
	=	1 067	903	1 067	903
	GST included in finance lease above	97	-	97	-

The amount for finance leases does not include payments for one piece of leased equipment due to the nature of its lease payments. The payments are a surcharge on consumables used by the machine and therefore are not able to be separately identified.

One item of laboratory equipment has been leased over a five year period and becomes the property of the Institute upon termination of the agreement in February 2002. A penalty of six months lease payments would apply should the Institute wish to terminate the lease agreement early.

All other finance leases relate to computing equipment leased over a three year term, with an option to extend the lease term or purchase the equipment.

20. Commitments for Expenditure (continued) Consolidated Health Service **Operating Lease Commitments** 2001 2000 2001 2000 At the reporting date, the Health Service had the following \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 commitments under operating leases: Not later than one year 267 306 239 278 Later than one year and not later than five years 219 220 205 215 Later than five years **Total Operating Lease Commitments (including GST)** 486 526 444 493 40 40 GST included in operating lease commitments above.

Operating lease commitments are not recorded as a liability in the financial statements.

Operating leases within the Institute comprise rental payments for the lease of fourteen collection centres, all with renewal options of up to five years, and payments for the lease of photocopiers and laboratory equipment. Operating leases within Medvet relate to the provision of motor vehicles.

21.	Notes	to the Statement of Cash Flows	Cor	nsolidated	Healtl	h Service
	(a)	Reconciliation of Net Cash from Operating Activities to Net Cost of	2001	2000	2001	2000
	, ,	Services	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and deposit accounts:				
		Net cost of services	(26 809)	(50 591)	(28 426)	(51 774)
		Increase (Decrease) in employee entitlements	1 293	(1 192)	1 232	(1 192)
		Depreciation and amortisation	3 803	4 695	3 669	4 612
		(Increase) Decrease in other current assets	(254)	26	(190)	30
		(Increase) Decrease in inventories	(82)	13	28	1
		(Increase) Decrease in receivables	(1 971)	(255)	(1 390)	(61)
		Bad and doubtful debts	380	50	238	10
		Deduct capital revenues from government	(2 304)	(5 128)	(2 304)	(5 128)
		Increase (Decrease) in payables	1 507	(706)	1 075	(1 275)
		Increase (Decrease) in other liabilities	30	53	30	(21)
		Loss on valuation of land and buildings	-	1 255	-	1 255
		Cash flows from government	32 007	61 186	32 007	61 186
		Net Cash from Operating Activities	7 600	9 406	5 969	7 643
	(b)	Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities	740	070	710	070
		Plant and equipment acquired by finance lease	710	373	710	373
22.	Purcha	ase of Non-Current Assets				
	Payme	ents for shares	-	-	-	150
	Payme	nts for building improvements	2 573	3 000	894	1 481
	Payme	nts for acquisition of plant and equipment	1 477	2 574	1 048	2 574
			4 050	5 574	1 942	4 205

23. Administered Funds

During the course of the year the Institute administered funds on behalf of Forensic Science in the capacity of agent, passing the amounts to the Medical Specialist Staff Fund (MSSF) in their entirety. The administered funds are not controlled and therefore in accordance with AAS 29 'Financial Reporting by Government Departments' these items have been classified as 'Administered' and have not been included in the Financial Statements.

Schedule of Administered Revenue and Expenses Administered Expenses: Goods and services Administered Revenues:	2001 \$'000 17	2000 \$'000 12
Other revenues	24	22
Administered Revenues Less Expenses	7	10
Schedule of Administered Assets and Liabilities Administered Current Assets: Cash Administered Current Liabilities: Other current liabilities	153 153	146 146
Net Administered Assets	-	-

24. Related Party Information

The following are members of the Board of Directors who have served during the course of the reporting period.

IMVS Council

Mr Kevin Kelly (Chairman)
Ms Karen Thomas (Deputy Chair)
Professor Barrie Vernon-Roberts (Director, Ex Officio Member)
Dr Ian Carmichael
Mr Geoffrey Coles AM
Professor Philip Barter
Dr Leslye Long

Professor John Gollan Associate Professor Mary Barton Ms Virginia Deegan

All members served for the full year.

24. Related Party Information (continued) Medvet Board of Directors

Mr Kevin Kelly (Chairman) Ms Karen Thomas Professor Barrie Vernon-Roberts Professor Brendon Kearney Mr Geoffrey Coles AM Associate Professor Kaye Challinger Mr John Flavel

All members served for the full year, Mr Graham Spurling appointed 14 August 2001.

	Co	onsolidated	Health Service		
Aggregate board fees received or receivable by members of Board of Directors (as members of the Board only) amounted to:	2001 \$'000 152	2000 \$'000 219	2001 \$'000 61	2000 \$'000 94	
The number of Board of members included in the above figures are shown in their relevant Board fee bands: \$0 - \$9 999 \$10 000 - \$19 999 \$20 000 - \$29 999	Number of Directors 5 7 1	Number of Directors 2 9 3	Number of Directors 5 1	Number of Directors 2 4	
	13	14	6	7	

Members of the Board of Directors use the services of the Health Service under terms and conditions no more favourable than members of the public.

(a) Related Party Transactions

The only transactions entered into between some Council members and the Institute during 2000-01 were either:

- (i) under normal salary paid conditions; or
- (ii) Private Practice Payments for Services.

(b) Disclosure of Director' Interests

- (i) Mr Geoffrey Coles is the Chairman of the RAH, an organisation with whom the Institute and Medvet have had dealings under normal terms and conditions.
- (ii) Associate Professor Mary Barton, Senior Lecturer, School of Pharmacy and Medical Sciences, University of South Australia, is involved in an Intellectual Property arrangement in conjunction with other Institute and University of South Australia staff.
- (iii) Ms Karen Thomas is a Partner of the law firm Fisher Jeffries, an organisation with whom the Institute and Medvet have had dealings under normal terms and conditions.
- (iv) Associate Professor Kaye Challinger is Chief Executive Officer of the Royal Adelaide Hospital, an organisation with whom the Institute and Medvet have had dealings under normal terms and conditions.

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25. Employees whose Remuneration is Greater than \$100 000

For the purposes of this note remuneration means any money, consideration or benefit but does not include amounts in payment or reimbursement of out of pocket expenses incurred for the benefit of the entity or a controlled entity. Remuneration includes all salaries, wages, employee entitlements, termination payments (excluding TVSPs) and other benefits that form the total remuneration package. Fee-for-service arrangements are excluded as they do not form part of employee remuneration. There are two employees included in 1999-2000 whose remuneration was greater than \$100 000, due to resignations where there was a significant employee entitlement due.

	Consolidated		Health Service	
	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of
The number of employees whose remuneration was over \$100,000 was:	Employees	Employees	Employees	Employees
Income bands:	2001	2000	2001	2000
\$100 000 - \$109 999	3	1	3	1
\$110 000 - \$119 999	1	2	1	2
\$120 000 - \$129 999	-	1	-	1
\$130 000 - \$139 999	-	1	-	1
\$140 000 - \$149 999	2	2	2	1
\$150 000 - \$159 999	3	2	3	2
\$160 000 - \$169 999	2	1	1	1
\$170 000 - \$179 999	1	3	1	3
\$180 000 - \$189 999	4	6	4	6
\$190 000 - \$199 999	12	8	12	8
\$200 000 - \$209 999	11	12	11	12
\$210 000 - \$219 999	1	5	1	5
\$220 000 - \$229 999	2	4	2	4
\$230 000 - \$239 999	1	-	1	
	43	48	42	47
	Cor	Consolidated Health S		h Service
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Total remuneration received or due and receivable by employees whose	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
remuneration exceeds \$100 000	7 907	8 988	7 747	8 848

26. Additional Financial Instruments Disclosure

(a) Accounting Policies and Terms and Conditions Affecting Future Cash Flows

Financial Assets

Cash deposits are available at call and recognised at their nominal amounts. Interest is credited to revenue as it accrues. Interest is earned on the Institute daily balance at rates based upon the average overnight cash deposit rate and is paid quarterly.

Trade accounts receivables are carried at amounts due. A provision is raised for any doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at balance date. Bad debts are written off in the period in which they are identified.

Investments include funds deposited with the Commissioner for Charitable Funds and listed investments held by Medvet. The funds deposited with the Commissioner for Charitable Funds are valued at cost and interest revenues are recognised as they accrue. The listed investments are valued at quoted market bid price at balance date.

Financial Liabilities

Trade accounts payable, including accruals not yet billed, are recognised when the Health Service becomes obliged to make future payments as a result of a purchase of assets or services at their nominal amounts. Trade accounts payable are generally settled within 30 days.

Finance lease liabilities are capitalised by bringing to account the minimum lease payments discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease.

All Assets and Liabilities are unsecured.

(b) Interest Rate Risk Exposure

The Institute's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate for each class of financial assets and financial liabilities is set out below.

			20	001	
		Weighted	Floating	Non-	
		Average	Interest	Interest	
Con	solidated	Interest	Rate	Bearing	Total
(i)	Financial Assets:	Percent	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Cash and deposits	4.58	17 662	-	17 662
	Receivables	-	-	8 598	8 598
	Short term deposits	6.09	3 388	-	3 388
	Other securities	6.65	2 508	-	2 508
	Investments	5.87	281	-	281
		=	23 839	8 598	32 437
(ii)	Financial Liabilities: Creditors and accruals	_	_	8 848	8 848
	Lease liability	<u>-</u>	-	1 067	1 067
	,	_	-	9 915	9 915
		=	20	000	
		Weighted	Floating	Non-	
		Average	Interest	Interest	
Con	solidated	Interest	Rate	Bearing	Total
(i)	Financial Assets:	Percent	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(1)	Cash and deposits	4.63	20 441	\$ 000 -	20 441
	Receivables	4.03	20 44 1	7 055	7 055
	Other securities			7 000 500	500
	Investments	5.26	266	-	266
	investments	5.20_	20 707	7 555	28 262
<i>(</i> 11)		_	20 707	7 555	20 202
(ii)	Financial Liabilities:			7.000	7.000
	Creditors and accruals	-	-	7 200	7 200
	Lease liability	- <u>-</u>	-	903	903
		_	-	8 103	8 103
		_		2001	
		Weighted	Floating	Non-	
		Average	Interest	Interest	
Hea	Ith Service	Interest	Rate	Bearing	Total
(i)	Financial Assets:	Percent	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(1)	Cash and deposits	4.58	17 032	-	17 032
	Receivables		-	7 652	7 652
	Investments	5.87	281	-	281
		_	17 313	7 652	24 965
(ii)	Financial Liabilities:	=			
	Creditors and accruals	-	-	3 923	3 923
	Lease liability		-	1 067	1 067
		_	-	4 990	4 990
		_			

(b)

Interest Rate Risk Exposure (continued)			2000		
. ,	Weighted	Floating	Non-		
	Average	Interest	Interest		
Health Service	Interest	Rate	Bearing	Total	
(i) Financial Assets:	Percent	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash and deposits	4.63	14 950	-	14 950	
Receivables	-	-	6 500	6 500	
Investments	5.26	266	-	266	
		15 216	6 500	21 716	
(ii) Financial Liabilities:	_				
Creditors and accruals	-	-	2 848	2 848	
Lease liability	- <u> </u>	-	903	903	
		-	3 751	3 751	

(c) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Institute does not enter any forward foreign exchange contracts.

(d) Commodity Price Risk

The Institute does not enter any contracts to hedge commodity purchase prices.

(e) Net Fair Values

The net fair value of cash and cash equivalents and non-interest bearing monetary financial assets and financial liabilities approximates their carrying value. Listed investments have been valued at the quoted market bid price at balance date.

Carrying amount and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are as follows:

	2001	2001	2000	2000
	Carrying	Net Fair	Carrying	Net Fair
Consolidated	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
(i) Financial Assets:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$0'000
Cash and deposits	21 050	21 050	20 441	20 441
Investments	2 789	2 789	766	766
Receivables	8 598	8 598	7 055	7 055
	32 437	32 437	28 262	28 262
(ii) Financial Liabilities:				
Creditors and accruals	8 848	8 848	7 200	7 200
Lease liability	1 067	1 067	903	903
	9 915	9 915	8 103	8 103
Health Service				
(i) Financial Assets:				
Cash and deposits	17 032	17 032	14 950	14 950
Investments	1 431	1 431	1 416	1 416
Receivables	7 652	7 652	6 500	6 500
	26 115	26 115	22 866	22 866
(ii) Financial Liabilities:		-	-	
Creditors and accruals	3 923	3 923	2 848	2 848
Lease liability	1 067	1 067	903	903
	4 990	4 990	3 751	3 751

JUDGES' PENSIONS SCHEME

FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Judges' Pensions Scheme (the Scheme) is a compulsory superannuation scheme established pursuant to the *Judges' Pensions Act 1971* (the Act). The Treasurer is responsible for the payment of contributions from the Government for Scheme members and for the payment of superannuation benefits to members and members' families. The Scheme is non-contributory for members.

The main financial administration arrangements that apply in relation to the Scheme involve a Special Deposit Account (the Account). The Account records as income, contributions and revenue derived from the investment of those monies, and also records as payments from the Account, benefit payments and administration costs.

The investment management responsibility for the Account is vested with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA).

The Act provides for pension based benefits.

AUDIT MANDATE AND COVERAGE

Audit Authority

Subsection 31(1) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, provides the authority for the Auditor-General to audit the accounts of the Scheme.

Scope of Audit

The audit program covered all major financial systems and was directed primarily towards obtaining sufficient evidence to enable an audit opinion to be formed with respect to the financial statements and internal control.

During 2000-01 specific areas of audit attention included:

- contributions from employers
- pension payments.

AUDIT FINDINGS AND COMMENTS

Commentary on General Financial Controls

The general financial control structure was found to be satisfactory.

CONTROLS OPINION

As required by subsection 36(1)(a)(iii) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, the audit of the Judges' Pensions Scheme included an assessment of the controls exercised in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property and the incurring of liabilities. The assessment also considered whether those controls were consistent with the prescribed elements of the Financial Management Framework as required by Treasurer's Instruction 2 'Financial Management Policies'.

Audit formed the opinion that the controls exercised over the Judges' Pensions Scheme in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money; the acquisition and disposal of property; and the incurring of liabilities, were sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the Scheme were conducted properly and in accordance with the law.

COMMENTARY ON OPERATIONS

Members and Pensioners

As at 30 June 2001 there were 46 (45) members of the Scheme and 38 (38) pensioners.

Operating Statement for the year ended 30 June 2001

			2001	2000
INVESTMENT REVENUE:		Note	\$'000	\$'000
Net investment revenue			2 712	13 120
INTEREST INCOME			14	6
EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS		1(c)	2 696	2 374
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSE		3	(60)	(61)
ACTUARIAL EXPENSE		11	`(8)	` -
AUDIT EXPENSE		12	(8)	-
GST EXPENSE		13	(2)	-
BENEFITS EXPENSE		5	(11 65̀4)́	(2 963)
OPERATING RESULT FOR THE PERIO	DD BEFORE ABNORMAL ITEMS	•	(6 310)	12 476
ABNORMAL ITEMS		•	· · ·	
Transfer to other schemes			_	(82)
Transfer to other schemes for	past service liability funding	1(c)	-	(6 000)
OPERATING RESULT FOR THE PERIO	DD AFTER ABNORMAL ITEMS		(6 310)	6 394
OPERATING RESULT FOR THE PERIO	DD AFIEK ABNORMALIIEMS	;	(6 310)	6 3

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2001

		2	001	2000
INVESTMENTS:	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Inflation linked securities		11 656		10 551
Property		8 232		7 239
Australian equities		32 207		29 600
International equities		30 867		32 261
Fixed interest		4 435		4 573
Cash	_	476		1 390
	_	<u>.</u>	87 873	85 614
FIXED ASSETS			2	1
OTHER ASSETS:				
Cash and deposits at treasury		34		205
Cash and deposits at treasury - Funds SA		3		1
Interest, dividends and rent due - Funds SA		9		28
Prepaid expenses - Funds SA		1		2
Sundry debtors	9(a)	7		228
Contributions receivable	9(b)	110		-
			164	464
Total Assets			88 039	86 079
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Rent paid in advance - Funds SA		26		25
Pensions payable		-		115
Sundry creditors and provisions	10	90		134
			116	274
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Loan and finance facilities - Funds SA			608	680
Total Liabilities			724	954
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE TO PAY BENEFITS	4		87 315	85 125
Less: LIABILITY FOR ACCRUED BENEFITS	5		87 500	79 000
EXCESS OF (LIABILITIES OVER NET ASSETS) NET ASSETS OVER LIABILITIES			(185)	6 125

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2001

		2001 Inflows (Outflows)	2000 Inflows (Outflows)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Contributions by employers		2 585	2 384
Interest received		14	6
Pensions paid		(3 041)	(3 076)
Administration expense		(121)	-
Actuarial expense		(8)	-
Audit expense		(8)	-
GST expense		(2)	(400)
Transfer to other schemes		-	(132)
Transfer to other schemes for past service liability funding			(6 000)
Net Cash used in Operating Activities	8	(581)	(6 818)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	2(a)		
Receipts from Superannuation Funds Management Corporation		1 160	6 980
Payments to Superannuation Funds Management Corporation		(750)	(26)
Net Cash provided by Investing Activities		410	6 954
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH HELD		(171)	136
CASH AT 1 JULY		205	69
CASH AT 30 JUNE		34	205
CASH AT 30 JUNE		34	205

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Objectives of the Financial Statements

(a) Judges' Pensions Scheme

The Judges' Pensions Scheme (the Scheme) is a compulsory superannuation scheme which exists pursuant to the *Judges' Pensions Act 1971* (the Act). The Act provides for the payment of pension benefits to former South Australian Judges and their families.

The Act provides for a pension to be paid to a Judge who retires or who is over the age of 60 years and has had not less than ten years judicial service. A pension will also be paid to a Judge who resigns due to permanent disability or infirmity.

A member is entitled to a pension based benefit determined in accordance with the Act to be a percentage of the members' salary immediately prior to retirement or resignation. The Scheme is non-contributory.

(b) Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia

Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA) is established under the *Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia Act 1995* (the Act). Funds SA is responsible for the investment and management of the public sector superannuation funds pursuant to strategies formulated by Funds SA.

For further information on the investment of the Judges' Pension Scheme Account, reference should be made to the financial statements of Funds SA.

(c) Funding Arrangements

Under Section 14(1)(b) of the Act, any payment to a member must be made out of the Consolidated Account (which is appropriated to the necessary extent) or from a Special Deposit Account established for that purpose. During the year ended 30 June 2001 payments were made from a Special Deposit Account.

The Treasurer requires employers to pay a contribution to fund their emerging superannuation liability and commencing 1 July 1994 the Treasurer has deposited these contributions into the Special Deposit Account. During the year ended 30 June 2001 the Treasurer paid \$2.7 million to the Special Deposit Account. (\$2.4 million in 2000).

During the 2000 year, an amount of \$6 million, being the estimated amount in excess of the Scheme liabilities, was transferred to a Treasury working account in order to meet the Government's cost of funding other superannuation liabilities. No amount was transferred for the year ended 30 June 2001.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements have been drawn up, to the extent practicable, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 25 'Financial Reporting by Superannuation Plans' and with Treasurer's Instructions issued pursuant to the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*.

Funds SA operates a unitised investment portfolio utilising a number of asset class funds, each of which holds assets of a different category. The Scheme holds an interest in the asset class funds by way of notional 'units', as determined by Funds SA, rather than holding assets directly. As funds of the Scheme are regularly subscribed to and redeemed from the asset class funds, in line with the Scheme's cash flow requirements, it is not possible to accurately determine the separate contribution by realised and unrealised gains to the Scheme's income. For this reason, unrealised gains are not separately identified as required by AAS 25 and the Statement of Cash Flows only reflects a net result for cash flows from investing activities. For information regarding the manner in which Funds SA operates its investment portfolio, and the contributions that realised and unrealised gains make to Funds SA's total investment returns, reference should be made to the financial statements of Funds SA.

(b) Basis of Valuations of Assets and Liabilities

The basis for the valuation of assets and liabilities is provided below. Valuations are net of estimated disposal costs, where material.

(i) Inflation Linked Securities

The inflation linked securities portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Internally Managed

These investments, the returns of which are linked to movements in either the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or Average Weekly Earnings (AWE), have been valued using the discounted cash flow method. The valuation as at 30 June 2001 was performed by an independent valuer, Macquarie Bank Limited.

Externally Managed

The externally managed portfolio is invested and managed by an external manager. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(ii) Property

The Property portfolio comprises four sub-sectors:

Directly Held Properties

Valuations of directly held properties have been carried out by independent licensed property valuers, other than as indicated in Note 8 of the financial statements of Funds SA.

Directly Held Listed Property Trusts

Investments in directly held listed property trusts have been valued using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(ii) Property (continued)

Externally Managed Listed Property Trusts

The externally managed listed property trust portfolio is invested and managed by two managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolios using market prices applicable at the balance date.

Externally Managed Unlisted Property Vehicles

Investments in externally managed unlisted property vehicles have been valued in accordance with the exit valuations supplied by the managers.

(iii) Australian Equities

The Australian Equities portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Listed Australian Equities

The listed Australian equities portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

Private Equity

The private equity portfolio comprises holdings in a number of externally managed specialist funds together with internally managed assets. The externally managed specialist funds have been valued by the managers in accordance with the Australian Venture Capital Association Limited (AVCAL) guidelines. Internally managed assets have been valued by the Directors of Funds SA, either in accordance with market prices applicable at balance date, or having regard to market conditions and the current and expected future performance of the investments.

(iv) International Equities

The International Equities portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Listed International Equities

The listed international equities portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at the balance date. Investments in pooled international vehicles (other than private equity) have been valued in accordance with the exit valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid rates applicable at the balance date where applicable.

Private Equity

The international private equity portfolio comprises holdings in a number of externally managed specialist funds. These funds have been valued by the managers in accordance with the National Venture Capital Association (NVCA) guidelines.

(v) Australian Fixed Interest

The Australian Fixed Interest portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(vi) International Fixed Interest

The International Fixed Interest portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(vii) Cash

Deposits at call and other deposits of very short term duration have been valued on the basis of principal plus accrued interest. Bank bills have been valued using market rates applicable at the balance date.

(viii) Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are shown at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, using straight line or diminishing value methods. The Directors of Funds SA are of the opinion that this provides a reasonable estimate of market value.

(ix) Other Assets and Liabilities

These items have been assessed and the Directors of Funds SA are of the opinion that for most items, book values provide a reasonable estimate of their market values. Where material items are not likely to be realised within a short period following the balance date, the book values of these items have been discounted back to the balance date using relevant market interest rates applying on balance date.

(c) Taxation

All of the public sector superannuation funds under the management of Funds SA are exempt from federal income tax by virtue that they are declared as 'constitutionally protected funds' under the Regulations to the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936*. Consequently, no income tax expense has been brought to account in these financial statements.

(d) Accounting for Leases

Incentives received on entering into operating leases are recognised as liabilities. Lease payments are allocated between rental expense and reduction of the liability on a straight-line basis. The allocation of lease rental payments in this manner ensures that the rental expense is recognised on a basis which is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased asset.

2001

2000

3. Administration

4.

Costs of administering the Scheme comprise those costs incurred by Funds SA in administering the investment activities (deducted from investment revenue that is investment revenue is reported net of direct investment expenses) and those costs incurred by the Department of Treasury and Finance in administering the Scheme.

Costs incurred by the Department of Treasury and Finance in administering the Scheme are met in the first instance from the Department of Treasury and Finance Operating Account. The Department of Treasury and Finance seeks reimbursement from the Judges' Pension Scheme Account.

Net Assets Available to Pay Benefits	2001	2000
Funds held at 1 July	\$'000 85 125	\$'000 78 731
Add: Contributions by employers	2 696	2 374
Investment earnings ⁽ⁱ⁾	2 712	13 120
Interest income	14	6
	5 422	15 500
Less: Net benefits paid	3 154	2 963
Transfer to other schemes for past service liability funding	-	6 000
Transfers to other schemes	-	82
Administration expense	60	61
Actuarial expense	8	-
Audit expense	8	-
GST expense	2	-
	3 232	9 106
Funds Held at 30 June	87 315	85 125

(i) Shown net of direct investment expenses.

5. Liability for Accrued Benefits

The expected future benefit payments have been determined using the same pensioner mortality assumptions as the 1998 triennial review of the South Australian Superannuation Scheme. Salary increases of one percent per annum above the Adelaide Consumer Price Index (CPI) have been assumed. In accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 25 'Financial Reporting by Superannuation Plans' the expected future benefit payments have then been discounted to present values by a market-based, risk-adjusted discount rate of four percent per annum above the CPI. The corresponding assumptions used last year were the same.

The accrued superannuation liability as determined by the State Superannuation Office of the Department of Treasury and Finance is estimated at \$87.5 million (\$79 million) as at 30 June 2001.

	2001	2000
	\$'000	\$'000
Liability for accrued benefits at 1 July	79 000	79 000
Add: Benefits expense ⁽⁾	11 654	2 963
Less: Benefits paid	3 154	2 963
Liability for Accrued Benefits at 30 June	87 500	79 000

(i) This figure represents the change in Liability for Accrued Benefits plus Benefits Paid for the year.

6. Vested Benefits

7.

8.

Vested benefits are benefits which are not conditional upon continued membership of the Scheme, or any factor other than resignation from the Scheme. Vested Benefits include benefits which members are entitled to receive had they terminated their membership as at the reporting date.

Vested benefits	\$'000 54 700	\$'000 51 000
Guaranteed Benefits The entitlements of members are specified by the <i>Judges' Pensions Act 1971</i> .	-	
Reconciliation of Net Cash used in Operating Activities to Operating Result		
Operating result	(6 310)	6 394
Benefits expense	11 654	2 963
Benefits paid	(3 154)	(2 963)
(Decrease) Increase in benefits payable	(115)	115

Net Cash used in Operating Activities	(581)	(6 818)
Not Cook used in Operating Activities	(E04)	(6.010)
Investment earnings	(2 712)	(13 120)
Increase (Decrease) in sundry creditors	6	(50)
(Increase) Decrease in contributions receivable	(110)	10
(Decrease) Increase in administration fees payable	(61)	61
Decrease (Increase) in sundry debtors	221	(228)
(Decrease) Increase in benefits payable	(115)	115
Benefits paid	(3 154)	(2 963)
Benefits expense	11 654	2 963
- F	(/	

9.	Sundr	y Debtors and Contributions Receivable	2001 \$'000	2000 \$'000
	(a)	Sundry Debtors Overpaid fortnightly pension GST refundable Sundry debtors - Funds SA	- 6 1	228 - -
			7	228

For the 1999-2000 financial year, pension payments for fortnights ending 31 December 1999 and 10 March 2000 were paid twice. The funds were subsequently refunded in the 2000-01 financial year. The refund of GST relates to the reduced input tax credit, which offsets the GST paid.

	(b)	Contributions Receivable	110	-
	Contrib	utions receivable represent contributions relating to June 2001 which were received in July 2001.		
10.	Funds	Creditors and Provisions SA accruals	84	73
	GST pa Adminis	yable stration fees	6	61
			90	134

11. Actuarial Fees

Actuarial fees for the 2000-01 financial year have been deducted from the Scheme. These fees relate to Superannuation Policy and Actuarial advice received.

12. Audit Fees

Audit fees charged by the Auditor General for the 1999-2000 financial year have been deducted from the Scheme.

13. GST Expense

The GST expense represents the GST paid by the Scheme on administration fees, actuarial fees, and audit fees, less reduced input tax credits.

14. Additional Financial Instrument Disclosures

The specific disclosure requirements of Australian Accounting Standard AAS 33 'Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Instruments' are fully set out in the Notes to the Financial Statements of Funds SA and have not been repeated in this financial report

PARLIAMENTARY SUPERANNUATION SCHEME

FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY

The South Australian Parliamentary Superannuation Board (the Board) established under the *Parliamentary Superannuation Act 1974* (the Act), is responsible for the collection of contributions from members of the Parliamentary Superannuation Scheme (the Scheme) and for the payment of superannuation benefits to members and members' families.

The main financial administration arrangements that apply in relation to the Scheme involve the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund (the Fund). The Fund, established under the Act, records as income to the Fund, members' and the Government's contributions and revenue derived from the investment of those monies, and also records as payments from the Fund, benefit payments and administration costs.

The investment management responsibility for the Fund is vested with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA) under the Act.

The Act provides for pension based benefits.

AUDIT MANDATE AND COVERAGE

Audit Authority

Subsection 31(1) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, provides the authority for the Auditor-General to audit the accounts of the Scheme.

Scope of Audit

The audit program covered all major financial systems and was directed primarily towards obtaining sufficient evidence to enable an audit opinion to be form with respect to the financial systems and internal control.

During 2000-01 specific areas of audit attention included:

- contributions from members and employers
- pension payments.

AUDIT FINDINGS AND COMMENTS

Commentary on General Financial Controls

The general financial control structure was found to be satisfactory.

CONTROLS OPINION

As required by subsection 36(1)(a)(iii) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, the audit of the Parliamentary Superannuation Scheme included an assessment of the controls exercised in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property and the incurring of liabilities. The assessment also considered whether those controls were consistent with the prescribed elements of the Financial Management Framework as required by Treasurer's Instruction 2 'Financial Management Policies'.

Audit formed the opinion that the controls exercised over the Parliamentary Superannuation Scheme in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money; the acquisition and disposal of property; and the incurring of liabilities, were sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the Scheme were conducted properly and in accordance with the law.

COMMENTARY ON OPERATIONS

Contributors and Pensioners

As at 30 June 2001 there were 69 (69) contributors to the Scheme and 96 (100) pensioners.

Operating Statement for the year ended 30 June 2001

		2	001	2000
INVESTMENT REVENUE:	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Net investment revenue			3 299	15 686
INTEREST INCOME			10_	16
CONTRIBUTIONS:				
Contributions by Members	1(d)	865		790
Contributions by Employers	1(d)	2 573		2 123
			3 438	2 913
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSE	4		(144)	(143)
ACTUARIAL EXPENSE	12		`(14)	` -
AUDIT EXPENSE	13		(12)	-
GST EXPENSE	14		(4)	-
BENEFITS EXPENSE	6		(8 484)	(12 145)
OPERATING RESULT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE ABNORMAL ITEMS ABNORMAL ITEMS:			(1 911)	6 327
Transfer to other schemes for past service liability funding	1(d)		-	(5 000)
OPERATING RESULT FOR THE PERIOD AFTER ABNORMAL ITEMS			(1 911)	1 327

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2001

		2001	2000
Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2(b)	14 093		12 839
			8 809
			36 019
			39 258
			5 565
_	576	_	1 691
		106 251	104 181
		2_	2
	133		8
	3		1
	11		33
	1		2
			314
3 _	375	_	274
	_		632
		106 790	104 815
	32		30
			156
11 _	116		140
		304	326
		736	828
	_	1 040	1 154
5	_	105 750	103 661
6		103 000	99 000
		2 750	4 661
	2(b) 10 3 -	Note \$'000 2(b) 14 093 9 954 38 943 37 323 5 362 576 133 3 11 10 14 3 375 32 156 11 116	Note \$'000 \$'000 2(b) 14 093 9 954 38 943 37 323 5 362 576 106 251 2 11 11 10 14 3 375 537 106 790 32 156 11 116 304 56 1 040 56 1 05 750 6 103 000

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2001

			2001	2000
		Inflows	Inflows	Inflows
		(Outflows)	(Outflows)	(Outflows)
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED:				
Contributions by members			867	786
Contributions by employers			2 470	2 149
Transfers from other schemes			-	50
			3 337	2 985
INTEREST RECEIVED			10_	15
BENEFITS PAID:				
Pensions		(3 840)		(4 243)
Commutation of pension benefits		(330)		(9)
Lump sum:		` ,		` ,
Refunds of member contributions and interest		-		(51)
			(4 170)	(4 303)
Administration expense			(195)	(92)
Actuarial expense			(14)	-
Audit expense			(12)	-
GST expense			`(1)	-
Transfer to other schemes for past service liability funding			` _	(5 000)
Net Cash used in Operating Activities	9	-	(1 045)	(6 395)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	2(a)			
Receipts from Superannuation Funds Management Corporation	=(0)		2 610	7 020
Payments to Superannuation Funds Management Corporation			(1 440)	(692)
Net Cash provided by Investing Activities			1 170	6 328
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD			125	(67)
CASH AT 1 JULY			8	75
CASH AT 30 JUNE		-	133	8

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Objectives of the Financial Statements

(a) Parliamentary Superannuation Scheme

The Parliamentary Superannuation Scheme (the Scheme) is a compulsory superannuation scheme which exists pursuant to the *Parliamentary Superannuation Act 1974* (the Act). The Act provides for the payment of superannuation benefits to persons who have service as members of Parliament and makes provisions for the families of such persons.

Section 14(2) of the Act requires every member of Parliament with less than 20 years and one month's service, to make contributions of 11.5 percent of their salary (including any additional salary) to the Treasurer. Section 14(3) requires members of Parliament with 20 years and one month's service or over, to make contributions of 5.75 percent of their basic salary and 11.5 percent of any additional salary.

Member contributions are deposited by the Treasurer into the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund, established under section 13 of the Act. The Fund is managed and invested by Funds SA.

A member is entitled to a pension based benefit determined in accordance with the Act to be a percentage of the members' salary. A member may elect to commute to a lump sum or percentage of their pension entitlement.

(b) The South Australian Parliamentary Superannuation Board

The South Australian Parliamentary Superannuation Board (the Board) a body corporate, is established under section 8(1) of the Act.

(c) Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia

The Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA), a body corporate, was established for the purpose of managing and investing the accounts of various public sector superannuation schemes. Funds SA is responsible for the management and investment of the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund.

For further information on the investment of the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund, reference should be made to the financial statements of Funds SA.

(d) Funding Arrangements

Under section 39(1) of the Act, any payment to a member must be made out of the Consolidated Account (which is appropriate to the necessary extent) or from a Special Deposit Account established for that purpose. During the year ended 30 June 2001 payments were made from a Special Deposit Account.

Member contributions are paid to the Treasurer, who deposits these contributions into the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund, with \$865 000 (\$790 000) being credited during the year ended 30 June 2001.

The Government as the employer paid \$2.6 million into the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund during the year ended 30 June 2001, to fund future superannuation benefits.

(d) Funding Arrangements (continued)

Since 30 June 1994 the Government has undertaken a process of funding its accrued past service superannuation liabilities. During the year ended 30 June 2000, an amount of \$5 million, was transferred out of the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund in order to meet he Government's cost of funding other superannuation liabilities. No amount was transferred for the year ended 30 June 2001.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been drawn up, to the extent practicable, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 25 'Financial Reporting by Superannuation Plans' and with Treasurer's Instructions issued pursuant to *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*.

Funds SA operated a unitised investment portfolio utilising a number of asset class funds, each of which holds assets of a different category. The Scheme holds an interest in the asset class funds by way of notional 'units', as determined by Funds SA, rather than holding assets directly. As funds of the Scheme are regularly subscribed to and redeemed from the asset class funds, in line with the Scheme's cash flow requirements, it is not possible to accurately determine the separate contribution by realised and unrealised gains to the Scheme's income. For this reason, unrealised gains are not separately identified as required by AAS 25 and the Statement of Cash Flows only reflects a net result for cash flow from investing activities. For information regarding the manner in which Funds SA operates its investment portfolio, and the contributions that realised and unrealised gains make to Funds SA's total investment returns, reference should be made to the financial statements of Funds SA.

(b) Basis of Valuations of Assets and Liabilities

The basis for the valuation of assets and liabilities is provided below. Valuations are net of estimated disposal costs, where material

(i) Inflation Linked Securities

The inflation linked securities portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Internally Managed

These investments, the returns of which are linked to movements in either the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or Average Weekly Earnings (AWE), have been valued using the discounted cash flow method. The valuation as at 30 June 2001 was performed by an independent valuer, Macquarie Bank Limited.

Externally Managed

The externally managed portfolio is invested and managed by an external manager. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance data.

(ii) Property

The property portfolio comprises four sub-sectors:

Directly Held Properties

Valuations of directly held properties have been carried out by independent licensed property valuers, other than as indicated in Note 8 of the financial statements of Funds SA.

Directly Held Listed Property Trusts

Investments in directly held listed property trusts have been valued using market prices applicable at the balance date.

Externally Managed Listed Property Trusts

The externally managed listed property trust portfolio is invested and managed by two managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolios using market prices applicable at the balance date.

• Externally Managed Unlisted Property Trusts

Investments in externally managed unlisted property vehicles have been valued in accordance with the exit valuations supplied by the managers.

(iii) Australian Equities

The Australian equities portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Listed Australian Equities

The listed Australian equities portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

Private Equity

The private equity portfolio comprises holdings in a number of externally managed specialist funds together with internally managed assets. The externally managed specialist funds have been valued by the managers in accordance with the Australian Venture Capital Association Limited (AVCAL) guidelines. Internally managed assets have been valued by the Directors of Funds SA, either in accordance with market prices applicable at balance date, or having regard to market conditions and the current and expected future performance of the investments.

(b) Basis of Valuations of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

(iv) International Equities

The international equities portfolio comprises two sub-sectors:

Listed International Equities

The listed international equities portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at the balance date. Investments in pooled international vehicles (other than private equity) have been valued in accordance with the exit valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid rates applicable at the balance date where applicable.

Private Equity

The international private equity portfolio comprises holdings in a number of externally managed specialist funds. These funds have been valued by the managers in accordance with the National Venture Capital Association (NVCA) guidelines.

(v) Australian Fixed Interest

The Australian fixed interest portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(vi) International Fixed Interest

The international fixed interest portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(vii) Cash

Deposits at call and other deposits of very short term duration have been valued on the basis of principal plus accrued interest. Bank bills have been valued using market rates applicable at the balance date.

(viii) Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are shown as cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, using straight line or diminishing value methods. The Directors of Funds SA are of the opinion that this provides a reasonable estimate of market value.

(ix) Other Assets and Liabilities

These items have been assessed and the Directors of Funds SA are of the opinion that for most items, book values provide a reasonable estimate of their market values. Where material items are not likely to be realised within a short period following the balance date, the book values of these items have been discounted back to the balance date using relevant market interest rates applying on balance date.

(c) Taxation

All of the public sector superannuation funds under the management of Funds SA are exempt from federal income tax by virtue that they are declared as 'constitutionally protected funds' under the Regulations to the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936*. Consequently, no income tax expense has been brought to account in these financial statements.

(d) Accounting for Leases

Other income

Incentives received on entering into operating leases are recognised as liabilities. Lease payments are allocated between rental expense and reduction of the liability of straight-line basis. The allocation of lease rental payments in this manner ensures that the rental expense is recognised on a basis which is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased asset.

3. Contributions Receivable 2001 2000 Contributions receivable from: \$'000 \$'000 Members 61 63 Employers 314 211 375 274

4. Administration

Cost of administering the Scheme comprise those costs incurred by Funds SA in administering the investment activities (deducted from investment revenue, that is investment revenue is reported net of direct investment expenses) and those costs incurred by the Department of Treasury and Finance in administering the Scheme.

Costs incurred by the Department of Treasury and Finance in administering the Scheme are met in the first instance from the Department of Treasury and Finance Operating Account. The Department of Treasury and Finance seeks reimbursement from the Parliamentary Superannuation Fund.

5. Net Assets Available to Pay Benefits 2001 2000 \$'000 \$'000 Funds held at 1 July 103 661 94 334 Add: Contributions by members 865 790 Contributions by employers 2 123 2 573 Investment earnings 3 299 15 686

5.	Net Assets Available to Pay Benefits (continued) Less: Net benefits paid	2001 \$'000 4 484	2000 \$'000 4 145
	Transfer to other schemes for past service liability funding	-	5 000
	Administration expense	144	143
	Actuarial expense	14	-
	Audit expense	12	-
	GST expense	4	-
		4 658	9 288
	Funds held at 30 June	105 750	103 661

(i) Shown net of direct investment expenses.

6. Liability for Accrued Benefits

The expected future benefit payments have been determined using the same pensioner mortality assumptions as the 1998 triennial review of the South Australia Superannuation Scheme. Salary increases of one percent per annum above the Adelaide Consumer Price Index (CPI) have been assumed. In accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 25 'Financial Reporting by Superannuation Plans' the expected future benefit payments have been discounted to present values by a market based, risk adjusted discount rate of four percent per annum above the CPI. The corresponding assumptions used last year were the same.

The accrued superannuation liability as determined by the State Superannuation Office of the Department of Treasury and Finance is estimated at \$103 million (\$99 million) as at 30 June 2001.

	\$'000	\$'000
Liability for accrued benefits at 1 July	99 000	91 000
Add: Benefits expense ⁽ⁱ⁾	8 484	12 145
Less: Benefits paid	4 484	4 145
Liability for Accrued Benefits at 30 June	103 000	99 000

(i) This figure represents the change in liability for accrued benefits plus benefits paid for the year.

7. Vested Benefits

Vested benefits are benefits which are not conditional upon continued membership in the Scheme, or any factor other than resignation from the Scheme. Vested benefits include benefits which members are entitled to receive had they terminated their membership as at the reporting date. The value of vested benefits is greater than the liability for accrued benefits, as vested benefits are based on the involuntary expiration of service, and this would result in an entitlement to benefits occurring immediately.

	Vested benefits	2001 \$'000 120 000	2000 \$'000 116 000
8.	Guaranteed Benefits The entitlements of members are specified by the Parliamentary Superannuation Act 1974.		
9.	Reconciliation of Net Cash used in Operating Activities to Operating Result Operating result Benefits expense Benefits paid Increase in benefits payable Decrease (Increase) in sundry debtors (Increase) Decrease in contributions receivable (Decrease) Increase in sundry creditors Investment earnings Net Cash used in Operating Activities	(1 911) 8 484 (4 484) - 302 (101) (36) (3 299) (1 045)	1 327 12 145 (4 145) 156 (264) 20 52 (15 686) (6 395)
10.	Sundry Debtors Overpaid fortnightly pension Funds SA accruals GST refundable	2 12 14	314 - - - 314

For the 1999-2000 financial year, pension payments for fortnights ending 31 December 1999 and 10 March 2000 were paid twice. The funds were subsequently refunded in the 2000-01 financial year. The refund of GST relates to the reduced input tax credit, which offsets the GST paid.

11. Sundry Creditors and Provisions

Carlary Grounters and restrictions		
Funds SA accrual	101	89
Administration fees	-	51
GST payable	14	-
Transfer to Southern State Superannuation Scheme	1	-
	116	140

12. Actuarial Fees

Actuarial fees for the 2000-01 financial year have been deducted from the Scheme. These fees relate to Superannuation Policy and Actuarial advice received.

13. **Audit Fees**

Audit fees charged by the Auditor-General for the 1999-2000 financial year have been deducted from the Scheme.

14.

GST ExpenseThe GST expense represents the GST paid by the Scheme on administration fees, actuarial fees, and audit fees, less reduced input tax credits.

15.

Additional Financial Instrument Disclosures
The specific disclosures of Australian Accounting Standard AAS 33, 'Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Instruments' are fully set out in the notes to the financial statements of Funds SA and have not been repeated in this financial report.

POLICE SUPERANNUATION SCHEME

FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Police Superannuation Board (the Board), established under the *Police Superannuation Act 1990*, is responsible for the collection of contributions from members of the Police Superannuation Scheme (the Scheme) and for the payment of superannuation benefits to members and members' families.

The main financial administration arrangements that apply in relation to the Scheme involve:

• The Police Superannuation Fund (the Fund) — The Fund, established under the *Police Superannuation Act 1990*, records as income to the Fund, members' contributions and revenue derived from investment of those monies, and also records as payments from the Fund, the employee share of benefit payments and administration costs.

The Fund is comprised of two divisions, namely, an Old Scheme Division which provides pension benefits with a lump sum option and a New (Lump Sum) Scheme Division which provides lump sum benefits.

The investment management responsibility for the Fund is vested with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA) under the *Police Superannuation Act 1990*.

- The Police Superannuation Scheme Contribution Account (Police Employer Contribution Account) was
 established in 1994-95 to record employer contributions on behalf of the police officers and cadets. The
 employer share of the benefits paid and administration costs is met from the Police Employer
 Contribution Account. Monies deposited into the account are invested and managed by Funds SA but do
 not form part of the Fund.
- The Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme (POSS), which was established under a Deed of Arrangement between the Treasurer and the Police Association of South Australia. The Board is responsible for all aspects of the administration of the Deed of Arrangement except management and investment activities. On 29 May 2000 (with effect from 1 July 1999) the Treasurer determined that POSS is a public sector superannuation scheme and the assets of the Scheme are to be invested and managed by Funds SA.

Police officers and cadets who commenced employment on or before 31 May 1990 are members of the Old Scheme Division. Those police officers and cadets who commenced employment on or after 1 June 1990 are members of the New Scheme Division. The New Scheme Division was formally closed to new members through amendments to the *Police Superannuation Act 1990* in October 1994. From 1 July 1995 police officers and cadets who commenced employment became members of the Southern State Superannuation Scheme which is administered by the South Australian Superannuation Board.

SIGNIFICANT FEATURES

- Net assets available to pay benefits increased by \$3.6 million to \$446.1 million.
- Investment revenue totalled \$14.4 million compared to \$74.6 million in the previous year.
- Benefits paid totalled \$41.8 million compared to \$39.2 million in the previous year.

AUDIT MANDATE AND COVERAGE

Audit Authority

Subsection 31(1) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, provides the authority for the Auditor-General to audit the accounts of the Scheme.

Scope of Audit

The audit program covered all major financial systems and was directed primarily towards obtaining sufficient evidence to enable an audit opinion to be formed with respect to the financial statements and internal control.

During 2000-01, the aspects of financial operations that were the subject of audit attention included:

- contributions from members and employers
- pension and lump sum payments
- administrative expenses
- disbursement account reconciliation.

Audit Communications to Management

Issues arising from the audit of the scheme will be the subject of a letter to be forwarded to the Presiding Member, Police Superannuation Board in November 2001. Further comments relating to these issues are contained in 'Audit Findings and Comments' hereunder.

AUDIT FINDINGS AND COMMENTS

Commentary on General Financial Controls

While the general financial control structure was found to be satisfactory, there were areas where it was considered there was scope for improvement.

CONTROLS OPINION

As required by subsection 36(1)(a)(iii) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, the audit of the Police Superannuation Scheme included an assessment of the controls exercised in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property and the incurring of liabilities and also, whether the controls in operation were consistent with the prescribed principles of the Financial Management Framework as required by Treasurer's Instruction 2 'Financial Management Policies'. The overall aim of that assessment was to establish whether those controls were sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions have been conducted properly and in accordance with the law.

Audit formed the opinion that the controls exercised over the Police Superannuation Scheme in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money; the acquisition and disposal of property; and the incurring of liabilities, were sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the organisation were conducted properly and in accordance with the law.

INTERPRETATION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

The net assets available to pay benefits (net assets) increased by \$3.6 million to \$446.1 million. Reflected in this result was:

- net investment revenue of \$14.4 million (\$74.6 million) derived by Funds SA from the Scheme's financial assets;
- benefits paid by the Scheme in the form of pension and lump sum payments of \$41.8 million, an increase of \$2.6 million from the previous year.

Funding of Liabilities

The net assets of the Scheme comprise Fund net assets of \$249.6 million, Police Employer Contribution Account of \$161.3 million and the POSS Employer Contribution Account of \$35.2 million.

The actuarial assessments of the Scheme's accrued and vested liabilities are detailed at Notes 3 and 4 of the Financial Statements. The Fund's net assets are currently sufficient to cover the Fund's proportion of its liabilities. In relation to the South Australian Government, there is a significant shortfall between net assets and liabilities. Contributions to the Police Employer Contribution Account commenced only during the 1994-95 year.

FURTHER COMMENTARY ON OPERATIONS

Contributors and Pensioners

As at 30 June 2001, 2897 (3035) police officers were contributing to the Fund. The number of ex-police officers, spouses and children in receipt of pensions at 30 June 2001 was 1076 (1069).

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2001

The Police Superannuation Board, established under the *Police Superannuation Act 1990*, is responsible for all aspects of the administration of the Act except the management and investment of the Police Superannuation Fund. The investment management responsibility for the Police Superannuation Fund is vested with the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA) under the *Police Superannuation Act 1990*. The Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme was established under a Deed of Arrangement between the Treasurer and the Police Association of South Australia. The Board is responsible for all aspects of the administration of the Deed of Arrangement except the management and investment of the Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme. The assets of the POSS Scheme are invested and managed by the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia.

The following consolidated financial statements present the operations of the Board and Funds SA and have been prepared from the accounts of both bodies.

Statement of Net Assets as at 30 June 2001

			2001		2000
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	14				
INVESTMENTS:	2				
Inflation linked securities		58 906			53 148
Property		41 605			36 467
Australian equities		162 770			149 102
International equities		155 999			162 509
Australian fixed interest		11 248			23 038
International fixed interest		11 163			-
Cash		2 405			6 999
Adelaide Plaza		4 891			14 117
Total Investments			448 987	_	445 380
OTHER ASSETS:	2			_	
Fixed assets		8			9
Cash and deposits at Treasury		2 107			2 400
GST receivable - Funds SA		19			-
Income due and accrued		45			137
Prepaid expenses		6			9
Sundry debtors		254			158
Total Other Assets			2 439	_	2 713
Total Assets		_	-	451 426	448 093
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	2			_	
Rent paid in advance		130			124
Provisions		8			122
Sundry creditors		2 098			1 927
- · · , - · · · · · ·			2 236		2 173
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2		3 076		3 427
Total Liabilities	_	_	20.0	5 312	5 600
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE TO PAY BENEFITS			_	446 114	442 493

Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30 June 2001

			2001		2000
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE TO PAY BENEFITS AT 1 JULY	15			442 493	375 664
INVESTMENT REVENUE	2		14 447	_	74 643
OTHER INCOME			145	_	107
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSE	9		(365)	_	(354)
GST EXPENSE	10		(9)	_	-
CONTRIBUTIONS:					
Contributions by employer		25 760			26 141
Contributions by members		7 161		_	7 172
			32 921	_	33 313
BENEFITS PAID:				_	
Pensions	16	(21 187)			(21 116)
Lump sums	16	(20 579)		_	(18 085)
			(41 766)	_	(39 201)
REFUNDS TO MEMBERS:				_	
Contributions	16	(921)			(976)
Interest	16	(831)		_	(703)
			(1 752)	_	(1 679)
NET INCREASE IN FUNDS		_		3 621	66 829
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE TO PAY BENEFITS AT 30 JUNE				446 114	442 493

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Format of Accounts

The Police Superannuation Scheme (the Scheme) was created pursuant to the *Police Superannuation Act 1990* (the Act). The Act provides for superannuation benefits for Police Officers who are members of the Scheme.

The Police Superannuation Board (the Board) was established on 1 June 1990. The Board is responsible for the administration of the Police Superannuation Scheme which comprises:

- contributors to the Old (Pension) Scheme Division which was closed to members on 31 May 1990; and
- contributors to the New (Lump Sum) Scheme Division which was closed to members effective from May 1994.

Pursuant to the *Police Superannuation Act 1990* contributions from members of the Scheme are paid to the Treasurer, who in turn deposits those contributions with the Police Superannuation Fund (the Fund). The assets of the Fund belong (both at law and in equity) to the Crown. The Fund is subject to the management and control of the Superannuation Funds Management Corporation of South Australia (Funds SA). Member contributions are based on a percentage of superannuation salary and range between five percent to six percent. Contributions are adjusted in July each year based on salary payable to contributors at the previous 31 March.

1. Format of Accounts (continued)

The Scheme provides defined benefits for members of the Pension and Lump Sum Divisions. All benefit payments were met from the Consolidated Account which was then reimbursed in accordance with the prescribed employer and employee shares. The employer and employee shares of all benefits are set out in Regulations to the *Police Superannuation Act 1990*.

The Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme (POSS) was created under a Deed of Arrangement (the Deed) between the Treasurer and the Police Association of South Australia. All Police Officers who are members of the Scheme are also members of POSS. The Deed provides for superannuation benefits for Police Officers who are members of POSS. The POSS scheme provides defined lump sum benefits for members. All benefit payments were met from the Consolidated Account which is then reimbursed. Members do not pay contributions to the POSS scheme.

Employer Contributions on behalf of members of the Scheme and POSS are deposited into the 'Police Superannuation Scheme Employer Contribution Account' (Police Employer Contribution Account) and the 'Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme Contribution Account' (POSS Employer Contribution Account) respectively. The employer share of benefits paid from the Scheme and POSS is met from the respective Employer Contribution Account. The employee share of benefits of the Scheme is met from the Fund. The employer pays the total benefit paid from the POSS scheme.

For the year ended 30 June 2001 \$22.5 million (\$22.9 million in 1999-2000) was deposited into the Police Employer Contribution Account and \$3.2 million (\$3.3 million in 1999-2000) was deposited into the POSS Employer Contribution Account in relation to employer contributions on behalf of members.

Funds SA is responsible, under the Act, for the investment and management of the Fund. Monies deposited into the Police Employer Contribution Account are invested and managed by Funds SA but do not form part of the Fund.

Since 30 June 1994 the Government has commenced a process of funding its accrued past service superannuation liabilities. For the year ended 30 June 2001 the Government did not transfer any additional funding (Nil in 1999-2000) to the Employer Contribution Accounts to meet liabilities in respect of the Scheme. The Government will continue to pay contributions to the Employer Contribution Accounts to meet the accrued past service liability so that liability will be fully funded by 30 June 2034.

Under the terms of the Act, the Board is required to determine rates of return to be credited to members' accounts in the Pension and Lump Sum divisions of the Scheme. Rates of return are credited to each contributors' account at the end of the financial year. In determining the rate of return to be applied, the Act requires that the Board have regard to the net rate of return achieved by Funds SA for each division.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been drawn up, to the extent practicable, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 25 'Financial Reporting by Superannuation Plans' and with Treasurer's Instructions issued pursuant to the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*.

The members of the Board believe that this policy best discloses the financial status of funds under management, and provides consistency with the Scheme's financial statements. Consequently, assets and liabilities are recorded at net market values as at the balance date, and realised and unrealised gains or losses are brought to account through the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

As investments are revalued to their respective market values at balance date, depreciation and amortisation are not provided in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of Valuations

The basis for the valuation of assets and liabilities is provided below. Valuations are net of estimated disposal costs, where material.

(i) Inflation Linked Securities

The Inflation Linked Securities portfolio comprises two subsectors:

Internally Managed

These investments, the returns of which are linked to movements in either the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or Average Weekly Earnings (AWE), have been valued using the discounted cash flow method. The valuation as at 30 June 2001 was performed by an independent valuer, Macquarie Bank Limited.

Externally Managed

The externally managed portfolio is invested and managed by an external manager. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance data

(ii) Property

The Property portfolio comprises four subsectors:

Directly Held Properties

Valuations of directly held properties have been carried out by independent licensed property valuers other, than as indicated in Note 8 to the financial statements of Funds SA.

Directly Held Listed Property Trusts

Investments in directly held listed property trusts have been valued using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(ii) Property (continued)

• Externally Managed Listed Property Trusts

The externally managed listed property trust portfolio is invested and managed by two managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolios using market prices applicable at the balance date.

Externally Managed Unlisted Property Vehicles

Investments in externally managed unlisted property vehicles have been valued in accordance with the exit valuations supplied by the managers.

(iii) Australian Equities

The Australian Equities portfolio comprises two subsectors:

Listed Australian Equities

The listed Australian Equities portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

Private Equity

The private equity portfolio comprises holdings in a number of externally managed specialist funds together with internally managed assets. The externally managed specialist funds have been valued by the managers in accordance with the Australian Venture Capital Association Limited (AVCAL) guidelines. Internally managed assets have been valued by the Directors of Funds SA, either in accordance with market prices applicable at balance date, or having regard to market conditions and the current and expected future performance of the investments.

(iv) International Equities

The International Equities portfolio comprises two subsectors:

Listed International Equities

The listed international equities portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. Discretely managed portfolios have been valued by the custodian appointed to hold the assets using market prices applicable at the balance date. Investments in pooled international vehicles (other than private equity) have been valued in accordance with the exit valuations supplied by the managers. Currency conversions have been made at the spot market mid rates applicable at the balance date where applicable.

Private Equity

The international private equity portfolio comprises holdings in a number of externally managed specialist funds. These funds have been valued by the managers in accordance with National Venture Capital Association (NVCA) guidelines.

(v) Adelaide Plaza

The Adelaide Plaza Fund comprises Funds SA's investment in the Funds SA Subsidiary Holding Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Funds SA (refer Note 11 to the financial statements of Funds SA). The Funds SA Subsidiary Holding Corporation's remaining investments at 30 June comprise the units in the Riverside Office Trust, the shares in Riverside Office Pty Ltd (the trustee company for the Riverside Office Trust) and cash. Funds SA's investment in the Adelaide Plaza Fund has been valued by the Directors of Funds SA having regard to 30 June 2001 consolidated management accounts of the Funds SA Subsidiary Holding Corporation.

(vi) Australian Fixed Interest

The Australian Fixed Interest portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(vii) International Fixed Interest

The International Fixed Interest portfolio is invested and managed by external managers. The custodian appointed to hold the assets has valued the portfolio using market prices applicable at the balance date.

(viii) Cash

Deposits at call and other deposits of very short term duration have been valued on the basis of principal plus accrued interest. Bank bills have been valued using market rates applicable at balance date.

(ix) Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are shown at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, using straight line or diminishing value methods. The Directors of Funds SA are of the opinion that this provides a reasonable estimate of market value.

(x) Other Assets and Liabilities

These items have been assessed and the Directors of Funds SA are of the opinion that for most items, book values provide a reasonable estimate of their market values. Where material items are not likely to be realised within a short period following the balance date, the book values of these items have been discounted back to the balance date using relevant market interest rates applying on balance date.

3. Liability for Accrued Benefits

The accrued liabilities of the Police Superannuation Scheme and the Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme (POSS) as determined by the Department of Treasury and Finance are shown below.

For both the Old (Pension) and New (Lump Sum) Scheme Divisions the accrued liabilities are the present values of expected future benefit payments arising from membership of the Schemes up to 30 June 2000.

3. Liability for Accrued Benefits (continued)

The expected future benefit payments have been determined using the 30 June 1999 actuarial Scheme review assumptions relating to mortality, disability, withdrawal, preservation, and retirement. The review salary promotion scale has also been used, while general salary increases of 1.5 percent per annum above the level of increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) have been allowed for. In accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AAS 25 'Financial Reporting by Superannuation Plans', the expected future benefit payments have then been discounted to present values by a discount rate of 5 percent per annum above CPI. The corresponding assumptions used last year were general salary increases of 1 percent per annum above CPI and a discount rate of 4 percent per annum above CPI.

Accrued Liabilities 30 June 2000	Pension	Lump Sum	POSS	
	Scheme	Scheme	Employer	
	Division	Division	Account	Total
	\$'million	\$'million	\$'million	\$'million
Police Superannuation Fund	171.7	5.4	-	177.1
Police Employer Account	579.2	10.5	-	589.7
POSS Employer Account	<u></u> -	-	26.9	26.9
Total	750.9	15.9	26.9	793.7

The Scheme's accrued liabilities as at 30 June 2001 have been calculated using the data as at 30 June 2000 and the same assumptions as above.

Accrued Liabilities 30 June 2001 Police Superannuation Fund	Pension Scheme Division \$'million 179.7	Lump Sum Scheme Division \$'million 6.5	POSS Employer Account \$'million	Total \$'million 186.2
Police Employer Account	608.0	13.0	-	621.0
POSS Employer Account		-	29.6	29.6
Total	787.7	19.5	29.6	836.8

Pursuant to the *Police Superannuation Act 1990* actuarial reviews of the Police Superannuation Scheme must be conducted three yearly to address, inter alia, the ability of the Fund to meet its current and future liabilities. The review as at 30 June 1999 was carried out by Mr P Crump, FIAA of Buck Consultants. His report, dated 14 June 2000, to the Minister was tabled in Parliament on 4 July 2000. These reviews take account of assets held, future contributions to be received from members and future benefits to be paid by the Fund. In contrast, the purpose of the accrued liability calculations, which are made annually, is to estimate the value of future payments that can be attributed to service up to the date of the calculation. There is no direct relationship between the liability figures determined by those two assessments.

4. Vested Benefits

Vested benefits are benefits which are not conditional upon continued membership of the Police Superannuation Scheme and the Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme (or any factor other than resignation from the Schemes) and include benefits which members would be entitled to receive on termination of membership of the Schemes.

When members resign from the Police Superannuation Scheme, they have two options. Firstly they can elect to take cash refunds of their own contributions, accumulated with interest, together with preserved employer benefits as required by Commonwealth Superannuation Guarantee legislation. Alternatively they can elect to take fully vested, preserved benefits which will be based on their full accrued entitlements at the date of resignation and will be increased during preservation in line with increases in the CPI.

When members resign from the Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme, they are entitled to a preserved lump sum benefit.

The vested benefits shown below assume that all resignation benefits will be taken in the form of fully preserved benefits. The value of vested benefits have then been calculated using the same actuarial and economic assumptions as for the calculation of accrued benefits.

As for accrued benefits, vested benefits have been calculated as at 30 June 2000 and as at 30 June 2001.

Police Superannuation Fund Police Employer Account POSS Employer Account	Pension Scheme Division \$'million 150.0 515.4	Lump Sum Scheme Division \$'million 3.4 8.1	POSS Employer Account \$'million - - 23.8	Total \$'million 153.4 523.5 23.8
Total	665.4	11.5	23.8	700.7
Vested Danelite 20 June 2004				
Vested Benefits 30 June 2001 Police Superannuation Fund	Pension Scheme Division \$'million 157.0	Lump Sum Scheme Division \$'million 4.1	POSS Employer Account \$'million	Total \$'million 161.1
Police Superannuation Fund Police Employer Account POSS Employer Account	Scheme Division \$'million	Scheme Division \$'million	Employer Account \$'million	\$'million

5. Benefits which Accrued Between 30 June 1999 and 30 June 2000

Benefits accrued during the financial year 1999-2000 are measured as the sum of the net changes in the accrued liabilities over the year and the amount of benefits paid to beneficiaries during the year.

Benefits Accrued 1999-2000	Pension Scheme	Lump Sum Scheme	POSS Employer	
	Division	Division	Account	Total
	\$'million	\$'million	\$'million	\$'million
Police Superannuation Fund	(2.0)	0.5	-	(1.5)
Police Employer Account	(10.3)	0.5	-	(9.8)
POSS Employer Account		-	2.6	2.6
Total	(12.3)	1.0	2.6	(8.7)

6. Guaranteed Benefits

Members' benefit entitlements are set out in State Legislation under the Police Superannuation Act 1990.

7. Purchase of Additional Benefits

There are no provisions under the Police Superannuation Act 1990 for contributing members to purchase additional benefits.

8. Taxation

The Scheme is exempt from federal income tax and no income tax expense has been brought to account in these financial statements.

9. Administration

The Scheme's administration costs comprise of:

- costs incurred by Funds SA in administering the investment activities of the Fund and the Police Superannuation Scheme Contribution Account (Police Employer Contribution Account) and the Police Occupational Superannuation Scheme Account (POSS Employer Contribution Account);
- costs incurred by the Board in administering the Scheme.

Investment expenses and administration costs incurred by Funds SA are charged directly against the investment income of the Fund and the Employer Contribution Accounts.

Administration costs incurred by the Board are financed in the first instance by the Police Superannuation Scheme (the Scheme) from the 'Police Superannuation Scheme Employer Contribution Account' through a Special Deposit Account. Under the provisions of the Act, the Fund is required to meet a prescribed proportion, currently 30 percent, of the administration costs incurred by the Scheme. Administration costs incurred by the Scheme for 2000-01 amounted to \$365 000 (\$354 000) of which the Fund is required to reimburse \$109 000 (\$106 000) to the Scheme through the Employer Contribution Account.

Administration costs are apportioned between the Pension and Lump Sum Scheme Divisions on a cost per member basis.

10. Net GST Paid

As a result of the introduction of the GST on 1 July 2000, an additional line has been inserted into the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. This figure represents the GST paid on administration costs less any credits received from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) as the Scheme is entitled to a 75 percent refund on all GST paid. A refund is due from the ATO for the June 2001 quarter. The credit of \$7 000 has been disclosed as a debtor in the financial statements.

11. Members' Remuneration

Members' fees are set according to State Government guidelines for Statutory Authorities. Members who are State public sector employees, do not receive fees for their Board membership.

Total remuneration received or due and receivable by the members of the Board in 2000-01 was \$8 000 (\$8 000).

The number of Board members whose remuneration was within the following	2001	2000
bands are as follows:	Number of	Number of
	Members	Members
\$Nil	3	3
\$1 - \$10 000	2	2

12. Remuneration of Auditors

Amounts received or due and receivable by the Auditors for auditing the Accounts of the Board in 2000-01 total \$18 000 (\$17 000).

13. Additional Financial Instrument Disclosures

The specific disclosure requirements of Australian Accounting Standard AAS 33 'Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Instruments' are fully set out in the notes to the financial statements of Funds SA and have not been repeated in this financial report.

14. Assets

The interests of each Scheme in the unitised investment portfolio as at the balance date are:

		20	001			2000		
	Old	New	Police ⁽¹⁾	POSS ⁽¹⁾	Old	New	Police ⁽¹⁾	POSS ⁽¹⁾
	Scheme	Scheme	Employer	Employer	Scheme	Scheme	Employer	Employer
	Division	Division	Account	Account	Division	Division	Account	Account
INVESTMENTS:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Inflation linked securities	31 961	1 326	21 065	4 554	29 315	1 099	18 993	3 741
Property	22 573	937	14 878	3 217	20 114	754	13 032	2 567
Australian equities	88 315	3 663	58 206	12 586	82 241	3 082	53 284	10 495
International equities	84 641	3 511	55 785	12 062	89 636	3 359	58 075	11 439
Australian fixed interest	6 103	253	4 022	870	12 707	476	8 233	1 622
International fixed interest	6 057	251	3 992	863	-	-	-	-
Cash	1 305	54	860	186	3 860	145	2 501	493
Adelaide Plaza	-	-	4 021	870	-	-	11 794	2 323
Total Investments	240 955	9 995	162 829	35 208	237 873	8 915	165 912	32 680
OTHER ASSETS:								
Fixed assets	4		3	1	5		3	1
Cash and deposits at Treasury	801	105	986	215	907	83	1 410	'
GST receivable	(2)	103	18	3	907	- 03	1410	-
Income due and accrued	25	1	16	3	76	3	49	9
Prepaid expenses	3		2	1	5	-	3	1
Sundry debtors	13	1	239	; i	1	_	157	
Total Other Assets	844	107	1 264	224	994	86	1 622	11
Total Assets	241 799	10 102	164 093	35 432	238 867	9 001	167 534	32 691
Less: CURRENT LIABILITIES:								_
Rent paid in advance	71	3	46	10	68	3	44	9
Provisions	4	-	3	1	17	1	87	17
Sundry creditors	430	35	1 601	32	310	44	1 549	24
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES: (2)	1 669	69	1 100	238	1 890	71	1 225	241
Total Liabilities	2 174	107	2 750	281	2 285	119	2 905	291
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE TO								
PAY BENEFITS	239 625	9 995	161 343	35 151	236 582	8 882	164 629	32 400

Police Employer Account and POSS Employer Account

Change in Legislation for the 2001-02 Financial Year

The Police Superannuation (Miscellaneous) Amendment Act 2001 was passed by Parliament during 2000-01. Under this Act the benefits of the Police Occupational Scheme were merged into the Police Superannuation Scheme. The legislative changes came into operation on 1 July 2001 and for the 2001-02 financial year the net assets of the Police Employer Account and POSS Employer Account will be combined.

Bank Bill Facility

Non-current liabilities include the Scheme's portion of an arrangement entered into by Funds SA during 1993. Under the arrangement the future income stream arising from the long term lease to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) of the whole of a Hobart office property has been redirected to a syndicate of international banks. The redirection took the form of a concurrent lease of the property to the banks under which the banks received the right to the rental and fixed outgoings payments made by the ATO. The concurrent lease requires the banks to make rental payments to Funds SA equal in value to the payments receivable from the ATO. As part of the transaction, the banks provided a bank bill facility to Funds SA. Under a set-off agreement, the rental payments due to Funds SA under the concurrent lease are applied by the banks to service the bill facility. The amounts outstanding under the facility are predetermined and are capable of being fully serviced and repaid from the concurrent lease rentals.

15. **Changes in Net Assets**

Transactions within each Scheme are summarised below:

			2001			2000		
	Old	New	Police	POSS	Old	New	Police	POSS
	Scheme	Scheme	Employer	Employer	Scheme	Scheme	Employer	Employer
	Division	Division	Account	Account	Division	Division	Account	Account
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE TO PAY	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
BENEFITS AT 1 JULY	236 582	8 882	164 629	32 400	205 890	7 063	136 684	26 027
INVESTMENT REVENUE	7 479	304	5 487	1 177	34 348	1 243	34 517	4 535
OTHER INCOME	43	7	95	-	36	6	65	-
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSE	(97)	(12)	(256)	-	(94)	(12)	(248)	
GST EXPENSE	(2)	(1)	(6)	-	-	-	-	-
CONTRIBUTIONS:								
Contributions by employer	-	-	22 539	3 221	-	-	22 885	3 256
Contributions by members	6 193	968	-	-	6 213	959	-	-
	6 193	968	22 539	3 221	6 213	959	22 885	3 256
BENEFITS PAID:								
Pensions	(4 785)	(4)	(16 398)	-	(4 768)	(6)	$(16\ 342)$	-
Lump sums	(4 185)	(-)	(14 747)	(1 647)	(3.655)	(80)	(12932)	(1 418)
	(8 970)	(4)	(31 145)	(1 647)	(8 423)	(86)	(29 274)	(1 418)
REFUNDS TO MEMBERS:								
Contributions	(824)	(97)	-	-	(773)	(203)	-	-
Interest	(779)	(52)	-	-	(615)	(88)	-	-
	(1 603)	(149)	-	-	(1 388)	(291)	-	
NET INCREASE IN FUNDS	3 043	1 113	(3 286)	2 751	30 692	1 819	27 945	6 373
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE TO PAY								_
BENEFITS AT 30 JUNE	239 625	9 995	161 343	35 151	236 582	8 882	164 629	32 400
;								

16.

Benefit Payments

All benefit payments were met in the first instance from the Consolidated Account. The Treasurer, in turn, recouped the value of the employee share of benefits paid from the Police Superannuation Fund and the employer share from the Police Superannuation Scheme Contribution Account.

PENSIONS: Gross scheme costs	Old Scheme Division \$'000 21 173	New Scheme Division \$'000	POSS Scheme \$'000	Total \$'000 21 187	Old Scheme Division \$'000 21 096	2000 New Scheme Division \$'000 20	POSS Scheme \$'000	Total \$'000 21 116
Funded from: Police Superannuation Fund Police Superannuation Scheme	4 785	4	-	4 789	4 768	6	-	4 774
Contribution Account	16 388	10	-	16 398	16 328	14	-	16 342
	21 173	14	-	21 187	21 096	20	-	21 116
LUMP SUMS: Gross scheme costs	18 871	61	1 647	20 579	16 336	331	1 418	18 085
Funded from: Police Superannuation Fund Police Superannuation Scheme	4 185	-	-	4 185	3 655	80	-	3 735
Contribution Account POSS Scheme Contribution	14 686	61	-	14 747	12 681	251	-	12 932
Account	-	-	1 647	1 647	-	-	1 418	1 418
	18 871	61	1 647	20 579	16 336	331	1 418	18 085
RESIGNATION BENEFITS: Gross scheme costs:								
Contributions	824	97	-	921	773	203	-	976
Interest	779	52	-	831	615	88	-	703
	1 603	149	-	1 752	1 388	291	-	1 679
Funded from: Police Superannuation Fund	1 603	149	-	1 752	1 388	291	-	1 679