INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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To the members of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited (the company) for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended
 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2024
- notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information
- a Directors' Declaration for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General.

I confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Information other than the financial report and auditor's report

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 75 of the *Gaming Machines Act 1992*, I have audited the financial report of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors
- conclude on the appropriateness of the company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the directors about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Daniel O'Donohue

Assistant Auditor-General (Financial Audit)

3 September 2024

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	NOTE	2024 \$	2023 \$
REVENUES Monitoring Fees Interest Earned Game Testing Other Income		10,265,659 338,339 413,601 70,910	10,086,144 206,631 336,270 54,996
TOTAL REVENUES	4	11,088,509	10,684,041
EXPENSES Employee benefits expense Depreciation and amortisation expense Gamblers' rehabilitation contribution expense Sponsorship and charity donation expense Early intervention agencies expense Administration & other expenses TOTAL EXPENSES PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	11,12 5	1,703,596 1,058,031 2,000,000 231,207 2,277,612 2,829,154 10,099,600 988,909	1,682,446 1,748,486 1,999,998 511,878 2,118,708 2,708,248 10,769,764
Income tax expense	3	-	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE I	ENTITY	988,909 988,909	(85,723)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET	OF TAX	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		988,909	(85,723)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE ENTITY		988,909	(85,723)

INDEPENDENT GAMING CORPORATION LIMITED

A.B.N. 62 054 282 183

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

ASSETS	NOTE	2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Financial Assets Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors Prepayments Inventory	6 9 7 8	1,663,293 7,500,000 467,435 139,974 88,694	2,025,078 5,500,000 274,037 181,043 91,351
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		9,859,396	8,071,509
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, Plant and Equipment Intangible Assets	11 12	1,508,969 3,179,892	1,663,680 4,050,051
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		4,688,861	5,713,731
TOTAL ASSETS		14,548,257	13,785,240
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Other Payables Provision for Employee Benefits	14 15	363,854 365,025	637,977 291,060
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		728,879	929,037
NON-CURRENT LIABLITIES Provision for Employee Benefits	15	20,402	46,136
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		20,402	46,136
TOTAL LIABILITIES		749,281	975,173
NET ASSETS		13,798,976	12,810,067
EQUITY			
Capital Replacement Reserve Retained Earnings	2(c)	13,798,976 -	12,810,067 -
TOTAL EQUITY		13,798,976	12,810,067

Total equity is attributable to members of the entity
The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

		Retained Earnings \$		Capital placement Reserve \$		Total
Balance at 1 July 2022	1			12,895,790	1	2,895,790
Comprehensive Income						
Profit (Loss) attributable to the entity	(85,723)		-	(85,723)
Other comprehensive Income		-		-		-
Total Comprehensive Income	(85,723)		-	(85,723)
Transfers from Capital Replacement Reserve to Retained Earnings		85,723	(85,723)		-
Balance at 30 June 2023		-		12,810,067	1.	2,810,067
Comprehensive Income						
Profit (Loss) attributable to the entity		988,909		-		988,909
Other comprehensive Income		=		-		-
Total Comprehensive Income		988,909		-		988,909
Transfers to Capital Replacement Reserve from Retained Earnings	(988,909)		988,909		-
Balance at 30 June 2024	(0)		13,798,976	13	3,798,976

Total equity is attributable to members of the entity
The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	NOTE	2024 \$	2023 \$	
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Payments to Gamblers' Rehabilitation Fund Payments to Early Intervention Agencies Sponsorship and charity donation payments Interest received/sundry income GST payments/refunds to ATO		10,552,555 (3,395,228) (2,000,000) (2,277,612) (489,084) 342,255 (1,061,508)	10,371,086 (3,925,011 (1,999,998 (2,118,708 (507,781 129,827 (832,755)
Net Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	18 (b)	1,671,377	1,116,662	2
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments for plant and equipment Payments for intangible assets Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment Proceeds/(purchases) of financial assets (term deposits)		(33,162)	(447,886 - 159,372 (1,500,000	2
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		(2,033,162)	(1,788,514)_
Net increase(decrease) in cash held Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	6 19/al	(361,785) 2,025,078 1,663,293	(671,852 2,696,930 2,025,078	ί _
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the infalicial year	6, 18(a)	1,005,255	2,020,070	_

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

NOTE 1 COMPANY DETAILS

The Independent Gaming Corporation Limited is a company limited by guarantee. It is incorporated and operates in South Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is located at 80 Greenhill Road, Wayville SA 5034.

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are general-purpose financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures, including Australian Accounting Interpretations. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on the 30th August 2024.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. IGC's strong cash reserves will underwrite the on-going financial viability of the company.

The company's Income Statement, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Changes in Equity have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared on a cash basis.

These financial statements, which include the above-mentioned statements, have been prepared based upon a twelve month operating cycle and presented in Australian currency.

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described herein, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses. Where the estimates relate to future events, actual results may differ from these events. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and any revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised.

Accounting Policies

(a) Goods and Services Tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except:

- (i) when the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense or
- (ii) for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified as operating cash flows.

(b) Leases

Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised for leases of low value assets, being assets which have a value of \$15 000 or less, nor short-term leases, being those with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(c) Capital Replacement Reserve

The purpose of the Capital Replacement Reserve is to enable the accumulation of sufficient funds for the replacement of the Gaming Machine Monitoring System, associated hardware and software without excessive borrowings.

(d) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(e) New Accounting Standards

The company has assessed the impact of Australian Accounting Standards implemented, but not yet effective as immaterial. No Australian Accounting Standards have been early adopted.

NOTE 3 INCOME TAX

The Australian Taxation Office in a Private Ruling dated 29 June 2021 granted IGC exemption from income tax up until 30 June 2026.

NOTE 4 REVENUES	2024 \$	2023 \$
Licensed gaming machine sites Interest earned Game testing Other	10,265,659 338,339 413,601 70,910	10,086,144 206,631 336,270 54,996
Total Revenue	11,088,509	10,684,041

The monitoring of licensed gaming machine sites involves ongoing provisions of services, for which revenue is recognised over time as services are provided. Revenue from game testing is recognised when IGC completes testing of the specified machines.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

NOTE 5 ADMINISTRATION & OTHER EXPENSES	NOTE	2024 \$	2023 \$
Directors' fees and expenses		314,269	299,013
Telecommunication expense		809,657	806,681
Monitoring system maintenance expense		811,322	765,480
Occupancy expense		168,336	158,391
Insurance		69,054	67,117
Gaming site equipment maintenance expense		361,904	312,728
Disaster site operating expense		50,752	50,807
Auditor fees	10	93,679	94,221
Other expenses		150,181	153,810
Total Administration & Other Expenses		2,829,154	2,708,248
NOTE 6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2024 \$	2023 \$
Deposits at call		1,500,000	1,900,000
Cash at bank		161,893	123,678
Cash on hand		1,400	1,400
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,663,293	2,025,078
NOTE 7 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND OTHER DEE	BTORS	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Receivable and accrued monitoring fees		310,676	184,273
Accrued Interest		156,759	89,764
Total Current Accounts Receivable and other Debtors		467,435	274,037

(i) Credit Risk - Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors

The company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables.

Monitoring fees receivable and other receivables arise in the normal course of providing monitoring services to licensed venues. Receivables are normally settled within 30 days after the issue of an invoice.

It is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

Refer to note 19 for further information on risk management.

NOTE 8 INVENTORY	2024 \$	2023 \$
Inventory	88,694	91,351
Total Inventory	88,694	91,351

Inventories include goods held for use in the ordinary course of business. Inventories are measured at cost.

Inventory Expense

Inventories recognised as an expense during the year included \$15,087. The expense has been included in the administration & other expenses in the Income Statement.

NOTE 9 FINANCIAL ASSETS	2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT	*	*
Term Deposits (up to 12 months to maturity)	7,500,000	5,500,000
Total Current Financial Assets	7,500,000	5,500,000
NOTE 10 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2024	2023
External audit fees. Audit Fees paid/payable to the Audit Office of South Australia relating to work performed under the <i>Public</i> Finance and Audit Act 1987. No other services were provided by the Audit Office of South Australia.	\$ 52,004	\$ 50,496
Internal audit fees. Remuneration paid to CyberCX Pty Ltd for the internal audit of IGC's information systems.	41,675	43,725
Total Auditors' Remuneration	93,679	94,221

NOTE 11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND	EQUIPMEN'	T	2024 \$	2023 \$
NON-CURRENT			Ą	Φ
Land and Building (Greenhill Road) Freehold land at cost			288,000	288,000
Total Land			288,000	288,000
Building at cost Accumulated depreciation			1,198,141 (497,225)	1,198,141 (473,263)
Total Building			700,916	724,878
Total Land and Building			988,916	1,012,878
Plant and Equipment Plant and equipment at cost Accumulated depreciation			11,229,994 (10,709,941)	11,262,952 (10,612,150)
Total Plant and Equipment			520,053	650,802
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	t		1,508,969	1,663,680
Movement in carrying amount for Non-	Current Asse	ets:		
	Land	Building	P&E	Total

	Land	Building	P&E	Total
Balance at 1 July 2022	288,000	748,840	1,166,339	2,203,179
Additions at cost	-	-	449,626	449,626
Disposals	-	- (111,024)	(111,024)
Depreciation expense	-	(23,962) (854,139)	(878,101)
Balance at 30 June 2023	288,000	724,878	650,802	1,663,680
Additions at cost	-	-	35,426	35,426
Disposals	-	- (2,265)	(2,265)
Depreciation expense	-	(23,962) (163,910)	(187,872)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2024	288,000	700,916	520,053	1,508,969

Non Current Assets

(i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and impairment loss. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is reviewed annually to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows, which will be received from the assets' employment and subsequent disposal. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (excluding land) is calculated on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives.

The classes of property, plant and equipment and their expected useful lives are as follows:

Class of Fixed Asset	Expected Useful Life Years
Building	50
Plant and Equipment	
Monitoring System	5
Office Fit-out	10
Other plant and equipment	2 - 7

The assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if applicable, at each annual reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the income statement.

NOTE 12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2024 \$	2023 \$
Computer Software at cost Accumulated Amortisation	8,772,565 (5,592,673)	8,772,565 (4,722,514)
Total Intangible Assets	3,179,892	4,050,051
Movement in carrying amount for Intangible Assets:		
Balance at 1 July 2022 Additions Disposals Amortisation expense	4,920,448 - (12) (870,385)	
Balance at 30 June 2023 Additions Disposals Amortisation expense	4,050,051 - - (870,159)	
Carrying amount at 30 June 2024	3,179,892	

Intangible Assets

(i) Intangibles – Computer Software

Computer software has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

(ii) Amortisation of Intangible Assets

Amortisation on intangibles is calculated on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives. The estimated useful life is between two and ten years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

NOTE 13 CAPITAL WORKS IN PROGRESS

There are no new Capital Works in Progress, all prior Capital Works in Progress have been transferred to either Plant & Equipment or Intangible Assets.

NOTE 14 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT	·	•
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	273,138 90,716	290,547 347,430
Total Accounts Payable and Other Payables	363,854	637,977
NOTE 15 PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT		
Accrued salaries and wages	60,290	56,922
Liability for annual leave	116,534	100,540
Liability for long service leave	188,201	133,598
Total Current Provisions for Employee Benefits	365,025	291,060
NON-CURRENT		
Liability for long service leave	20,402	46,136
Total Non-Current Provisions for Employee Benefits	20,402	46,136
Total Provisions for Employee Benefits	385,427	337,196

(i) Salaries and Wages, Annual Leave

A liability is recognised in respect of benefits relating to accrued salaries and wages, annual leave (and related on-costs) arising from services rendered by employees to balance date.

These benefits are anticipated to be settled within one year and are measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

(ii) Long Service Leave

Liabilities arising in respect of long service leave expected to be settled within twelve months of balance date are measured at their nominal rates. All other long service leave entitlements are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Current long service leave reflects the unconditional portion of the liability, as IGC does not have the right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after reporting date. The remaining portion of the long service leave provision is classified as non-current.

(iii) Superannuation

Contributions are made by the company to the employee superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred. The company has no legal obligation to provide benefits to employees on retirement.

NOTE 16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel include Directors and the General Manager, who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the company.

Key management personnel compensation	2024 \$	202 3 \$
- short term benefits	555,796	535,385
- post employment benefits	57,368	52,252
Total Compensation	613,164	587,637

(b) Other information pertaining to material related party transactions

(i) Members

During the 2023-24 financial year, no expenses were incurred by IGC with the Australian Hotels Association or the Licensed Club's Association of South Australia.

(ii) <u>Directors</u>

During the year, Mr D Basheer and Mr M Binns had a direct financial interest in one or more hotels that have a contract for monitoring services with the company. The value of those services provided by the company was \$67,211 and \$65,318 respectively. Mr C Taylor is a senior employee of a licensed club that has a contract for monitoring services with the company. The value of those services provided by the company was \$38,406. Mr J Kernahan is a Director of Club One that has 103 entitlements assigned to gaming machines. The value of those services provided by the company is estimated to be \$95,658.

The contracts are on normal commercial terms and on the same basis as the contracts for monitoring services that are in place for all gaming machine sites. All fees quoted above in relation to Directors' related party transactions are inclusive of GST.

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit as a result of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or a related body corporate with the Director, a firm of which the Director is a Member or an entity in which the Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Key Management Personnel as shown in the company's accounts as Note 16(a) to the accounts.

NOTE 17 UNRECOGNISED COMMITMENTS

(a) Maintenance Monitoring Systems	2024 \$	2023 \$
Payable - not later than one year - later than one year but not later than three years - later than three years	501,046 501,048	501,046 1,002,094 -
	1,002,094	1,503,140

IGC has entered into a systems maintenance agreement with LNW (Light and Wonder) for the SG-Video Monitoring System which expires on 30 June 2026.

(b) Automated Risk Monitoring (ARM) Systems	2024	2023
Maintenance Agreement	\$	\$
Payable - not later than one year - later than one year but not later than three years - later than three years	67,436 67,436 - 134,872	67,436 134,872 - 202,308

IGC has entered into a systems maintenance agreement with LNW for the ARM maintenance agreement which expires on 30 June 2026.

(c) Maintenance BNA/TiTo Systems Maintenance Agreement	2024 \$	2023 \$
Payable - not later than one year - later than one year but not later than three years - later than three years	120,000 120,000	120,000 240,000 -
	240,000	360,000

IGC has entered into a systems maintenance agreement with LNW for the BNA/TiTo maintenance which expires on 30 December 2026.

(d) Gamblers' Rehabilitation Fund Budget

Although there is no contractual requirement, an amount of \$2 million has been allowed for in 2024/25 to be paid to the Gamblers' Rehabilitation Fund. An amount of \$2 million has been paid to the fund in 2023/24.

(e) Programme for Problem Gambling Early Intervention

Although there is no contractual requirement, IGC has committed to fund the initiatives of the AHA and LCA for their respective early intervention programmes for problem gamblers. The Board approved an amount of \$2,391,493 to be paid during the 2024/25 year to the Industry's Early Intervention for Problem Gambler's Initiative Programme.

NOTE 18 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	2024 \$	2023 \$
For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, Cash and Cash Equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank and deposits at call.	Ψ	4
(a) Cash at end of year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is represented in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents per Statement of Cash Flows	1,663,293	2,025,078
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents per Statement of Financial Position	1,663,293	2,025,078
(b) Reconciliation of Profit/(Loss) after income tax to net cash provided by / (used in) operating activites		
Profit/(Loss) after income tax Non-cash flows	988,909	(85,723)
Depreciation and Amortisation Gain on disposal of Non-Current Assets	1,058,031 -	1,748,486 (50,076)
Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other debtors Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other payables Increase (decrease) in employee benefits (Increase) decrease in prepayments (Increase) decrease in inventory	(193,398) (274,123) 48,231 41,070 2,657	(132,602) (294,726) (7,453) (33,170) (28,075)
Net Cash provided by/(used in) Operating Activities	1,671,377	1,116,662

NOTE 19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company's financial instruments consist of deposits at bank, term deposits, accounts receivable and other debtors, accounts payable and other payables. The company does not have any derivative instruments as at 30 June 2024.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value less transactions costs.

Financial assets (term deposits) have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Receivables and payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The total for each category of financial instrument are as follows:

Financial Assets	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,663,293	2,025,078
Accounts receivable and other debtors *	7	467,435	274,037
Term deposits (at cost)	9	7,500,000	5,500,000
Total Financial Assets		9,630,728	7,799,115
Financial Liabilities			
Financial liabilities (at cost) Accounts payable and other payables *	14	89,655_	404,931
Total Financial Liabilities		89,655	404,931

^{*} Receivables and payables amounts disclosed have excluded amounts relating to rights or obligations that have their source in legislation such as levy recoverables/payables, audit fees, tax equivalents and Commonwealth tax including Goods & Services Tax (GST).

Specific Financial Risk Exposure and Management

The main risks exposed through the company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk relating to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

The company does not have any material credit risk exposure as the major source of revenue is the receipt of monitoring fees. These fees are received weekly which minimises credit risk.

The company has no significant concentration of credit risk exposure to any single receivable under financial instruments.

Liquidity Risk

The company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows. Management enters into term deposits to reflect their expectation of the timing of realisation to match the forecast cash flows.

Financial liability maturity analysis

Accounts payable and other payables are due for payment within one year, as at 30 June 2024 amount outstanding is \$89,655, as at 30 June 2023 the amount was \$404,931.

Market Risk - Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risks arise on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rate will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments.

Market Risk - Foreign currency

The systems maintenance agreement with LnW for IGC's GMMS includes a foreign exchange clause which provides for a 10% increase or decrease in maintenance expenses should the \$US/\$AUS fluctuate beyond 10% either side of the exchange rate which existed at the time the agreement was executed.

Sensitivity analysis

Due to the nature and value of the financial instruments held by the company, sensitivity analysis has not been provided. Financial instruments are secured at fixed rates and therefore not sensitive to rate variables.

Net Fair Values

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position at balance date represent fair value.

NOTE 20 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Board and management effectively manage the entity's capital by assessing the entity's financial risks and responding to changes in these risks.

As at 30 June 2024, the company had no borrowings.

There have been no changes to the strategy adopted by the Board and management to control the capital of the entity since the previous year.

NOTE 21 CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

There are no known contingent assets or liabilities.

NOTE 22 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING YEAR

There are no known events after balance date that affect these financial statements.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The Directors of the company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the year ended on that date
- 2. in the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:

C. Taylor

Deputy Chairman

Dated this

30th day of August 2024